Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended

December 31, 2019

Prepared by:

Finance Department



# FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. <u>INTRODUCTORY SECTION</u>
Page
Letter of Transmittali-v
GFOA Certificate of Achievementvi
Organizational Chartvii
List of Principal Officialsviii
II. <u>FINANCIAL SECTION</u>
Independent Auditor's Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis4-20
Basic Financial Statements:
Government-wide Financial Statements:
Statement of Net Position
Statement of Activities
Fund Financial Statements:
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
Net Position of Governmental Activities25
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund
Balances - Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
General Fund – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual28 and 29
Fire Special Revenue Fund – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net
Position – Proprietary Funds
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds
Notes to the Financial Statements36-78
Required Supplementary Information:
Schedule of Changes in the County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios79
Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios80
Schedule of County Contributions
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:
Major Governmental Funds:
2017 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax – Capital Projects Fund –
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual82
2013 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax – Capital Projects Fund –
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual
General Capital Projects Fund –
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual 84

# FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

II. FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)	
<del></del>	<b>Page</b>
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: (Continued)	
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-major Governmental Funds	85
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Non-major Governmental Funds	
Debt Service Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-major Special Revenue Funds	88
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Non-major Special Revenue Funds	89
Special Revenue Funds – Schedule of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
Non-major Special Revenue Funds:	
Prison Inmate Benefit Special Revenue Fund	
Jail Inmate Benefit Special Revenue Fund	
911 Special Revenue Fund	
Law Library Special Revenue Fund	
Animal Control Special Revenue Fund	
Hotel/Motel Special Revenue Fund	95
Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund	
Emergency Management Special Revenue Fund	
Stadium Maintenance Special Revenue Fund	
Work Release Inmate Benefit Special Revenue Fund	99
800 MHz Communication Special Revenue Fund	
Rome/Floyd County Parks and Recreation Authority Special Revenue Fund	
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-major Capital Projects Funds	102
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Non-major Capital Projects Funds	103
Capital Projects Funds – Schedule of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
Non-major Capital Projects Funds:	
2009 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund	
2003 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund	
1996 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund	106
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	107
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position –	
Internal Service Funds	108
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	110
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	111-113
Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds1	14 and 115
Balance Sheet - Component Unit - Development Authority of Floyd County	116
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Component Unit	
Development Authority of Floyd County	117

# FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

# III. STATISTICAL SECTION

	<b>Page</b>
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	118
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	121
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	122
Tax Revenue by Source, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Principal Property Taxpayers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years	130
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt, General Obligation Bonds	131
Pledged Revenue Coverage Water System Bonds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Top Ten Water Customers	133
Water Demand – Last Ten Fiscal Years	134
Water Customers - Last Ten Fiscal Years	135
Water Rates and Fees - Last Ten Fiscal Years	136
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	137
Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	138
Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by	
Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years	139
Operating Indicators by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	140
Capital Assets Statistics by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Insurance in Force	142
Miscellaneous Statistical Information	143

# **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

The introductory section includes a transmittal letter from the County Manager, Assistant County Manager/Comptroller, and Finance Director, the GFOA Certificate of Achievement awarded for the prior year's financial report, a general government organizational chart, and a list of principal officials.



# **BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS**

TWELVE EAST 4<sup>TH</sup> AVENUE, SUITE 209 • ROME, GEORGIA 30161 PHONE: 706.291.5110 • FAX: 706.291.5248 • www.romefloyd.com

June 25, 2020

The Honorable Scotty Hancock, Chair Members of the Floyd County Board of Commissioners and Citizens of Floyd County, Georgia

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year, unless an extension has been approved, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP); and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Floyd County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Floyd County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Floyd County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Floyd County financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, have audited the County's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of the Government**

Floyd County is located in the northwest portion of Georgia. It is considered the economic hub of this region. The county occupies a land area of 514 square miles and serves a population of 98,498. The County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

In 1917, an Act was approved by the Georgia General Assembly creating the Board of Commissioners of Floyd County. The County has been operating under a county manager form of government since 1983. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the Board of Commissioners consisting of five commissioners elected at-large on a partisan basis. The commissioners serve four-year staggered terms. The Board of Commissioners is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the government's manager, attorney, and auditors. The County Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the County Commission, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments.

Floyd County provides a full range of services, including police protection; maintenance of roads and other infrastructures; court services; jail and prison; and solid waste collection. Through joint agreements with the City of Rome, fire protection, planning, building inspection, E911, emergency management, recycling, recreation, and animal welfare services are provided countywide. Floyd County also operates a water treatment system.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Floyd County's financial planning and control. All departments of the County are required to submit requests for appropriation to the County Manager, who in turn shall submit a recommended budget for the Board of Commissioners to review by the third Wednesday in November. The Board of Commissioners may then hold a budget hearing with each department. After holding a public hearing on the proposed budget, the final budget must be adopted no later than January 31<sup>st</sup> of each year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and by department. Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department with the exception of salaries, travel & training, and equipment. Transfers of appropriations to salaries, travel & training or equipment line items, however, require the special approval of the County Manager or Assistant County Manager/Comptroller. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in a report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Conditions**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Floyd County operates. During 2019, the county's financial condition was not impacted significantly by any financial policies.

Local Economy. Floyd County experienced a gradual increase in the local economy during the fiscal year of 2019. During 2019, Floyd County saw its total tax digest have a modest increase. The County's unemployment rate is down .7% to 3.7% for 2019 and sales tax collections increased in 2019 by 8.9%, when compared to 2018. As Floyd County experiences the COVID-19 pandemic, just like everyone else across the country, the local adverse impact has been extremely low to this point. Local Option Sales Tax is down 1.9% in 2020 through the April collections. However, if not for an audit adjustment and sales tax repayment in January 2020 by the Department of Revenue, Floyd County would have an increase in collections in 2020 over 2019. April 2020 was the first month the County experienced any slow down due to the pandemic. The collection in April 2020 was 4.1% less than April 2019. Many communities across the country are experiencing a far more drastic decline in sales tax collections. We will continue to monitor the impact this pandemic has on our local economy and the County will make the necessary adjustments in our FY 2020 budget.

Economic development has proven to be a great investment for Floyd County in 2019. The Rome Floyd County Development Authority, the Floyd County Development Authority and the Gordon Floyd Joint Development Authority continue to work together to market Floyd County and promote growth to new and existing industries alike. Georgia Pacific invested \$30,000,000 to increase their capacity, while International Paper's investment of \$150,000,000 allowed them to retain 500 jobs. Heritage Sleep Concepts moved and expanded into a new location, investing over \$2,400,000 into the facility and creating 30 new jobs. The property purchased by Southeastern Mills in 2018 became the location of their new 137,250 square foot distribution center in 2019. Ball Corporation released their option on the property in the regional industrial park, but then announced two different projects on property they already owned. The first project was the construction of a new 250,000 square foot facility to manufacture a new aluminum cup that included a \$217,800,000 investment and 145 new jobs. Construction began in 2019 and should be completed in 2020. The second project was an expansion to increase capacity in their existing metal beverage facility, investing another \$64,000,000 and creating another 42 new jobs. This project should also be completed in 2020. Additionally, Marglen Industries announced an expansion to their facility that would see an investment of \$17,000,000 and an increase in their workforce of 20 new jobs. The final announcement for 2019 was Kerry Foods. Kerry had located in a former Southeastern Mills facility and planned a renovation that would require an investment of \$120,000,000 and the creation of 46 new jobs. The Rome Floyd County Development Authority hired a new director and held a strategic planning session to guide the future of economic development. Expectations are that 2020 will continue to be productive.

Floyd County, and the cities of Rome and Cave Spring, have invested in 2019, approximately \$5,486,971 in capital projects and capital equipment from funds collected through the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST). These projects range from airport improvements, jail improvements, investment in economic development property, and baseball stadium improvements, as well as projects managed by the cities of Rome and Cave Spring.

**Long Term Outlook.** Floyd County has seen some improvements in the economy continuing at a modest level. We have seen a positive indicator with a tax digest increase. Requests for information on industrial recruitment continue to occur. However, due to the pandemic, the inquiries have slowed. Housing starts continued to increase in 2019 and we are hopeful this sector of our local economy will improve in the near future. Since Floyd County has a very diverse economic base, so far we are handling the impact of the pandemic with only small adverse impacts locally.

**Single Audit.** As a recipient of federal, state, and county financial assistance, Floyd County is responsible for ensuring an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by the County's management.

Expenditures of federal awards were below the \$750,000 threshold for the year ended December 31, 2019, and, subsequently, the County was not required to have a Single Audit in accordance with Uniform Guidance.

**Risk Management.** All claims associated with workers' compensation self-insured fund are recorded in the Workers' Compensation Fund. A third-party administrator handles the processing of all workers' compensation claims. These claims totaled \$1,232,393 in 2019.

Floyd County is also self-funded for health insurance claims. Blue Cross Blue Shield of Georgia and Cigna are the third-party administrators for this plan during 2019. Health insurance claims in 2019 totaled \$7,550,691, which represents a decrease of \$423,673 from 2018.

#### **Other Information**

**Independent Audit.** Georgia Code requires an annual audit of the books of account, financial records, and transactions of all administrative departments of the county by independent certified public accountants selected by the Floyd County Board of Commissioners. This requirement has been met and the auditor's unqualified opinion has been included in this report.

**Awards.** The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the county for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. In order to earn a Certificate of Achievement, the County published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements. We are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

## Acknowledgments

The preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report could not have been accomplished without the dedication and contributions of the entire finance department staff, the auditors for the County, and the cooperation of the various elected officials and appointed management.

In closing, we also wish to acknowledge the valuable contribution of the Board of Commissioners. Their guidance and leadership in conducting the financial affairs of Floyd County in a responsible and progressive manner is greatly appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

Jamie A. McCord

Lary a. Burkhalter

Gary A. Burkhalter

Assistant County Manager/Comptroller

Susie Gass, CPA

Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

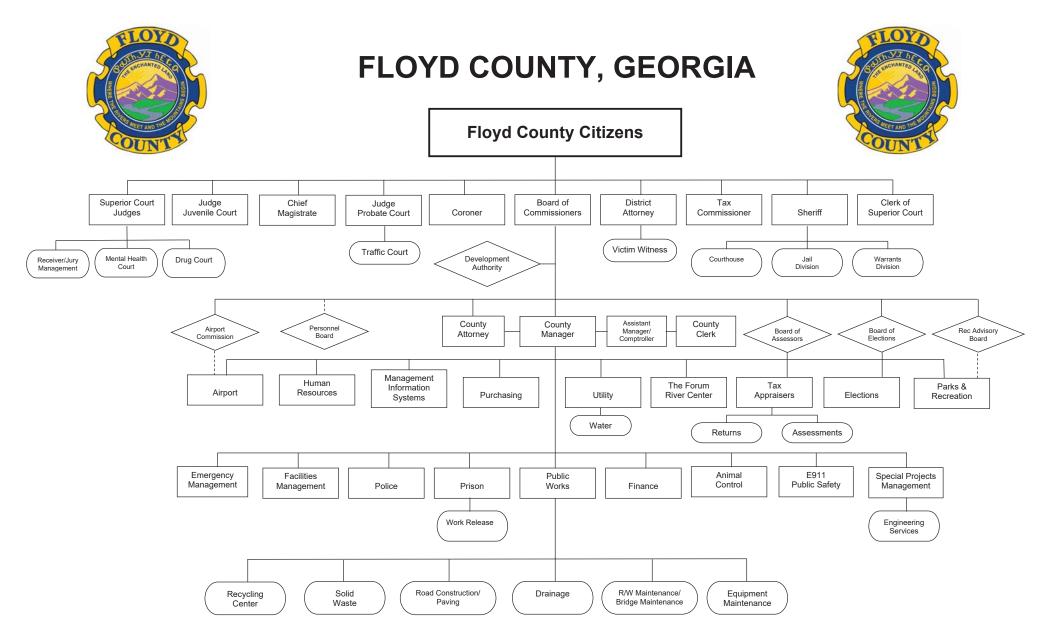
# Floyd County Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**December 31, 2018** 

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS December 31, 2019

# **2019**BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Scotty HancockChairWright BagbyVice-ChairRhonda WallaceAt-LargeLarry MaxeyAt-LargeAllison WattersAt-Large

# **COUNTY ADMINISTRATION**

Jamie McCord County Manager

Gary A. Burkhalter Assistant County Manager/Comptroller

Susie Gass, CPA Finance Director

Jennie Leonard Assistant Finance Director

Erin Elrod County Clerk
The Hoyt Firm County Attorney

# **FINANCIAL SECTION**

The financial section includes the independent auditor's report on the financial statement audit, the MD&A which provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the financial statements, the basic financial statements including footnotes, combining and individual fund presentations, and supplementary information.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners of Floyd County, Georgia Rome, Georgia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Floyd County**, **Georgia** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Floyd County Health Department, which represents 55 percent and 99 percent, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Floyd County Health Department, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

# Auditor's Responsibility (continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Floyd County, Georgia as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Fire Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 4 through 20), the schedule of changes in the County's total OPEB liability and related ratios (page 79), the schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios (on page 80), and the schedules of County contributions (on page 81) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Matters

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Floyd County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, as required by the Official Code of Georgia 48-8-121, and introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2020, on our consideration of Floyd County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia June 25, 2020

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements prepared by the County's Finance Director.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of the Floyd County, Georgia (County) comprehensive annual financial report, the County's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. The County's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section. Additional information is available in the transmittal letter, which precedes Management's Discussion and Analysis. The discussion focuses on the County's primary government and, unless otherwise noted, component units reported separately from the primary government are not included.

# **Financial Highlights**

- The County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$267,717,806 (net position) for the fiscal year reported. This compares to the previous year when total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$273,223,379.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
  - (1) Net investment in capital assets of \$229,613,692 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
  - (2) Net position of \$31,839,201 is restricted by constraints imposed from outside the County such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations.
  - (3) Unrestricted net position of \$6,264,913 represents the portion available to maintain the County's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$50,318,403 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$43,972,686 showing an increase of \$6,345,717 during the current year. Total Assets increased \$4,550,688. Cash decreased \$2,066,207 compared to 2018 with a decrease of \$2,169,912 in the General Fund and an increase of \$946,055 in the Fire Fund. Other governmental funds had a decrease in cash of \$842,762 due to an increase in SPLOST funds and a decrease in other governmental funds. There is a decrease in accounts receivable of \$324,333 compared to 2018. This is largely due to a decrease in the amounts due from telephone companies in E911. Restricted Cash increased \$7,276,981 due to the difference in 2013 & 2017 SPLOST collections and expenditures. Total Liabilities decreased \$1,493,131. Accounts/Accrued payables decreased \$2,277,089 because the fiscal year 2019 pension payment was paid in fiscal year 2019 while the fiscal year 2018 pension payment wasn't paid until fiscal year 2019.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$12,160,384, or 25% of total General Fund expenditures. This is a decrease of \$1,022,717 from 2018.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The County also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The County's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the County-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the County's assets, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the County would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of the County's infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the County's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the County's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the County's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the County that are principally supported by taxes and user charges from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, judicial, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and economic development. Business-type activities include the water system, the Forum River Center, the airport, the recycling center and the County's interest in the joint venture with the City of Rome. The County's fiduciary activities simply hold resources temporarily for others and are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund County programs.

The County's financial reporting includes the funds of the County (primary government) and, additionally, organizations for which the County is accountable (component units). These component units operate independently or provide services directly to the citizens, though the County remains accountable for their activities. These component units are governed by a board of directors. These organizations, such as the County Health Department and the Development Authority of Floyd County, are reported separately from the primary government though included in the County's overall reporting entity.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 21-23 of this report.

## Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the County's most significant funds rather than the County as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The County has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the County's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the basic financial statements for the General Fund and Fire Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules for special revenue funds and the capital project funds can be found in a later section of this report. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the County's adopted and final revised budget.

The basic governmental funds financial statements are presented on pages 24-30 of this report.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the County charges customers a fee. There are two kinds of proprietary funds. These are enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the County organization such as the water system, the Forum River Center, the airport and the recycling center. The internal service funds provide services and charge fees to customers (i.e., other funds) within the County organization. The County's internal service funds provide the County with health insurance and workers' compensation. Because the County's internal service funds exclusively serve governmental functions, they are included within the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund statements and statements for discretely presented component units (reporting is similar to proprietary funds) provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail for major enterprise funds and individual component units. Individual fund information for the internal service funds and non-major enterprise funds is found in combining and individual fund statements in a later section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 31-34 of this report and component unit financial statements are presented on pages 116 and 117.

Fiduciary funds (i.e., the agency funds) are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements, but are excluded from the government-wide reporting. Fiduciary fund financial statements report resources that are not available to fund County programs. Fiduciary fund financial statements report similarly to proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement is presented on page 35 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 36-78 of this report.

# Other Information

Other supplementary information includes detail by fund and component unit for receivables, payables, transfers, and payments within the reporting entity. Major funds and component units are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds and the internal service funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report on pages 82-109.

The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

The County's net position at year-end is \$267,717,806. This is a \$5,505,573 decrease from last year's net position of \$273,223,379. The following table provides a summary of the County's net position:

# **Summary of Net Position**

		Government	tal Activities		Business Activities			Total		Percentage of Total	
		2019	2018		2019	2018		2019	2018	2019	2018
Assets:				_			_				_
Current and											
other assets	\$	57,512,271	\$ 53,954,974	\$	15,668,756 \$	15,243,206	\$	73,181,027 \$	69,198,180	23%	22%
Capital assets		182,259,906	198,093,199		56,909,910	50,839,044	_	239,169,816	248,932,243	77%	78%
Total assets		239,772,177	252,048,173		72,578,666	66,082,250		312,350,843	318,130,423	100%	100%
Deferred outflows											
of resources:											
Deferred charges											
on refunding		195,263	209,211		18,842	-		214,105	209,211	1%	3%
Pension related items		11,397,572	4,714,270		-	-		11,397,572	4,714,270	91%	83%
OPEB related items		980,646	785,130		-	-		980,646	785,130	8%	14%
Total deferred outflows											
of resources:		12,573,481	5,708,611		18,842	-	_	12,592,323	5,708,611	100%	100%
Liabilities:											
Current liabilities		8,173,381	9,785,280		2,705,681	2,699,030		10,879,062	12,484,310	19%	26%
Long-term											
liabilities		38,473,517	26,890,778		6,939,623	8,549,596		45,413,140	35,440,374	81%	74%
Total liabilities		46,646,898	36,676,058		9,645,304	11,248,626		56,292,202	47,924,684	100%	100%
Deferred inflows											
of resources:											
Fair value change of											
of derivatives		691,706	578,629		-	-		691,706	578,629	74%	22%
Deferred revenue -											
intergovernmental		-	430,042		-	-		_	430,042	0%	15%
Pension related items		-	1,682,300		-	-		-	1,682,300	0%	63%
OPEB related items		241,452	-		-	-		241,452	-	26%	0%
Total deferred inflows											
of resources:	_	933,158	2,690,971		-	-		933,158	2,690,971	100%	100%
Net position:											
Net investment											
in capital assets		179,054,257	195,055,820		50,559,435	42,708,318		229,613,692	237,764,138	86%	87%
Restricted		25,399,403	18,486,494		6,439,798	8,823,015		31,839,201	27,309,509	12%	10%
Unrestricted		311,942	4,847,441		5,952,971	3,302,291		6,264,913	8,149,732	2%	3%
Total net position, restated	\$	204,765,602	\$ 218,389,755	\$	62,952,204 \$	54,833,624	\$	267,717,806 \$	273,223,379	100%	100%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Current and other assets in Governmental Activities had an increase of \$3,557,297 from the prior year. Total cash & investments increased \$3,829,496 with an increase in the Fire Fund of \$946,055 due to an increased Insurance Premium Tax distribution. There is also an increase in both the 2013 SPLOST and 2017 SPLOST of \$7,276,981 combined due to the timing of capital outlay. Offsetting these increases is a decrease in General Fund cash of \$2,169,912 due to the pension payment made for fiscal year 2019. The payment for fiscal year 2018 was previously made after year end. Capital Projects Fund cash decreased \$442,750 due to capital outlay purchases. Other governmental funds also had a decrease of \$842,762 due to a decrease in the Health Insurance Fund related to increased claims cost. Accounts receivable, net of allowance, decreased \$286,159. Internal balances decreased \$401,467 largely due to a decrease in amounts due from Water to 2013 SPLOST and Recycling to the General Fund.

Governmental capital assets decreased by \$15,833,293. The decrease is due to the net change in current year additions to assets of \$4,293,431 and current year additions to accumulated depreciation of \$12,720,470 along with current year deductions to capital assets of \$9,074,302 and to accumulated depreciation of \$1,668,048.

Governmental deferred outflows increased \$6,864,870. For 2019, the deferred outflows for pension related items increased \$6,683,302. For 2019, OPEB related items increased \$195,516.

Governmental Activities total liabilities increased \$9,970,840 from 2018. Accounts payable decreased \$2,262,249 due to the timing of the pension payment. Retainage payable decreased \$298,914. Claims payable increased \$1,009,514 largely due to an increase in the reserves for workers' compensation. The net pension liability for 2019 increased \$12,044,712 due to changes in the pension plan.

Governmental deferred inflows decreased \$1,757,813. Pension related items decreased \$1,682,300 for 2019.

The Total Net Position for Governmental Activities decreased by approximately 6.2% during 2019.

In the Business Activities, total assets increased by \$6,496,416. This is due to an increase in accounts receivable, net of allowance, of \$462,692 and an increase in capital assets of \$6,070,866. Due from other governments decreased \$412,267 due to the timing of a Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) loan draw request in 2018. Total liabilities decreased by \$1,603,322. Accounts payable increased \$169,301. Notes and bonds payable decreased \$1,837,157.

The County continues to maintain a more than adequate current ratio. The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio for Governmental Activities is 7.0 to 1 and 5.8 to 1 for business-type activities. For the County overall, the current ratio is 6.7 to 1.

Note that approximately 87% of the governmental activities' net position is tied up in capital. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. Also, with business-type activities, the County has spent approximately 80% of its net position on capital. Capital assets in the business-type activities provide water services, operate the Forum River Center, a regional airport, and a recycling center. Eighty-five percent of the County's total net position is included in capital assets.

**FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA** *Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019* 

# **Summary of Changes in Net Position**

			Summar,	, 01 (	manges in Tee	100	111011					Percer	ntage
	Gov	ernmental	Activities		Business A	Activ	vities	Total		of To	-		
Revenues:	201		2018		2019	1001	2018	_	2019	ш	2018	2019	2018
Program:							2010						
Charges for Services	\$ 10.	524,832 \$	10,470,420	\$	9,471,078	\$	8,870,175	\$	19,995,910	\$	19,340,595	21%	22%
Operating grants and contributions		539,102	4,366,166		119,397		167,606		4,758,499		4,533,772	5%	5%
Capital grants and contributions		763,236	1,696,693		, -		81,800		2,763,236		1,778,493	3%	2%
General:													
Property taxes	36,9	988,985	35,219,895		-		-		36,988,985		35,219,895	39%	40%
Sales taxes	23,9	929,104	22,380,385		-		-		23,929,104		22,380,385	25%	25%
Hotel/Motel taxes		105,944	101,429		-		-		105,944		101,429	0%	0%
Insurance premium taxes	4,0	061,734	3,788,565		-		-		4,061,734		3,788,565	4%	4%
Other taxes	1,4	478,891	1,402,046		-		-		1,478,891		1,402,046	2%	2%
Interest Earned	,	251,709	209,128		235,918		171,828		487,627		380,956	1%	0%
Gain on sale of capital assets		-	-		56,197		11,388		56,197		11,388	0%	0%
Other		181,505	204,955		-		-		181,505		204,955	0%	0%
Total revenues	84,9	925,042	79,839,682		9,882,590		9,302,797		94,807,632		89,142,479	100%	100%
Program Expenses:													
General government	17,4	147,377	17,166,157		-		-		17,447,377		17,166,157	17%	19%
Judicial	7,3	357,766	7,059,371		-		-		7,357,766		7,059,371	7%	7%
Public safety	39,3	334,721	37,556,308		-		-		39,334,721		37,556,308	39%	41%
Public works	13,	788,401	13,646,822		-		-		13,788,401		13,646,822	14%	14%
Health and welfare	1,0	)50,588	990,112		-		-		1,050,588		990,112	2%	1%
Culture and recreation	9,	784,526	5,199,560		-		-		9,784,526		5,199,560	10%	6%
Housing and development	1,4	141,672	1,483,771		-		-		1,441,672		1,483,771	1%	2%
Interest	:	344,546	316,085		-		-		344,546		316,085	0%	0%
Water		-	-		6,172,506		5,642,649		6,172,506		5,642,649	6%	6%
Forum River Center		-	-		1,289,972		1,059,208		1,289,972		1,059,208	1%	1%
Airport		-	-		1,516,716		1,610,534		1,516,716		1,610,534	2%	2%
Recycling		-	-		784,414		604,506		784,414		604,506	1%	1%
Total expenses		549,597	83,418,186		9,763,608		8,916,897		100,313,205		92,335,083	100%	100%
Excess (deficiency)		524,555)	(3,578,504)		118,982		385,900		(5,505,573)		(3,192,604)		
Transfers	(7,9	999,598)	(2,181,614)		7,999,598		2,181,614		-		-		
Changes in net position	(13,0	524,153)	(5,760,118)		8,118,580		2,567,514		(5,505,573)		(3,192,604)		
Beginning net position	218,	389,755	224,149,873		54,833,624		52,266,110		273,223,379		276,415,983		
Ending net position	\$ 204,	765,602 \$	218,389,755	\$	62,952,204	\$	54,833,624	\$	267,717,806	\$	273,223,379		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

## **Governmental Activities Revenues and Expenses**

The revenues of the County's governmental activities increased in primarily three categories, the capital grants, the property taxes, and sales tax. The County received one-time funding for road projects which increased capital grant revenues by \$1,066,543 compared to 2018. The property tax increased by \$1,769,090 compared to 2018 due to an increase in the digest for 2019. The collection rate for 2019 was 99%. The sales tax revenues increased by \$1,548,719 compared to 2018.

The governmental activities expenses increased by \$7,131,411 compared to 2018. The majority of this increase was noted in the fund level for the governmental funds and is discussed on the following pages. Additionally, the County experienced an increase in the pension expense from the County's pension plan of \$2,492,352.

# **Business-type Activities Revenues and Expenses**

Business-type activities reported an increase in net position of \$8,118,580. The transfers in from governmental activities, which was primarily capital asset transfers, was \$7,999,598. The charges for services increased \$600,903, which was due to the number of water customers increasing by 104 over 2018, and a change in the estimate for the estimated allowance on doubtful accounts.

#### **Financial Analysis of the County's Funds**

#### Governmental funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements.

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$17,794,471. Of this year-end total, \$12,160,384 is unassigned, indicating availability for continuing County service requirements. Restricted fund balances include: \$372,362 for the jail surcharge which is set aside for expenditures for public safety needs as required by the State of Georgia statutes; \$723,417 for the Metro Task Force; \$16,557 for supplemental juvenile services; \$168,491 for probation drug funds; and \$15,390 for law enforcement activities. Nonspendable fund balances include: \$433,900 for prepaid items and \$315,820 set aside for inventory.

The General Fund expenditures increased \$3,137,094 in 2019 from the previous year.

1. The General Government category increased slightly by \$162,582 during 2019. Salaries and wages increased \$147,608 compared to 2018. Merit based raises were 0-2% during 2018 and 0-4% during 2019. The Board of Registrars poll worker salaries and wages decreased \$133,640 in addition to the regular salaries and wages for general government. This is due to a smaller number of elections held in 2019 compared to 2018. Health insurance costs increased \$58,350 for all departments in general government. This cost is for the County's portion of health insurance. Pension contributions increased \$72,575 compared to 2018. Utilities increased \$45,280 in 2019.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

- 2. The Judicial category increased \$286,098. Salaries and wages increased \$191,926 compared to 2018. Merit based raises were 0-2% during 2018 and 0-4% during 2019. Health insurance costs increased \$85,830 for all departments in the judicial category. This cost is for the County's portion of health insurance. Pension contributions increased \$63,971 compared to 2018. Equipment purchases increased \$9,935 with a \$28,304 increase in the Victim Witness office and decreases in all other departments in the judicial category.
- 3. The Public Safety category increased \$2,536,118 compared to 2018. Salaries and wages increased \$1,255,930 compared to 2018. Merit based raises were 0-2% during 2018 and 0-4% during 2019. Health insurance costs increased \$399,380 for all departments in the public safety category. This cost is for the County's portion of health insurance. Pension contributions increased \$244,460 compared to 2018. Inmate medical costs increased \$45,154 for 2019. Travel & Training increased \$35,478 during 2019. Equipment purchases were \$111,951 more than 2018. The Work Release Center Fund was combined with the Prison during 2019 resulting in increased costs for most categories within the Prison.

The General Fund revenues increased by \$2,390,784 in 2019.

These changes are due primarily to the following:

- 1. Taxes increased by \$1,833,990. Current year property taxes increased by \$1,049,637 due to an increase in the digest for 2019. The collection rate for 2019 was 99%. Collections for prior year property taxes decreased \$250,125. Local option sales tax increased \$564,212 compared to 2018. During 2019, motor vehicle taxes declined \$108,776 while motor vehicle TAVT collections increased \$531,341. The decrease in motor vehicle taxes will continue to decline as the number of vehicles declines on the tax digest. The County also saw a decrease in penalties and interest revenue of \$42,069.
- 2. Intergovernmental revenue increased \$389,203. State offender rehab revenue increased \$202,180 due to an increase in the number of inmates as well as a \$2/day per inmate increase that went into effect in July 2019. Victim witness, mental health court, and adult felony drug court all received increases in grant revenues for 2019 that total \$108,603.
- 3. Charges for services increased \$259,520 compared to 2018. Sheriff fees and services increased \$67,414 due to the transfer of constables from magistrate court to the sheriff's office. There is a corresponding decrease in magistrate court fees for the transfer of this service. Sheriff-boarding inmates revenue decreased \$114,457 during 2019. A new TAVT administration fee went into effect in 2019 which resulted in \$45,062 in revenues. Offsetting this fee is a decrease in commissions from the tax commissioner's office. The Work Release Center Fund was combined with the Prison during 2019 resulting in increased revenues of \$281,174.

The Fire Fund is the County's joint funding to provide fire services with the City of Rome and the City of Cave Spring. The Fire Fund's ending fund balance for 2019 is \$4,657,113. This is a \$966,277 increase compared to 2018. Total revenues increased \$483,407 compared to 2018 which is the result of an increase in property tax collections and insurance premium tax. Total expenditures increased \$152,475. The increase in total expenditures is due to increased funding to provide fire services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The General Capital Projects Fund provides funding for various capital items throughout the County during the year. For 2019, the General Capital Projects Fund expended \$4,094,191 to purchase a body scanner and vehicles for the sheriff's office; install a generator at the morgue; update flooring in County buildings and perform engineering for an HVAC system under facilities management; pave and stripe County roads; purchase vehicles and a freezer for the prison; upgrade a remote site for solid waste; upgrade to LED lighting in multiple locations; provide the County's matching portion for overlay of runway 7/25 at the airport; replace the fuel farm at the airport; and pave areas around the airport.

The 2017 SPLOST Fund's net change in fund balance is an increase of \$7,055,167. This is due to the timing of collections and the timing of project implementations. Tax collections for this fund began in April 2019 and many of the projects were delayed in starting.

The 2013 SPLOST Fund's net change in fund balance is an increase of \$293,980. This is due to the timing of collections and the timing of project implementations. Tax collections for this fund ended in March 2019 and many of the projects were delayed in starting.

In looking at other governmental funds, significant changes in net change in fund balance occurred in the Animal Control Fund, 800 MHz Communications Fund and Rome/Floyd Parks and Recreation Authority. The Animal Control fund balance decreased \$103,860. Salaries & wages increased compared to 2018 because the director's position was vacant for most of 2018. There were also increased expenditures in supplies and for the spay and neuter program. The Rome/Floyd Parks and Recreation Authority fund balance decreased \$359,591. Total revenues for this fund decreased \$140,129 while total expenditures for this fund also decreased \$132,900 compared to 2018.

# Proprietary funds

The proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status.

The Major Proprietary Fund

The Water System Fund is one of the County's major proprietary funds and provides water to approximately 16,700 residential and commercial customers. The number of water customers increased 104 over 2018. The Water System bond coverage of 17.73 well exceeded the required 1.1 coverage for the year ended December 31, 2019. The reason for this is related to the refinancing of the water revenue bonds in July 2019. A portion of the bonds were paid off with existing cash so the principal amount due for 2019 was significantly less than prior years. The water sales revenue increased in 2019 by \$181,860. Management has done a good job of managing the expenses in order to make sure the County is able to maintain an excellent bond coverage ratio.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

As part of the process of meeting the needs of the Water System, a capital plan is prepared each year to project the capital needs for several years into the future. Listed below is the current capital plan for the Water System:

Water Fund Capital Plan For Next Four Fiscal Years

	2020		2021		2022		 2023
Texas Valley Development	\$	-	\$	5,200,000	\$	2,500,000	\$ 2,700,000
Highway 27 North		400,000		300,000		200,000	100,000
South Rome Bypass (DOT)		500,000		-		-	-
Southeast Rome Bypass						3,500,000	-
Totals	\$	900,000	\$	5,500,000	\$	6,200,000	\$ 2,800,000

The County purchases wholesale water from the City of Rome, City of Calhoun, and the City of Adairsville. The chart below outlines the rates the County will pay when purchasing water from these three cities:

# Wholesale Water Rates For Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2019

<b>City of Rome</b>	City of Adairs ville	City of Calhoun
No Minimum	No Minimum	600,000 Gallons per Day
\$1.39	\$1.62	\$1.43

#### **Notes:**

Wholesale water purchases from the City of Rome have no minimum gallons per day.

Wholesale water purchases from the City of Adairsville have no minimum gallons per day.

Wholesale water purchases from the City of Calhoun require a minimum of 600,000 gallons per day.

The Water System Fund reported income of \$1,471,958 from operations. During 2019, there is an overall increase in net position of \$6,857,337.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The Forum River Center Fund is the County's multi-purpose arena used for hosting various community events. During 2019, more community events were held that were a big success such as having an ice rink with ice skating during the winter months. The change in net position for 2019 was a decrease of \$347,796. Operating expenses increased as most of the renovations were completed in 2018 and more events were able to be hosted in 2019. There was an increase of \$101,804 in spending for promotions/advertising during 2019.

The Richard B. Russell Airport increased net position by \$1,319,032 for fiscal year 2019. The increase is the result of capital contributions for capital outlay done through 2013 SPLOST. Total operating revenues increased \$24,603 while operating expenses decreased slightly by \$93,820 compared to 2018. Almost half of this decrease is due to not hosting an air show during 2019.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The original adopted budget did anticipate a decrease in its total fund balance by \$3,221,100. The budget was subsequently revised to reflect a decrease of \$3,065,110. The actual total fund balance decreased \$765,336.

The 2019 General Fund budget variances are as follows:

- 1. The revenues are more than the final budget by \$225,781.
  - a. Taxes are \$81,076 more than the revised budget with current year property taxes being \$38,464 more than the revised budget. Motor vehicle TAVT is also \$18,176 more than budgeted. Local option sales tax results are \$43,872 higher than projected. The areas with the largest increase in sales tax collections are general merchandise, manufacturing, and wholesale. The area with the largest decrease is miscellaneous service. Real estate transfer tax exceeded the budget by \$33,221. This increase in real estate transfer tax combined with a slight increase in intangible taxes is a sign that the economy is doing well. Offsetting these increases is a decrease in penalties & interest on property taxes of \$28,298 and in franchise tax of \$27,132.
  - b. Charges for services exceeded the final budget by \$118,532. Sheriff's fees and services exceeded the projection by \$64,531. As mentioned earlier, this is due to the transfer of the constable service from magistrate court to the sheriff's office. Clerk of court recording fees are \$33,548 higher than the final budget. Again, this is an indicator that the economy is doing well. The boarding inmate revenue at the prison exceeded the budget by \$19,309.
- 2. All expenditure categories were less than projected in the revised budget by a combined \$1,858,339. Most of these savings is in salaries and wages as well as FICA with a savings of \$1,105,623 due to open positions or positions not being filled for the entire year. All departments met the challenge of providing services at basically the same service level but managing costs of those services provided.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

## **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital assets

The County's net investment in capital assets, for governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2019, was \$179,054,257 and \$50,559,435, respectively. This is a decrease of 8% in this net investment for governmental activities and an increase in this net investment of 18.4% for business-type activities.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year are as follows:

- 1. The Everett Springs water line extension project in the 2013 SPLOST Fund was completed during 2019 with \$104,751 being spent during 2019.
- 2. Jail Medical/Mental Health Facility Expansion in the 2013 SPLOST progressed with \$400,644 spent during 2019. This project is projected to complete in 2020.
- 3. County infrastructure improvements were made through 2013 SPLOST with \$164,160 spent during 2019.
- 4. Additional equipment items were purchased through 2013 SPLOST for Public Works and Public Safety with \$323,804 spent during 2019.
- 5. Improvements were done through 2013 SPLOST to property held for economic development. During 2019, \$733,012 was spent on this project.
- 6. Trail Connectivity Expansion in the 2013 SPLOST Fund continued with \$294,637 spent during 2019.
- 7. The City of Rome Chulio Hills bus back entrance project in the 2013 SPLOST Fund began in 2019 with expenditures of \$412,421.
- 8. The Cave Spring Historic 1848 Fannin Hall Rehabilitation project in the 2013 SPLOST Fund completed during 2019 with expenditures of \$427,928 during the year.
- 9. During 2019, vehicles were purchased for the Floyd County police department through the capital equipment/vehicle fund in 2017 SPLOST with \$304,882 in expenditures.
- 10. The 2017 SPLOST baseball stadium improvements project started during 2019 with \$113,822 spent during the year.
- 11. The City of Rome public safety facility and equipment improvements approved in 2017 SPLOST began during the year with \$1,259,648 spent.
- 12. In the General Capital Projects Fund, \$1,300,041 was spent on paving and other public works projects.
- 13. Airport projects in the General Capital Projects Fund expended \$428,999 during 2019.
- 14. Also in the General Capital Projects Fund, \$550,738 was spent on upgrading to LED lighting in multiple areas.

**FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA** *Management's Discussion and Analysis* For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The following table provides a summary of the County's net investment in capital assets.

	Governmental	Business-type	
<u>Invested in Capital Assets</u>	Activities	Activities	Total
Capital assets, nondepreciable	\$ 34,769,724	\$ 2,789,197	\$ 37,558,921
Depreciable capital assets, net	147,490,182	54,120,713	201,610,895
Bonds payable	-	(3,023,098)	(3,023,098)
Capital leases payable	-	(680,820)	(680,820)
Financed purchases payable	(2,920,000)	-	(2,920,000)
Notes payable	-	(2,665,399)	(2,665,399)
Certificates of participation	(2,777,000)	-	(2,777,000)
Unspent proceeds from debt	2,296,088	-	2,296,088
Capital related deferred outflows	195,263	18,842	214,105
	\$ 179,054,257	\$ 50,559,435	\$ 229,613,692

The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business	Activities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Non-depreciable assets:							
Land	\$ 30,918,526		\$ 2,126,321	\$ 1,896,094	\$ 33,044,847 \$	32,814,620	
Construction in progress	3,851,198	9,141,857	662,876	4,053,790	4,514,074	13,195,647	
Total non-depreciable	34,769,724	40,060,383	2,789,197	5,949,884	37,558,921	46,010,267	
Depreciable assets:							
Buildings	104,478,956	104,453,864	13,810,766	14,308,476	118,289,722	118,762,340	
Machinery and equipment	44,188,522	43,768,357	4,370,973	4,692,107	48,559,495	48,460,464	
Improvements other than buildings	10,287,819	9,697,794	-	-	10,287,819	9,697,794	
Infrastructure	284,462,057	284,313,248	78,225,611	66,719,534	362,687,668	351,032,782	
Total depreciable assets	443,417,354	442,233,263	96,407,350	85,720,117	539,824,704	527,953,380	
Less accumulated depreciation	295,927,172	284,200,447	42,286,637	40,830,957	338,213,809	325,031,404	
Book value - depreciable assets	\$ 147,490,182	\$ 158,032,816	\$ 54,120,713	\$ 44,889,160	\$ 201,610,895 \$	202,921,976	
Book value - all capital assets	\$ 182,259,906	\$ 198,093,199	\$ 56,909,910	\$ 50,839,044	\$ 239,169,816 \$	248,932,243	
Percentage depreciated	67%	64%	44%	48%	63%	62%	

See Note 3-D on pages 54-56 for additional information about the County's capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Long-term debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$2,575,000. This total amount is supported by revenue bonds supported by water sales. The County's other long-term debt relates to an intergovernmental agreement, certificates of participation, financed purchases, capital leases, total OPEB liability, net pension liability, claims payable, notes payable, and compensated absences.

**Long-Term Debt** 

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	%	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Change
Bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,575,000	\$ 4,320,000	\$ 2,575,000	\$ 4,320,000	67.8%
Bond Premium	-	-	448,098	-	448,098	-	-100.0%
Intergovernmental agreement	3,905,000	4,490,000	-	-	3,905,000	4,490,000	15.0%
Certificates of							
Participation	2,777,000	2,777,000	-	-	2,777,000	2,777,000	0.0%
Financed Purchases	2,920,000	3,208,840	-	-	2,920,000	3,208,840	
Capital leases	-	_	680,820	605,072	680,820	605,072	-11.1%
Total OPEB Liability	5,042,206	4,982,343	-	-	5,042,206	4,982,343	-1.2%
Net Pension Liability	22,726,680	10,681,968	-	-	22,726,680	10,681,968	-53.0%
Claims Payable	2,270,762	1,261,248	-	-	2,270,762	1,261,248	-44.5%
Notes payable	-	-	2,665,399	3,227,231	2,665,399	3,227,231	21.1%
Compensated							
absences	2,940,788	2,892,004	193,154	193,108	3,133,942	3,085,112	-1.6%
Total	\$ 42,582,436	\$ 30,293,403	\$ 6,562,471	\$ 8,345,411	\$ 49,144,907	\$ 38,638,814	-21.4%

See Note 3-H on pages 60-65 for additional information about the County's long-term debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# **Bond Ratings**

For the most recent bond issues Moody's Investor Services rated each of the below bonds and assigned the following ratings:

\$7,865,000 2010 Development Authority of Floyd County and	
Rome-Floyd County Development Authority	
Revenue Bonds	Aa2
\$51,885,000 2012 Hospital Authority of Floyd County Bonds	Aa2
\$6,400,000 2014 Rome-Floyd County Development Authority	
Refunding Revenue Bonds – Parking Deck Project	Aa2
\$85,435,000 2016 Hospital Authority of Floyd County Bonds	Aa2
\$6,785,000 2019 Water Revenue Bonds	Aa3

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets**

Floyd County adopted its fiscal year 2020 Budget on December 10, 2019. The General Fund budget for fiscal year 2020 reflects revenues and transfers in of \$53,801,480 and expenditures and transfers out of \$57,389,630.

The County projected a 2% increase in the tax digest for 2020 with a 98% collection rate. During the first five months of 2020, local option sales tax collections are \$68,861, or 1.92%, less than the previous year. Prior to the effects of coronavirus, the County had a sales tax repayment in January 2020 that decreased its distribution by \$148,500. The sales tax collections for April 2020, the first full month of shut downs due to coronavirus, sales tax collections were down 4.1% which is better than expected and better than state wide numbers. Total expenditures are 3% below the year to date budget.

The County has been able to cash flow its operations for many years without any short term borrowing. In 2020, the County anticipates being able to cash flow its operations as it has in the past. At the present time, cash flow projections show the county's cash needs will be met without any short term borrowing. Due to the economic impact of the coronavirus, the County is continually monitoring its revenues and expenditures and will make adjustments as needed. Each month the financial condition of the County is reviewed by management and the County Commission.

# Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the County's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact:

Floyd County Finance Department 12 East Fourth Avenue, Suite 205 Rome, Georgia 30161 Telephone: 706-291-5225

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include the government-wide statement of net position and government-wide statement of activities which include all of the primary government's governmental activities, business-type activities and component units. In addition, the basic financial statements include the fund financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

				Compone	
		Drimowy C		Floyd	Development
	Governmental	Primary Government Business-Type		County Health	Authority of Floyd
	Activities	Activities	Total	Department	County
ASSETS					
Current Assets: Cash	\$ 25,528,299	\$ 5,044,822	¢ 20.572.121	\$ 9,123,370	\$ 430,836
Taxes receivable, net of allowances	5,269,153	\$ 5,044,822	\$ 30,573,121 5,269,153	\$ 9,123,370	\$ 430,836
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	881,016	2,526,839	3,407,855	318,392	366
Due from other governments	1,322,993	215,685	1,538,678	1,231,980	
Due from component units	6,000	-	6,000	-	
Intergovernmental agreement	-	-	-	-	1,952,500
Internal balances	139,486	(139,486)	722.409	21 205	
Prepaid items Inventory	659,482 321,526	63,016 577,864	722,498 899,390	21,295 65,394	
Land held for redevelopment	521,520	-	-	-	2,664,35
Total Current Assets	34,127,955	8,288,740	42,416,695	10,760,431	5,048,05
Noncurrent Assets:					
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	20,396,522	7,380,016	27,776,538	-	
Investments Other assets	2,296,088	-	2,296,088	-	
Capital Assets:	691,706	-	691,706	-	
Nondepreciable capital assets	34,769,724	2,789,197	37,558,921	_	3,753,47
Depreciable capital assets, net	147,490,182	54,120,713	201,610,895	199,408	3,733,17
Total Noncurrent Assets	205,644,222	64,289,926	269,934,148	199,408	3,753,47
TOTAL ASSETS	239,772,177	72,578,666	312,350,843	10,959,839	8,801,52
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charges on refunding	195,263	18,842	214,105	-	
Pension related items	11,397,572	-	11,397,572	1,815,150	
OPEB related items	980,646		980,646	992,488	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	12,573,481	18,842	12,592,323	2,807,638	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	2,005,460	306,571	2,312,031	299,475	
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes	1,297,591	79,406	1,376,997	-	
Payroll withholdings payable Other accrued expenses	12,153	2,208	14,361	377,166	
Unearned revenue	89,309	6,825	96,134	377,100	1,52
Due to other governments	611,191	1,727,047	2,338,238	1,105,659	87,88
Due to primary government	-	-	-	-	6,00
Claims payable	2,270,762	-	2,270,762	-	
Compensated absences payable, current portion	1,116,915	71,536	1,188,451	38,478	
Notes payable, current portion	-	207,776	207,776 270,000	-	200.00
Bonds payable, current portion Intergovernmental agreement, current portion	600,000	270,000	600,000	-	300,00
Financed purchases payable, current portion	170,000	_	170,000	_	
Capital leases payable, current portion		34,312	34,312	-	
Total Current Liabilities	8,173,381	2,705,681	10,879,062	1,820,778	395,41
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Accrued interest payable	48,758	20,558	69,316	-	
Customer deposits	1 022 072	940,218	940,218	246 204	
Compensated absences payable	1,823,873	121,618	1,945,491	346,304	
Notes payable Bonds payable	-	2,457,623 2,753,098	2,457,623 2,753,098	-	1,667,42
Intergovernmental agreement	3,305,000	2,755,656	3,305,000	_	1,007,12
Financed purchases payable	2,750,000	-	2,750,000	-	
Capital leases payable	-	646,508	646,508	-	
Certificates of participation	2,777,000	-	2,777,000	-	
Net pension liability	22,726,680	-	22,726,680	8,224,039	
Net OPEB liability	5.042.206	-	- - 042.206	4,298,486	
Total OPEB liability  Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,042,206 38,473,517	6,939,623	5,042,206 45,413,140	12,868,829	1,667,42
TOTAL LIABILITIES	46,646,898	9,645,304	56,292,202	14,689,607	2,062,83
	+0,0+0,070	7,043,304	30,272,202	14,000,007	2,002,03
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	601.706		601.706		
Fair value change of derivatives Pension related items	691,706	-	691,706	834,061	
OPEB related items	241,452	-	241,452	3,219,821	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	933,158	-	933,158	4,053,882	
		-			
NET POSITION  Not investment in conital accets	170.054.257	50 550 425	220 612 602	199,408	2 752 45
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	179,054,257	50,559,435	229,613,692	199,408	3,753,47
Capital projects	23,033,344	6,439,798	29,473,142	_	
Debt service	78,743	-,.55,,750	78,743	-	
Program activities	2,287,316	-	2,287,316	-	
Unrestricted	311,942	5,952,971	6,264,913	(5,175,420)	2,985,22
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 204,765,602	\$ 62,952,204	\$ 267,717,806	\$ (4,976,012)	\$ 6,738,69

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

				Progr	ram Revenues		
	-	•	Charges for	-	rating Grants		pital Grants
DDI ( ) DV COVEDNI (EVE	Expenses		Services	and	Contributions	and (	Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Governmental Activities:	Φ 17 447 277	Φ	2 460 015	Ф	10.202	Ф	220 200
General government	\$ 17,447,377	\$	2,468,015	\$	18,303	\$	339,298
Judicial	7,357,766		1,984,855		4,092,315		- 00 412
Public safety	39,334,721		4,996,773		225,511		99,413
Public works	13,788,401		10,328		4,579		1,224,097
Health and welfare	1,050,588		-		267,774		-
Culture and recreation	9,784,526		1,064,861		-		-
Housing and development	1,441,672		-		-		1,100,428
Interest on long-term debt	344,546		-		30,620		-
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	90,549,597		10,524,832		4,639,102		2,763,236
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>							
Water	6,172,506		7,866,532		45,299		_
Forum	1,289,972		118,974		74,098		-
Airport	1,516,716		1,144,148		-		-
Recycling	784,414		341,424				
<b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>	9,763,608		9,471,078		119,397		
<b>Total - Primary Government</b>	\$ 100,313,205	\$	19,995,910	\$	4,758,499	\$	2,763,236
<b>Component Units:</b>				-			
Floyd County Health Department	\$ 10,743,777	\$	745,549	\$	12,921,877	\$	-
Development Authority of Floyd County	151,844		22,643		98,845		
<b>Total - Component Units</b>	\$ 10,895,621	\$	768,192	\$	13,020,722	\$	-

#### **GENERAL REVENUES:**

Taxes:

Property

Sales

Insurance premium

Franchise

Beverage

Intangible

Hotel/Motel

Interest earned

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Miscellaneous

#### **Total General Revenues**

Transfers

**Total General Revenues and Transfers** 

**Change in Net Position** 

NET POSITION BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED NET POSITION END OF YEAR

		Net (Expense)			Compo	nent U	nits
					Floyd		velopment
	P	rimary Governme	ent		County	A	Authority
G	overnmental	Business-Type			Health		of Floyd
	Activities	Activities		Total	 Department		County
	_				·		
\$	(14,621,761)	\$ -	\$	(14,621,761)	\$ -	\$	
	(1,280,596)	-		(1,280,596)	-		
	(34,013,024)	-		(34,013,024)	-		
	(12,549,397)	-		(12,549,397)	-		
	(782,814)	-		(782,814)	-		
	(8,719,665)	-		(8,719,665)	-		
	(341,244)	-		(341,244)	-		
	(313,926)			(313,926)	 -		
	(72,622,427)			(72,622,427)	-		
	-	1,739,325		1,739,325	-		
	-	(1,096,900)		(1,096,900)	-		
	-	(372,568)		(372,568)	-		
		(442,990)		(442,990)			
	-	(173,133)		(173,133)			
	(72,622,427)	(173,133)		(72,795,560)	 		
					2,923,649		
	-	-		-	2,723,047		(30,35
	-			-	2,923,649		(30,35
	36,988,985	-		36,988,985	-		
	23,929,104	-		23,929,104	-		
	4,061,734	-		4,061,734	-		
	722,867	-		722,867	-		
	383,471	-		383,471	-		
	372,553	-		372,553	-		
	105,944	-		105,944	-		
	251,709	235,918		487,627	9,614		
	-	56,197		56,197	-		
	181,505	-		181,505	 1,549,142		
	66,997,872	292,115		67,289,987	1,558,756		
	(7,999,598)	7,999,598			 		
	58,998,274	8,291,713		67,289,987	 1,558,756		
	(13,624,153)	8,118,580		(5,505,573)	4,482,405		(30,35
	218,389,755	54,833,624		273,223,379	 (9,458,417)		6,769,04
Φ.	204,765,602	\$ 62,952,204	\$	267,717,806	\$ (4,976,012)	\$	6,738,69

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

December 31, 2019

	General Fund	Fire Fund	20	17 SPLOST Fund	20	013 SPLOST Fund	General Capital ojects Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS		 	-		_		 -,	_		
Cash	\$ 14,717,836	\$ 4,461,589	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 873,541	\$	4,986,188	\$ 25,039,154
Receivables (net of allowance										
for uncollectibles):										
Taxes	3,616,722	297,238		1,231,195		-	-		123,998	5,269,153
Accounts	767,809	-		-		-	7,622		27,883	803,314
Due from component units	6,000	-		-		-	-		-	6,000
Due from other funds	625,099	-		-		-	40,552		-	665,651
Due from other governments	942,886	-		-		-	8,522		365,103	1,316,511
Inventory, at cost	315,820	-		-		-	-		5,706	321,526
Prepaid items	433,900	-		-		-	-		45,464	479,364
Restricted cash	-	-		6,299,465		14,097,057	-		-	20,396,522
Restricted investments	-	 -			_		 2,296,088	_		2,296,088
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 21,426,072	\$ 4,758,827	\$	7,530,660	\$	14,097,057	\$ 3,226,325	\$	5,554,342	\$ 56,593,283
LIABILITIES										
Accrued payables	\$ 848,423	\$ -	\$	41,751	\$	120,623	\$ 125,865	\$	824,412	\$ 1,961,074
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes	1,138,473	-		-		-	-		157,030	1,295,503
Payroll withholdings payable	7,375	-		-		-	-		4,778	12,153
Due to other governments	-	-		433,627		-	-		177,564	611,191
Unearned revenue	-	-		<del>-</del>		-	-		89,309	89,309
Due to other funds	443,700	 -		115		44,349	 9,353		472,348	969,865
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,437,971	 -		475,493		164,972	 135,218		1,725,441	4,939,095
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,193,630	 101,714		-			 -		40,441	1,335,785
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,193,630	 101,714					 		40,441	1,335,785
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:	122 000								1= 1=1	150.051
Prepaid items	433,900	-		-		-	-		45,464	479,364
Inventory	315,820	-		-		-	-		5,706	321,526
Restricted:	702 417									702 417
Metro task force	723,417	-		-		-	-		-	723,417
Supplemental juvenile services	16,557 168,491	-		-		-	-		-	16,557
Probation drug funds Jail surcharge funds	372,362	-		-		-	-		-	168,491 372,362
Debt service	372,302	-		-		-	-		78,743	78,743
Law enforcement activities	15,390	_		_		_	_		162,044	177,434
Emergency communication services	13,390	_		_		_	_		527,277	527,277
Law library operations	_	_		_		_	_		291,598	291,598
Capital construction	_	_		7,055,167		13,932,085	3,091,107		1,251,073	25,329,432
Committed:				7,055,107		13,732,003	3,071,107		1,231,073	23,327,132
Public safety activities	_	4,657,113		_		_	_		94,572	4,751,685
Public works	_	-		_		_	_		1,234,612	1,234,612
Culture and recreation	-	-		_		_	_		97,371	97,371
Assigned:									,	,
Fiscal year 2020 operations	3,588,150	-		-		_	_		_	3,588,150
Unassigned	12,160,384	 -					 			12,160,384
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	17,794,471	 4,657,113		7,055,167		13,932,085	 3,091,107		3,788,460	50,318,403
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		. ===								
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 21,426,072	\$ 4,758,827	\$	7,530,660	\$	14,097,057	\$ 3,226,325	\$	5,554,342	\$ 56,593,283

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
Net Position of Governmental Activities
December 31, 2019

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES		\$ 50,318,403
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.  Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 478,187,078 (295,927,172)	182,259,906
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period		
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds.  Property taxes		1,335,785
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of workers' compensation and health insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		(1,120,089)
Total OPEB liabilities and the related deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related items Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related items Total OPEB liability	980,646 (241,452) (5,042,206)	(4,303,012)
Net pension liabilities and the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not expected to be liquidated with current available financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.  Deferred outflows of resources - pension related items Net pension liability	 11,397,572 (22,726,680)	(11,329,108)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Accrued interest	(48,758)	
Capital leases payable Deferred loss on refunding Certificate of participation Compensated absences	(2,920,000) 195,263 (2,777,000) (2,940,788)	
Intergovernmental agreement payable	 (3,905,000)	 (12,396,283)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 204,765,602

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General Fund	 Fire Fund	201	7 SPLOST Fund	20	13 SPLOST Fund	Car	eral oital ts Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$ 42,136,076	\$ 7,526,880	\$	11,690,284	\$	3,594,948	\$	-	\$	1,488,951	\$ 66,437,139
Licenses and permits	236,383	-		-		-	2.0	-		-	236,383
Intergovernmental	4,295,524	-		-		-	2,3	884,434		168,313	6,848,271
Charges for services	4,583,682	-		-		-		-		3,902,325	8,486,007
Fines and forfeitures	1,130,940	10.527		20.500		200.710		71 222		-	1,130,940
Interest earned Miscellaneous	108,963	12,537		29,580		309,718		71,332		58,877	591,007
Miscenaneous	982,433	 				8,005		<del>-</del>		77,337	1,067,775
TOTAL REVENUES	53,474,001	 7,539,417		11,719,864		3,912,671	2,4	155,766		5,695,803	84,797,522
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government	8,537,690	-		-		-		-		1,424	8,539,114
Judicial	7,320,623	-		-		-		-		18,150	7,338,773
Public safety	25,348,152	6,648,140		-		-		-		3,762,605	35,758,897
Public works	4,812,938	-		-		-		-		947,862	5,760,800
Health and welfare	627,382	-		-		-		-		-	627,382
Culture and recreation	1,259,270	-		-		-		-		3,455,789	4,715,059
Housing and development	698,286	-		-		-				4,150	702,436
Capital outlay	-	-		520,782		1,874,764	4,0	94,191		-	6,489,737
Debt service:										072.040	072.040
Principal	-	-		-		-		-		873,840	873,840
Interest	-	-		4 142 015		1 742 027		-		333,848	333,848
Intergovernmental	<del>-</del>	 		4,143,915		1,743,927					5,887,842
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	48,604,341	 6,648,140		4,664,697		3,618,691	4,0	94,191		9,397,668	77,027,728
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,869,660	891,277		7,055,167		293,980	(1,6	538,425)		(3,701,865)	7,769,794
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in	1,206,470	200,000		-		-		321,788		3,591,767	6,320,025
Transfers out	(6,866,257)	(125,000)		-		-	(	(39,759)		(744,724)	(7,775,740)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	24,791	 								6,847	31,638
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(5,634,996)	75,000		_		-	1,2	282,029		2,853,890	(1,424,077)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(765,336)	966,277		7,055,167		293,980	(3	356,396)		(847,975)	6,345,717
1.2.2 OHRIGHTI OHD BIRDINGED	(105,550)	700,211		.,000,107		273,700	(-	(,,,,,,,)		(017,713)	0,575,717
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR, RESTATED	18,559,807	 3,690,836				13,638,105	3,4	147,503		4,636,435	43,972,686
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 17,794,471	\$ 4,657,113	\$	7,055,167	\$	13,932,085	\$ 3,0	91,107	\$	3,788,460	\$ 50,318,403

**FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA**Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$	6,345,717
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period.			
Depreciation expense	\$ (12,720,470)		
Capital outlay	4,293,431		(8,427,039)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.			
Net book value of capital assets disposed			(10,224)
Net book value of capital assets transferred out to proprietary funds			(7,555,839)
Net book value of capital assets transferred in from priorietary funds			159,809
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.			
Property taxes			127,520
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Payment on financed purchase	288,840		
Payment on intergovernmental agreement	585,000		873,840
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absences	(48,784)		
Change in total OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources	(105,799)		
Change in pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources	(3,679,110)		
Amortization of deferred charges	(13,948)		
Change in accrued interest	3,250		(3,844,391)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of workers' compensation and health insurance to individual funds.			(1,293,546)
•		_	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$	(13,624,153)

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 40,235,620	\$ 42,055,000	\$ 42,136,076	\$ 81,076
Licenses and permits	215,000	220,000	236,383	16,383
Intergovernmental	3,966,560	4,289,390	4,295,524	6,134
Charges for services	4,233,700	4,465,150	4,583,682	118,532
Fines and forfeitures	1,222,000	1,133,850	1,130,940	(2,910)
Interest earned	68,090	101,425	108,963	7,538
Miscellaneous	 613,115	983,405	982,433	(972)
TOTAL REVENUES	 50,554,085	 53,248,220	 53,474,001	225,781
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Board of commissioners	155,375	155,465	155,388	77
County manager	516,295	530,100	526,460	3,640
County clerk	298,245	298,245	286,121	12,124
Finance department	569,015	569,015	558,124	10,891
Purchasing department	156,470	178,170	150,013	28,157
Information technology	576,285	599,970	577,888	22,082
Human resources	598,540	598,540	583,943	14,597
Tax commissioner	966,080	966,080	960,244	5,836
Tax appraisers	1,103,065	1,063,895	995,620	68,275
Tax assessors	51,240	51,740	51,543	197
Facilities management	1,119,060	1,149,055	1,041,983	107,072
Engineering	242,555	242,575	242,546	29
Board of registrars	276,215	276,965	201,305	75,660
General services	1,707,455	2,283,960	2,206,512	77,448
Total general government	8,335,895	8,963,775	8,537,690	426,085
Judicial:		_	 _	
Superior court	89,725	101,975	86,576	15,399
Superior court - office of receiver	401,440	401,440	398,100	3,340
Superior court - Judge Niedrach	79,380	79,380	78,990	390
Superior court - Judge Durham	67,585	69,050	68,956	94
Superior court - Judge Sparks	74,835	74,835	57,788	17,047
Superior court - Judge Wetherington	68,070	78,200	73,289	4,911
Superior court - administrator	130,865	130,880	122,331	8,549
Mental health court	255,635	237,250	210,096	27,154
Court reporter - Judge Niedrach	124,935	124,935	112,334	12,601
Court reporter - Judge Durham	139,305	139,305	135,182	4,123
Court reporter - Judge Sparks	103,675	105,255	105,246	9
Court reporter - Judge Wetherington	132,070	132,070	114,805	17,265
Clerk of superior court	971,550	980,890	935,768	45,122
District attorney	1,124,385	1,252,500	1,252,075	425
Victim witness program	364,860	397,305	390,296	7,009
Public defender	693,760	706,500	648,060	58,440
Magistrate court	722,480	722,480	675,366	47,114
Probate court	622,500	622,500	591,253	31,247
Juvenile court	1,138,060	1,138,060	1,084,344	53,716
Adult felony drug court	201,535	230,345	179,768	50,577
Total judicial	 7,506,650	7,725,155	 7,320,623	404,532
J	 . ,	 .,,	 . ,,	,

(Continued)

General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	P	ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE)
Public safety:								
County police	\$	5,519,715	\$	5,565,005	\$	5,480,342	\$	84,663
Sheriff - county jail		10,700,630		10,702,265		10,471,303		230,962
Medical department - prisoners		2,904,800		3,154,730		3,154,143		587
County prison		6,495,690		6,495,690		6,047,836		447,854
Coroner		148,450		180,460		176,070		4,390
Interagency		18,500		18,500		18,458		42
Total public safety		25,787,785		26,116,650		25,348,152		768,498
Public works:								
Public roads		5,051,260		5,061,260		4,812,938		248,322
Total public works		5,051,260		5,061,260		4,812,938		248,322
Health and welfare:								
Interagency - health		397,875		402,875		402,875		-
Interagency - welfare		222,560		212,820		212,819		1
Transportation for seniors		9,000		11,695		11,688		7
Total health and welfare		629,435		627,390		627,382		8
Culture and recreation:		1 250 270		1 250 270		1 250 270		
Library  Total culture and recreation		1,259,270 1,259,270		1,259,270 1,259,270		1,259,270 1,259,270		
Total culture and recreation		1,239,270		1,239,270		1,239,270		
Housing and development:								
Cooperative extension		165,335		165,335		158,973		6,362
Economic development		178,950		219,845		219,839		6
Interagency - NWGA regional commission		59,000		61,325		61,324		1
Interagency - planning commission		193,300		193,300		193,300		-
Interagency - environmental office		58,500		58,500		58,500		-
Interagency - GIS		13,200		10,875		6,350		4,525
Total housing and development		668,285		709,180		698,286		10,894
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		49,238,580		50,462,680		48,604,341		1,858,339
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES		1,315,505		2,785,540		4,869,660		2,084,120
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		823,615		1,209,720		1,206,470		(3,250)
Transfers out		(5,370,220)		(7,070,370)		(6,866,257)		204,113
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		10,000		10,000		24,791		14,791
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(4,536,605)		(5,850,650)		(5,634,996)		215,654
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		(.,220,003)		(2,020,020)		(5,551,555)		210,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,221,100)		(3,065,110)		(765,336)		2,299,774
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, RESTATED		18,559,807		18,559,807		18,559,807		_
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	15,338,707	\$	15,494,697	\$	17,794,471	\$	2,299,774
I OND DADANCE - END OF TEAR	φ	13,330,707	Ψ	12,774,027	Ψ	17,774,471	Ψ	2,273,114

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Fire Special Revenue Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 6,787,550	\$ 7,419,000	\$ 7,526,880	\$ 107,880
Interest earned	5,000	12,410	12,537	127
TOTAL REVENUES	6,792,550	7,431,410	7,539,417	108,007
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	6,655,910	6,648,140	6,648,140	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,655,910	6,648,140	6,648,140	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	136,640	783,270	891,277	108,007
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	200,000	200,000	200,000	_
Transfers out	(125,000)	(125,000)	(125,000)	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	75,000	75,000	75,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	211,640	858,270	966,277	108,007
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,690,836	3,690,836	3,690,836	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,902,476	\$ 4,549,106	\$ 4,657,113	\$ 108,007

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2019

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Accounts Due from other funds Due from other governments Prepaid items Inventory Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Restricted assets: Customer deposits, cash and equivalents	Water System  4,745,028  2,472,024  46,968  504,308  7,768,328	Forum River Center Fund  \$ 7,9		Richard B. Russell Airport Fund	Other Enterprise Fund Recycling Center	4 \$	Total 5,044,822	Internal Service Funds
Current Assets:  Cash  Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):  Accounts  Due from other funds  Due from other governments  Prepaid items  Inventory  Total Current Assets  Noncurrent Assets:  Restricted assets:	System  4,745,028  2,472,024  46,968 504,308	\$ 7,9		Fund	Center	1 \$		
Current Assets:  Cash  Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):  Accounts  Due from other funds  Due from other governments  Prepaid items  Inventory  Total Current Assets  Noncurrent Assets:  Restricted assets:	4,745,028 2,472,024 - 46,968 504,308	\$ 7,9 19,4				4 \$		- unus
Cash Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Accounts Due from other funds Due from other governments Prepaid items Inventory Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Restricted assets:	2,472,024 - - 46,968 504,308	19,4		\$ 288,111	\$ 3,73	4 \$	5.044.922	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):     Accounts     Due from other funds     Due from other governments     Prepaid items     Inventory	2,472,024 - - 46,968 504,308	19,4		\$ 288,111	\$ 3,734	4 \$	5.044.922	
Accounts Due from other funds Due from other governments Prepaid items Inventory  Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Restricted assets:	46,968 504,308	,	95				2,044,822	\$ 489,145
Due from other funds Due from other governments Prepaid items Inventory  Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Restricted assets:	46,968 504,308	,	95					
Due from other governments Prepaid items Inventory  Total Current Assets  Noncurrent Assets: Restricted assets:	504,308	3.3		6,031	29,289	9	2,526,839	77,702
Prepaid items Inventory  Total Current Assets  Noncurrent Assets: Restricted assets:	504,308	3.3	-	13,013		-	13,013	443,700
Inventory Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Restricted assets:	504,308	3.3	-	-	215,68	5	215,685	6,482
Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Restricted assets:		-,-	21	6,371	6,35	5	63,016	180,118
Noncurrent Assets:  Restricted assets:	7 769 329			73,556			577,864	-
Restricted assets:	1,100,320	30,7	65	387,082	255,064	4	8,441,239	1,197,147
Customer denosits, each and equivalents								
Customer deposits, cash and equivalents	940,218		-	-		-	940,218	-
Renewal and extension accounts, cash and equivalents	6,439,798		-	-		-	6,439,798	-
Capital assets:								
Nondepreciable capital assets	1,173,281	447,7	62	1,168,154		-	2,789,197	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	41,624,713	4,373,6	75	5,888,136	2,234,189	)	54,120,713	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	50,178,010	4,821,4		7,056,290	2,234,189		64,289,926	
TOTAL ASSETS	57,946,338	4,852,2		7,443,372	2,489,253	2	72,731,165	1,197,147
—	37,940,336	4,632,2	.02	7,443,372	2,469,23.	<del>,</del>	72,731,103	1,197,147
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred charges on refunding	18,842						18,842	-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	18,842		-	-		-	18,842	-
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	255,773	18,7	19	28,104	3,97	5	306,571	44,386
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes	58,332	,-	_	9,503	11,57		79,406	2,088
Payroll withholdings payable	1,549		_	33	620		2,208	2,000
Due to other governments	1,727,047		_	-	02	-	1,727,047	_
Due to other funds	9,898		_	330	142,27	1	152,499	_
Unearned revenue			_	6,825	112,27	_	6,825	_
Revenue bonds payable, current portion	270,000		_	0,023		_	270,000	_
Notes payable, current portion	207,776		_	_		_	207,776	_
Capital lease payable, current portion	207,770		_	_	34,31	2	34,312	_
Compensated absences payable, current portion	58,135		_	5,002	8,399		71,536	_
Total Current Liabilities	2,588,510	18,7	10	49,797	201,154		2,858,180	46,474
Noncurrent Liabilities:	2,300,310	10,7	1)	77,171	201,134	<u> </u>	2,030,100	70,474
Payable from restricted assets:								
Accrued interest payable	20,558		_	_		_	20,558	_
Customer deposits	940,218					_	940,218	
Total payable from restricted assets	960,776	-			-		960,776	
<u> </u>	•	-			-			
Compensated absences payable	91,746		-	11,506	18,36	5	121,618	-
Claims payable	-		-	-		-	-	2,270,762
Notes payable from direct borrowings	2,457,623		-	-		-	2,457,623	-
Capital lease payable	-		-	-	646,50	3	646,508	-
Revenue bonds payable	2,753,098		-	-		-	2,753,098	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,302,467			11,506	664,87	4	5,978,847	2,270,762
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8,851,753	18,7	19	61,303	866,02	8	9,797,803	2,317,236
NET POSITION							<u> </u>	
Net investment in capital assets	37,128,339	4,821,4	37	7,056,290	1,553,369	9	50,559,435	_
Restricted for renewal and extension	6,439,798	1,021,7	- -	-,000,200	1,000,00	_	6,439,798	_
Unrestricted	5,545,290	12,0	46	325,779	69,850	6	5,952,971	(1,120,089)
TOTAL NET POSITION \$	49,113,427	\$ 4,833,4		\$ 7,382,069	\$ 1,623,225		62,952,204	\$ (1,120,089)

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Enterprise Fund	s		
	Water System	Forum River Center Fund	Richard B. Russell Airport Fund	Other Enterprise Fund Recycling Center	Total	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES  Charges for services (security for debt where applicable)  Rental fees Other services	\$ 7,815,589 10,965 39,978	\$ - - 118,974	\$ 858,854 285,294	\$ 341,424	\$ 9,015,867 296,259 158,952	\$ 7,527,139 - 31,817
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	7,866,532	118,974	1,144,148	341,424	9,471,078	7,558,956
OPERATING EXPENSES  Personnel services and employee benefits Purchased and contractual services Supplies Depreciation Claims	1,620,101 747,931 1,955,872 1,423,388	711,413 228,400 350,159	224,819 135,629 589,450 543,037	291,916 100,583 84,887 152,399	2,136,836 1,695,556 2,858,609 2,468,983	59,823 - - - 8,783,084
Other	54,321		23,781	815	78,917	878,601
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	5,801,613	1,289,972	1,516,716	630,600	9,238,901	9,721,508
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	2,064,919	(1,170,998)	(372,568)	(289,176)	232,177	(2,162,552)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) Intergovernmental Interest and fiscal charges Interest earned Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	45,299 (370,893) 234,910 (93,687)	74,098 - 41 637	- - 947 438	(12,343) 20 (152,471)	119,397 (383,236) 235,918 (245,083)	- - 16,859
TOTAL NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(184,371)	74,776	1,385	(164,794)	(273,004)	16,859
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	1,880,548	(1,096,222)	(371,183)	(453,970)	(40,827)	(2,145,693)
Capital contributions Transfers out Transfers in	5,793,524 (348,774) 125,000	- - 748,426	1,762,315 (72,100)	(42,390) 193,406	7,555,839 (463,264) 1,066,832	(422,972) 1,275,119
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	7,450,298	(347,796)	1,319,032	(302,954)	8,118,580	(1,293,546)
NET POSITION BEGINNING OF YEAR	41,663,129	5,181,279	6,063,037	1,926,179	54,833,624	173,457
END OF YEAR	\$ 49,113,427	\$ 4,833,483	\$ 7,382,069	\$ 1,623,225	\$ 62,952,204	\$ (1,120,089)

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Enterprise Fund	s		
	Water System	Forum River Center Fund	Richard B. Russell Airport Fund	Other Enterprise Fund Recycling Center	Total	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING						
ACTIVITIES  Cash received from customers  Cash payments to employees for services  Cash payments for goods and services	\$ 7,674,926 (1,621,536) (2,860,708)	\$ 136,986 - (959,776)	\$ 1,168,791 (219,875) (766,531)	\$ 431,690 (287,342) (287,503)	\$ 9,412,393 (2,128,753) (4,874,518)	\$ 7,513,676 (59,649) (8,817,449)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	3,192,682	(822,790)	182,385	(143,155)	2,409,122	(1,363,422)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Intergovernmental receipts Transfers in Transfers out	45,299 125,000 (348,774)	74,098 748,426	(72,100)	193,406 (42,390)	119,397 1,066,832 (463,264)	831,419 (422,972)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(178,475)	822,524	(72,100)	151,016	722,965	408,447
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(5(1,922)				(5(1,922)	
Principal paid on notes payable Principal paid on financed purchases	(561,832)	-	-	(30,752)	(561,832) (30,752)	-
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(4,375,000)	-	-	-	(4,375,000)	-
Proceeds from financed purchase	-	-	-	106,500	106,500	-
Proceeds from bond issuance	2,630,000	-	-	-	2,630,000	-
Proceeds from premium issuance	467,877	-	-	(12.242)	467,877	-
Interest paid on debt Payments for capital acquisitions	(403,151) (1,216,973)	-	-	(12,343) (106,500)	(415,494) (1,323,473)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	55,121	637	438	38,184	94,380	-
•	33,121	037	430	30,104	74,300	<del>-</del>
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(3,403,958)	637	438	(4,911)	(3,407,794)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING						
ACTIVITIES Interest received	234,910	41	947	20	235,918	16,859
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	234,910	41	947	20	235,918	16,859
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(154,841)	412	111,670	2,970	(39,789)	(938,116)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,279,885	7,537	176,441	764	12,464,627	1,427,261
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 12,125,044	\$ 7,949	\$ 288,111	\$ 3,734	\$ 12,424,838	\$ 489,145
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:	Φ 4745.020	ф <b>7.0</b> 40	Φ 200.111	Ф. 2.724	Ф 5 044 022	Φ 400.145
Cash Restricted assets, cash	\$ 4,745,028 7,380,016	\$ 7,949	\$ 288,111	\$ 3,734	\$ 5,044,822 7,380,016	\$ 489,145
Total assets	\$ 12,125,044	\$ 7,949	\$ 288,111	\$ 3,734	\$ 12,424,838	\$ 489,145

(Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Ent	erprise Funds	;			
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Water System	Forum River Center Fund	]	Richard B. Russell Airport Fund		Other Enterprise Fund Recycling Center	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,064,919	\$ (1,170,998)	\$	(372,568)	\$	(289,176)	\$ 232,177	\$ (2,162,552)
Adjustments:	1 400 000	250 150		5.40.005		150 000	0.460.000	
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in assets:	1,423,388	350,159		543,037		152,399	2,468,983	-
Accounts receivable	(519,302)	18,012		38,460		138	(462,692)	(38,174)
Due from other funds	(319,302)	16,012		(13,013)		136	(13,013)	(36,174)
Due from other governments	322,139	_		(13,013)		90,128	412,267	(6,482)
Prepaid items	(3,532)	1,500		(308)		(442)	(2,782)	23,170
Inventory	25,401			(36,066)		-	(10,665)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	,,,,,			(00,000)			(,)	
Accounts payable	187,278	(21,344)		18,695		(15,329)	169,300	14,840
Customer deposits	5,557	-		-		-	5,557	-
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes	617	_		3,336		1,890	5,843	174
Payroll withholdings payable	1,549	-		33		612	2,194	-
Unearned revenue	-	_		(804)		-	(804)	(624)
Compensated absences payable	(3,601)	-		1,575		2,072	46	-
Claims payable	-	-		-		-	-	1,009,514
Due to other funds	(302,896)	(119)		8		(85,447)	(388,454)	(203,288)
Due to other governments and individuals	(8,835)	-				-	 (8,835)	_
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,192,682	\$ (822,790)	\$	182,385	\$	(143,155)	\$ 2,409,122	\$ (1,363,422)
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Donation of capital assets	\$ (5,793,524)	\$ 	\$	(1,762,315)	\$		\$ (7,555,839)	\$ 
TOTAL NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ (5,793,524)	\$ 	\$	(1,762,315)	\$		\$ (7,555,839)	\$ 

# FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds December 31, 2019

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 3,321,458
Taxes receivable	7,037,004
Accounts receivable	30,338
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 10,388,800
LIABILITIES	
Due to other governments	
and individuals	\$ 10,388,800
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 10,388,800

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes to the financial statements are a required component of the basic financial statements of the County. The notes present required and essential information for the fair presentation of the statements that have not been disclosed on the face of the financial statements.

**FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA** *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements* For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Index

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	1
Reporting Entity	
Basis of Presentation	1-B
Measurement Focus.	1-C
Basis of Accounting	1-D
Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities and Fund Equity	1-E
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	
Receivables	
Interfund Balances	1-E-3
Consumable Inventories	1-E-4
Prepaid Items	1-E-5
Restricted Assets	
Capital Assets	1-E-7
Compensated Absences	1-E-8
Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations	
Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs	
Fund Equity	
Operating Revenues and Expenses and Non-operating Items	
Contributions of Capital	
Interfund Activity	
Estimates	
Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	
Pension	
Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability	2
Budgetary Information	
Deficit Fund Equity	2-В
D 4 % INT 4 AHE I	2
Detailed Notes on All Funds	
Deposits and Investments	
Credit Risk	
Interest Rate Risk	
Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits	
Custodial Credit Risk – Investments	
Fair Value Measurements	
Receivables	
Property Taxes	
Capital Assets	
Interfund Balances and Transfers	
Capital Leases	
Compensated Absences	
Long-term Debt	
Pension	
Other Postemployment Benefits	3-J

**FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA** *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements* For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Other Notes	4
Risk Management	
Contingent Liabilities	
Jointly Governed Organizations	
Joint Ventures.	
Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax	
Tax Abatements	
Restatements	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Floyd County, Georgia (the "County"), was incorporated in 1917. The County operates under a Commissioner-Manager form of government. The County is governed by a board of five commissioners elected by the voters of the County.

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements which incorporated into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The most significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

#### 1-A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the County consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For Floyd County, this entity includes the Personnel Board, Board of Tax Assessors, Board of Elections, Water Department, and all departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; (3) the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the County in that the County approves the budget, levies their taxes, or issues their debt.

The component unit columns included on the government-wide financial statements identify the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported separately to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Brief descriptions of the discretely presented component units follow:

**Development Authority of Floyd County** (Development Authority) – The Development Authority is a public corporation created to promote industry and trade in the County. The County Commission appoints the seven-member Development Authority Board of Directors and is obligated for a portion of the Authority's debt. The Development Authority does not issue separate Component Unit Financial Statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Floyd County Health Department (Health Department) – The Health Department provides health care services and health education to residents of Floyd County. The Health Department receives financial support from Floyd County, Georgia, the State of Georgia, and the Federal Government. The County Commission appoints a majority of the Board of Directors. The Health Department issued separately audited financial statements with a fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Copies of these financial statements may be obtained from their administrative office at:

Floyd County Health Department 1304 Redmond Circle, Building 614 Rome, Georgia 30164

#### 1-B. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the County as a whole. The primary government and the component units are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Fiduciary activities are not included at the government-wide reporting level. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities which are generally supported by taxes and County general revenues, from business-type activities which are generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. The activity of the internal service funds (i.e., Health Insurance Fund and Workers' Compensation Fund) is eliminated to avoid duplicating revenues and expenses.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the County and the County's discretely presented component units at year-end.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, clearly identifiable to that particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (continued) – The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, which report fees and other charges to users of the County's services; (2) operating grants and contributions, which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions, which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which functions the revenues are *restricted*.

Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the County. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business-type activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements – During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

**Fund Accounting** – The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The County uses three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used and fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The following are the major governmental funds:

- **General Fund** The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the County for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Georgia.
- *Fire Fund* This major special revenue fund is used to account for the revenues of a specific property tax levy and the subsequent payments made to the City of Rome, Georgia and City of Cave Spring, Georgia for fire departments located in Floyd County.
- **2013 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund** This major capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major facilities funded by special purpose local option sales tax.
- **2017 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund** This major capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major facilities funded by special purpose local option sales tax.
- *General Capital Projects Fund* This major capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets funded by County operations.

**Proprietary Funds** – Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

**Water System Fund** – This major enterprise fund is used to account for the operations of the water distribution system.

**Forum River Center Fund** – This major enterprise fund is used to account for the operations of the Floyd County convention and civic center.

**Richard B. Russell Airport Fund** – This major enterprise fund is used to account for the operations of the County's non-commercial airport facility.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

*Special Revenue Funds* – Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for a specific purpose.

*Capital Projects Funds* – Capital projects funds account for the expenditures and proceeds from SPLOST as well as other local sources on projects throughout the County.

**Debt Service Fund** – Debt service funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

*Internal Service Funds* – Internal service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for health and workers' compensation insurance costs, as the County is partially self-insured.

*Fiduciary Funds* – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position. The County's fiduciary funds are agency funds. These agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Constitutional officers use these funds to temporarily hold assets.

#### 1-C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the County are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses.

Fund Financial Statements – All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statements of net position. The statements of changes in net position present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statements of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

#### 1-D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting at both reporting levels. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, in the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

**Revenues** – **Exchange Transactions** – Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the County, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

**Revenues** – **Non-exchange Transactions** – Non-exchange transactions in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales tax, property tax, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales tax is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place.

Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 3-C). Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days for property taxes and one year for all other revenue) before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property tax, sales tax, interest, and federal and state grants.

*Unearned Revenue* – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied in voluntary exchange transactions.

*Expenses/Expenditures* – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

#### 1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

#### 1-E-1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### 1-E-1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

State of Georgia law authorizes the County to invest in the following types of obligations:

- Obligations of the State of Georgia or of any other states
- Obligations of the United States Government
- Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the government or governmental agency
- Obligations of any corporation of the government
- Prime bankers' acceptances
- The State of Georgia local government investment pool (i.e., Georgia Fund 1)
- Repurchase agreements
- Obligations of the other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia

Any investment or deposit in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured amount must be collateralized by (a) 110% of an equivalent amount of State or U.S. obligations, or (b) participation in the State of Georgia Secure Deposit Program.

Georgia Fund 1, created by OCGA 36-83-8, is a stable asset value investment pool that follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds and is regulated by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity, and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). The asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on \$1.00 per share. The pool also adjusts the value of its investments to fair value as of year-end and the County's investment in the Georgia Fund 1 is reported at fair value. The County considers amounts held in Georgia Fund 1 as cash equivalents for financial statement presentation.

The County's nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts are recorded at cost. The remaining investments are recorded at fair value. Increases or decreases in fair value during the year are recognized as a component of interest income.

#### 1-E-2. Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Unbilled water charges are accrued as receivables and revenue at December 31, 2019.

# 1-E-3. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### 1-E-4. Consumable Inventories

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used (i.e., the consumption method).

On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when consumed. Inventories of the proprietary funds are expensed when consumed.

#### 1-E-5. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2019, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reported as nonspendable as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

#### 1-E-6. Restricted Assets

All resources in excess of the required reserve are transferred to a separate account and are restricted to the construction of new capital facilities and other expenses as allowed by the System's bond resolutions. Any reimbursements from outside sources for these projects are restricted accordingly. The renewal and extensions funds in the enterprise funds are restricted for future project outlays.

The bond resolutions place restrictions on additional bond issues and contain certain accounting provisions.

#### 1-E-7. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The County reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the enterprise fund statement of net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Fund Equity (Continued)

### 1-E-7. Capital Assets (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition values as of the date received. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of ten thousand dollars. The County's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, water lines, detention ponds, and runways. Improvements to capital assets are capitalized.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land, right-of-ways, detention ponds, and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Infrastructure assets acquired prior to December 31, 1980, are included in the amounts reported. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings	10 – 50 years	10 – 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3-20 years	3-20 years
Improvements other than buildings	5-60 years	5-60 years
Infrastructure	5 – 60 years	5 – 60 years

At the inception of the financed purchases at the governmental fund reporting level, expenditures and an "other financing source" of an equal amount are reported at the net present value of future minimum lease payments.

#### 1-E-8. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Fund Equity (Continued)

### 1-E-8. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the County's past experience of making termination payments.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds report the total compensated liability in each individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only "when due."

#### 1-E-9. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of these funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are "due for payment" during the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

#### 1-E-10. Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable discount or premium. Issuance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 1-E-11. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Fund Equity (Continued)

### 1-E-11. Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources under the current financial resources management focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when they include amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed – Fund balances are reported as committed when they include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by passage of a resolution by the Board.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when they include amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. The resolution passed by the Board of Commissioners establishing the County's fund balance policy has delegated the Finance Director the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

*Unassigned* – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual classification for the County's General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

**Flow Assumptions** – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the County's policy to use fund balance in the following order: (1) Committed, (2) Assigned, (3) Unassigned.

**Net Position** – Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Amounts shown as net investment in capital assets are made up of capital asset costs, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt used to acquire, construct, or improve the associated assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations or external restrictions imposed upon their use. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### 1-E-11. Fund Equity (Continued)

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### 1-E-12. Operating Revenues and Expenses and Non-operating Items

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for services for water, the Forum River Center, recycling, airport services and rental fees, health insurance, and the workers' compensation programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of each fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

## 1-E-13. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### 1-E-14. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after the non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statement of activities are reported as general revenues. Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated. Transfers between funds reported in the business-type activities column are eliminated.

#### 1-E-15. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Fund Equity (Continued)

### 1-E-16. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category which is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of fund balance or net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has several types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. One of these items arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item, which is reported at the government-wide statement of net position, is the fair value of the County's derivative. As the change in fair value occurs each year, the asset and deferred inflow are adjusted until the contract matures in 2028.

The County also has deferred inflows and outflows related to the recording of changes in its net pension liability and total OPEB liability. Certain changes in the net pension liability and total OPEB liability are recognized as expense over time instead of all being recognized in the year of occurrence. Experience gains or losses result from periodic studies by the County's actuary which adjust the net pension liability and total OPEB liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience gains or losses are recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. Changes in actuarial assumptions, which adjust the net pension liability and total OPEB liability, are also recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into expense over the expected remaining The difference between projected investment return on pension service lives of plan members. investments and actual return on those investments is also deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five year period. Additionally, any contributions made by the County to the pension and OPEB plan before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date of the County's net pension liability and total OPEB liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources. These contributions will reduce the County's net pension liability and total OPEB liability in the next fiscal period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### 1-E-17. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Floyd County Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### 2-A. Budgetary Information

The County adopts an annual operating budget for the General Fund, each Special Revenue Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and each Capital Projects Fund. The budget resolution reflects the total of each department's appropriation in each fund.

The General Fund budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgets for the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund, and for the Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each adopted annual operating budget generally is the department level within each individual fund. Any change in total to a fund or departmental appropriation within a fund requires approval of the Board of Commissioners.

Either the County Manager or Assistant County Manager/Comptroller may approve budget transfers within departments. During the year, the Board of Commissioners approved budget revisions. All unexpended annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### 2-B. Deficit Fund Equity

As of December 31, 2019, the following fund reported a deficit in the ending net position:

Workers' Compensation Fund

\$1,120,089

This deficit will be alleviated by increased user charges and General Fund appropriations, as necessary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### 3-A. Deposits and Investments

#### 3-A-1. Credit Risk

The County does not have a formal policy to address credit risk aside from adherence to State statutes for investments. State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime banker's acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. As of December 31, 2019, the County's investment in Georgia Fund 1 was rated AAAf by Standard & Poor's.

At December 31, 2019, the County had the following investments:

Investment	Maturities	 Balance
Guaranteed Investment Contract Georgia Fund 1	June 1, 2028 39 days	\$ 2,296,088 4,000,487
Total		\$ 6,296,575
Reconciliation of Investments per Fina Investments, restricted Georgia Fund 1 (included with cash an		\$ 2,296,088 4,000,487
Total		\$ 6,296,575

The County's investment practices have been to invest available funds locally mainly through money market accounts or through the State's investment pool (Georgia Fund 1). The guaranteed investment contract represents funds invested through the Georgia Municipal Association's lease purchase pool program of which the County is a participant.

#### 3-A-2. Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's investment policy limits at least half of the County's investment portfolio to maturities of less than one year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### 3-A-3. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits to be collateralized by depository insurance or pledged securities. Amounts that exceed standard depository insurance limits are required to be collateralized either (1) individually by the financial institutions through pledged obligations of the U.S. Government, obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, obligations of counties, municipalities, or public authorities of the State of Georgia or other states, or obligations of counties, municipalities, or public authorities of the State of Georgia, or (2) participation in the State of Georgia Secure Deposit Program. As of December 31, 2019, the County had deposits with three (3) financial institutions collateralized by the State of Georgia Secure Deposit Program, which is administered by the Office of the State Treasurer, and requires participating banks holding deposits of public funds to pledge collateral at varying rates depending on the tier assigned by the State. Additionally, the County had certificates of deposits with other financial institutions that were collateralized by pledged securities, as defined above, such that all of the County's deposits with financial institutions as of December 31, 2019 were insured and/or collateralized as required by State statutes.

#### 3-A-4. Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

As an external investment pool, Georgia Fund 1 is not required to disclose custodial credit risk. The Guaranteed Investment Contracts are not exposed to custodial credit risk because they are direct contractual investments and are not securities.

#### 3-A-5. Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

As of December 31, 2019, the County did not have any recurring fair value measurements. The Georgia Fund 1 is an investment pool which does not meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 79 and is thus valued at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. As a result, the County does not disclose the investment in the Georgia Fund 1 within the fair value hierarchy. The County's interest rate swap agreement is classified as an other asset in the statement of net position and is valued at fair value. The fair value of the interest rate swap agreement is classified as Level 2 on the fair value hierarchy and is valued using an option-adjusted discount cash flow model. The fair value at December 31, 2019 is \$691,706. The Guaranteed Investment Contract is a nonparticipating interest-earning investment contract and, accordingly, is recorded at cost.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-B. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2019, consisted of taxes, interest, accounts (billings for user charges, including unbilled utility receivables), and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants. Receivables and payables are recorded on the County's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectability.

Receivables at December 31, 2019, consist of the following:

					All	owance for		Net
Primary Government:	Taxes		Accounts		Un	collectibles	Receivables	
General Fund	\$	3,801,853	\$	767,809	\$	(185,131)	\$	4,384,531
Fire Fund		313,635		-		(16,397)		297,238
2017 SPLOST Fund		1,231,195		-		-		1,231,195
General Capital Projects Fund		-		7,622		-		7,622
Other Governmental Funds		130,518		27,883		(6,520)		151,881
Water Fund		-		3,190,103		(718,079)		2,472,024
Forum River Center Fund		-		19,495		-		19,495
Airport Fund		-		6,031		-		6,031
Recycling Center Fund		-		29,289		-		29,289
Internal Service Funds		-		77,702		-		77,702
Total	\$	5,477,201	\$	4,125,934	\$	(926,127)	\$	8,677,008

**FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA** *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements* For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

# 3-B. Receivables (Continued)

Amounts due from other governments at December 31, 2019, are broken down as follows:

Primary Government		2019			
General Fund					
State of Georgia	\$	115,333			
US Government		54,469			
City of Rome, Georgia		219,609			
City of Cave Spring, Georgia		12			
Floyd County Board of Education		55,777			
City of Cartersville, Georgia		19,815			
City of Dalton, Georgia		6,564			
Bartow County, Georgia		10,696			
Polk County, Georgia		10,412			
Chattooga County, Georgia		399,105			
Rome Floyd Development Authority		997			
Gordon Floyd Development Authority		44,749			
Northwest Georgia Housing Authority		5,348			
Total General Fund		942,886			
General Capital Projects Fund					
State of Georgia		4,589			
City of Rome		3,933			
Total General Capital Projects Fund		8,522			
Other Governmental Funds					
E911 Fund					
City of Rome, Georgia		2,040			
State of Georgia		320,906			
Emergency Management Fund					
City of Rome, Georgia		10,608			
State of Georgia		28,895			
800 MHz Communication Fund					
City of Rome, Georgia		952			
Debt Service Fund					
City of Rome, Georgia		403			
Rome Floyd Development Authority		1,299			
Insurance Fund					
Rome Floyd Development Authority		6,482			
Total Other Governmental Funds		371,585			
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>		1,322,993			
Enterprise Funds					
Recycling Center Fund					
City of Rome, Georgia		215,685			
<b>Total Business-type Activities</b>		215,685			
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$	1,538,678			
Component Units	<u> </u>				
Floyd County Health Department Georgia Department of Public Health	\$	1,231,980			
C - r	<del>-</del>	, , 0			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-C. Property Taxes

The Board of Commissioners levies property taxes by or about July 24th of each year. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of February 18th. Property taxes are billed on or about August 20th of each year and are due and payable on or about November 15th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects property taxes for the Floyd County Board of Education, the City of Rome, and the State of Georgia. Collection of the County's taxes, and for the other government agencies, is the responsibility of the Tax Commissioner's Office, which is accounted for in an Agency Fund. County property tax revenues at the fund reporting level are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables (i.e., collectible in 60 days). For 2019, property taxes were levied July 23, 2019, and were due November 15, 2019.

#### 3-D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance 12/31/2018	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	Balance 12/31/2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 30,918,526	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,918,526
Construction in progress	9,141,857	2,313,966	(7,555,839)	(48,786)	3,851,198
Total capital assets not		, ,			
being depreciated	40,060,383	2,313,966	(7,555,839)	(48,786)	34,769,724
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	104,453,864	43,604	(18,512)	-	104,478,956
Machinery and equipment	43,768,357	1,920,116	(1,499,951)	-	44,188,522
Improvements other than buildings	9,697,794	541,239	-	48,786	10,287,819
Infrastructure	284,313,248	148,809			284,462,057
Total capital assets being depreciated	442,233,263	2,653,768	(1,518,463)	48,786	443,417,354
Total capital assets	482,293,646	4,967,734	(9,074,302)		478,187,078
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	48,157,664	2,579,193	(777)	-	50,736,080
Machinery and equipment	27,310,645	2,855,940	(992,968)	-	29,173,617
Improvements other than buildings	4,500,324	376,097	-	-	4,876,421
Infrastructure	204,231,814	6,909,240			211,141,054
Total accumulated					
depreciation	284,200,447	12,720,470	(993,745)		295,927,172
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 198,093,199	\$ (7,752,736)	\$ (8,080,557)	\$ -	\$ 182,259,906

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

### 3-D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type activities:	Balance 12/31/2018	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	Balance 12/31/2019
Capital assets not being					
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,896,094	\$ 211,597	\$ (7,738)	\$ 26,368	\$ 2,126,321
Construction in progress	4,053,790	694,565	(148,809)	(3,936,670)	662,876
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	5,949,884	906,162	(156,547)	(3,910,302)	2,789,197
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	14,308,476	106,500	(604,210)	-	13,810,766
Machinery and equipment	4,692,107	252,363	(573,497)	-	4,370,973
Infrastructure	66,719,534	7,614,287	(18,512)	3,910,302	78,225,611
Total capital assets being depreciated	85,720,117	7,973,150	(1,196,219)	3,910,302	96,407,350
Total capital assets	91,670,001	8,879,312	(1,352,766)		99,196,547
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	8,253,091	368,843	(432,294)	-	8,189,640
Machinery and equipment	2,827,246	291,630	(573,497)	-	2,545,379
Infrastructure	29,750,620	1,808,510	(7,512)	-	31,551,618
Total accumulated					
depreciation	40,830,957	2,468,983	(1,013,303)	-	42,286,637
Business-type activities			·		

The following table provides a summary of the County's investment in capital assets less any related debt:

Invested in Capital Assets	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Capital assets, nondepreciable	\$	34,769,724	\$	2,789,197	\$ 37,558,921
Capital assets, depreciable, net		147,490,182		54,120,713	201,610,895
Bonds payable		-		(3,023,098)	(3,023,098)
Capital leases payable		-		(680,820)	(680,820)
Financed purchases payable		(2,920,000)		-	(2,920,000)
Notes payable from direct borrowings		-		(2,665,399)	(2,665,399)
Certificates of participation		(2,777,000)		-	(2,777,000)
Unspent proceeds from debt		2,296,088		-	2,296,088
Capital related deferred outflows		195,263		18,842	214,105
	\$	179,054,257	\$	50,559,435	\$ 229,613,692

**FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA** *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements* For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### Capital Assets (Continued) *3-D*.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,122,323
Judicial	12,002
Public safety	3,767,592
Public works	6,979,732
Health and welfare	317,407
Culture and recreation	514,583
Housing and development	 6,831
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 12,720,470
Business-type activities:	
Water System	\$ 1,423,388
Forum River Center Fund	350,159
Forum River Center Fund Richard B. Russell Airport	350,159 543,037
	,

#### **Component Unit**

Development Authority of Floyd County	1	Balance 12/31/2018	Additions	<u> </u>	Deducti	ons	Transfers		Balance 2/31/2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:  Land	\$	3,753,470	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 3,753,470
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,753,470	Ψ		*	_	Ψ	_	 3,753,470
Development Authority of Floyd County	\$	3,753,470	\$		\$	_	\$		\$ 3,753,470

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-E. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund balances at December 31, 2019, consisted of amounts representing charges for services or reimbursable expenditures. These remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting period, (3) payments between funds are made and (4) timing differences for projects originally funded by the 2013 and 2017 SPLOST Fund and reimbursed once it was determined they would be funded by the Water System. The County expects to repay all interfund balances within one year. Interfund balances at December 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

	Payable to:							_		
5 11 6		General		Capital			Iı	nsurance		m . 1
Payable from:		Fund	Proj	ects Fund	Aırı	ort Fund		Fund		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	443,700	\$	443,700
2017 SPLOST Fund		115		-		-		-		115
2013 SPLOST Fund		-		40,552		3,797		-		44,349
Capital Projects Fund		137		-		9,216		-		9,353
Non-major										
Gov. Funds		472,348		-		-		-		472,348
Water System Fund		9,898		-		-		-		9,898
Airport Fund		330		-		-		-		330
Non-major										
Enterprise Funds		142,271		-				-		142,271
Total	\$	625,099	\$	40,552	\$	13,013	\$	443,700	\$	1,122,364

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

				Transfer f	from:				
Transfer to:	General Fund	Fire Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-major Gov. Funds	Water System Fund	Airport Fund	Non-major Ent. Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 331,218	\$ 337,850	\$ 72,100	\$ 42,330	\$ 422,972	\$ 1,206,470
Fire Fund	-	-	-	200,000	-	-	-	-	200,000
General Capital									
Projects Funds	1,228,219	-	-	93,569	-	-	-	-	1,321,788
Non-major									
Gov. Funds	3,552,008	-	39,759	-	-	-	-	-	3,591,767
Water System Fund	-	125,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,000
Forum Fund	748,426	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	748,426
Non-major									
Ent. Funds	193,406	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	193,406
Internal Service									
Funds	1,144,198			119,937	10,924		60		1,275,119
	\$ 6,866,257	\$ 125,000	\$ 39,759	\$ 744,724	\$ 348,774	\$ 72,100	\$ 42,390	\$ 422,972	\$ 8,661,976

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-E. Interfund Balances and Transfers (Continued)

Transfers are used to report revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them, to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed. All County transfers either occur on a regular basis or are consistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer. In addition to those noted in the schedule of interfund transfers, the governmental activities transferred \$7,555,839 of capital assets to the business-type activities and the business-type activities transferred \$159,809 of capital assets to the governmental activities during the year.

#### 3-F. Capital Leases and Financed Purchases

During the 2008 fiscal year, the County entered into a financed purchase agreement with the Rome-Floyd Development Authority (RFDA) for the financing of the construction of the Forum Parking Deck in the amount of \$3,940,000 for 25 years at 4.5% to 5%. In December of 2014, the RFDA refunded a portion of the original tax-exempt bonds underlying the financed purchase transaction and thus the County's financed purchase was refinanced to reflect the partial refunding. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, the County has adjusted the purchase obligation to the present value of the future minimum payments under the revised agreement and recorded the resulting loss as a deferred outflow of resources which has a balance of \$195,263 as of December 31, 2019. This deferred charge will be amortized using the straight-line method as a component of interest expense. The agreement qualifies as a financed purchase as the title of the parking deck transfers to the County upon repayment of the agreement. As of December 31, 2019, the County had a total of \$3,711,029 of assets under this agreement with accumulated depreciation of \$760,761.

Annual debt service requirements on the financed purchase outstanding, as of December 31, 2019, were as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 170,000	\$ 94,115	\$ 264,115
2021	175,000	88,090	263,090
2022	180,000	82,765	262,765
2023	187,500	78,190	265,690
2024	190,000	74,320	264,320
2025-2029	1,037,500	285,175	1,322,675
2030-2033	980,000	80,400	1,060,400
Total	\$ 2,920,000	\$ 783,055	\$3,703,055

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-F. Capital Leases and Financed Purchases (Continued)

During 2017, the County entered into a non-cancellable capital lease agreement to lease a warehouse for the purpose of operations of the County's recycling center in the amount of \$653,410 for 20 years at 2.00%. During 2019, the County had some improvements to the warehouse for \$106,500 that was added to the remaining capital lease payments. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. As of December 31, 2019, the County had a total of \$759,910 of assets under this lease agreement with accumulated depreciation of \$90,356.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2019, were as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31,	
2020	\$ 46,475
2021	45,676
2022	45,600
2023	45,600
2024	45,600
2025-2029	228,000
2030-2034	228,000
2035-2037	 102,600
Total minimum lease payments	787,551
Less: Amount representing interest	 106,731
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 680,820

#### 3-G. Compensated Absences

Employees earn annual leave at the rate of 6 days per year for the first year of service up to a maximum of 16 days per year after fifteen years of service. There is no requirement that annual leave be taken annually, but the maximum permissible accumulation is 60 days. Any unused annual leave accumulated over 480 hours roll into sick leave the following year. At termination, employees are paid for any accumulated annual leave. Employees earn sick leave at the rate of 12 days per year. There is no maximum accumulation. At termination, employees with ten or more years of service and employed prior to January 1, 1983, are paid for all sick leave accumulated at January 1, 1983, or the amount at termination, whichever is less. Persons employed after January 1, 1983, and before April 18, 1988, with 10 or more years of service shall be paid a maximum of 90 days of unused leave at termination, with the balance credited as service for the purpose of computing retirement. Persons employed after April 17, 1988 are not entitled to any payment for accrued but unused sick leave at termination; however, the sick leave is credited as service for those employees for the purpose of calculating retirement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-H. Long-term Debt

**Primary Government Bonds** - The following is a summary of the outstanding long-term bond issues at December 31, 2019:

Year		Interest	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Authorized		Outstnading
Issued	Purpose	Rate (%)	Dates	Date	Date	and Issued	Retired	12/31/2019
	Water refunding							
2019	issue	3.00	05/01, 11/01	7/31/2019	11/1/2029	\$ 2,630,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 2,575,000

On July 17, 2019, the County's Water System issued water revenue bonds totaling \$2,630,000 with an interest rate of 3.00% to repay the County's outstanding 2010 Water Revenue Bonds as well as the County's 2005 Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA)'s note payable of \$4,320,000 and \$374,310, respectively. The bonds were issued with a premium of \$467,877 as well as a deferred loss of \$19,673. The County's obligations are payable solely from the net revenues of the Water System. The Series 2019 bonds contain (1) a provision that in an event of default, the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due if pledged revenues during the year are less than 110 percent of debt service coverage due in the following year and (2) a provision that if the County is unable to make payment, outstanding amounts are due immediately.

*Notes Payable from Direct Borrowing*- On January 6, 2014, the County entered into a loan agreement with GEFA to borrow funds for a water system project consisting of well rehabilitation, treatment plant improvements, and interconnection with a neighboring system. Project activities were completed in 2015 and the total loan balance of \$2,931,405 was finalized and the County commenced repayment in July 2015. The loan bears interest at 1.93% and is payable in 180 equal monthly installments of \$18,770 until maturity on June 1, 2030.

On June 16, 2017, the County entered into a loan agreement with GEFA to borrow funds for a water system project consisting of extending water lines into an area that previously had not water service. Project activities were completed in 2019 and the total loan balance of \$531,707 was finalized and the County commenced repayment in October 2019. The loan bears interest at 1.89% and is payable in 240 equal monthly installments of \$2,662.21.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-H. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to amortize all obligations outstanding, as of December 31, 2019, were as follows:

	Gov	ernmental Activ	ities	Governmental Activities					
	Intergo	overnmental Agre	eement	Certificates of Participation					
Year	Principal	pal Interest Total		Principal	Interest	Total			
2020	\$ 600,000	\$ 170,140	\$ 770,140	\$ -	\$ 131,908	\$ 131,908			
2021	620,000	142,500	762,500	-	131,908	131,908			
2022	640,000	113,470	753,470	-	131,908	131,908			
2023	660,000	82,080	742,080	-	131,908	131,908			
2024	680,000	49,260	729,260	-	131,908	131,908			
2025-2029	705,000	16,245	721,245	2,777,000	461,674	3,238,674			
Total	\$ 3,905,000	\$ 573,695	\$4,478,695	\$ 2,777,000	\$ 1,121,214	\$ 3,898,214			

	Bu	siness-Type Act	ivities	Business-Type Activities					
		Revenue Bond	ls	Notes Paya	Notes Payable from Direct Borrowings				
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total			
2020	\$ 270,000	\$ 123,350	\$ 393,350	\$ 207,776	\$ 49,404	\$ 257,180			
2021	275,000	115,250	390,250	211,813	45,367	257,180			
2022	240,000	101,500	341,500	215,928	41,252	257,180			
2023	220,000	89,500	309,500	220,123	37,057	257,180			
2024	230,000	78,500	308,500	224,400	32,781	257,181			
2025-2029	1,340,000	207,750	1,547,750	1,189,114	96,789	1,285,903			
2030-2034	-	-	-	251,221	21,129	272,350			
2035-2039				145,024	6,721	151,745			
Total	\$ 2,575,000	\$ 715,850	\$ 3,290,850	\$ 2,665,399	\$ 330,500	\$ 2,995,899			

Certificates of Participation – In June 1998, the County entered into a lease pool agreement with the Georgia Municipal Association (the "Association"). The funding of the lease pool was provided by the issuance of \$150,126,000 Certificates of Participation by the Association. The Association passed the net proceeds through to the participating municipalities with the County's participation totaling \$2,777,000. The lease pool agreement with the Association provides that the County owns their portion of the assets invested by the pool and is responsible for the payment of their portion of the principal and interest of the Certificates of Participation. The principal is due in a lump sum payment on June 1, 2028. Interest is payable at a rate of 4.75% each year. The County draws from the investment to lease equipment from the Association. The lease pool agreement requires the County to make lease payments back into its investment account to fund the principal and interest requirements of the 1998 GMA Certificates of Participation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-H. Long-term Debt (Continued)

As part of the issuance of the certificates of participation, the County entered into an interest rate swap agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the County is required to pay (i) a semiannual (and beginning July 1, 2003, a monthly) floating rate of interest based on the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) Municipal Swap Index (plus a 31 basis points spread) to, or on behalf of, the Swap Counterparty (the "Swap Payment"); and the Swap Counterparty will pay to, or on behalf of, the County a semi-annual payment based on a rate equal to the fixed rate on the certificates of participation (4.75%) times a notional amount specified in the Swap Agreement, but generally equal to the outstanding unpaid principal portion of such Contract, less the amount originally deposited in the Reserve Fund relating to the Contract, and (ii) a one-time Swap Premium to be paid on the effective date of the Swap Agreement. The semiannual payments from the Swap Counterparty with respect to the County are structured, and expected, to be sufficient to make all interest payments due under the Contract, and related distributions of interest on the Certificates. Monthly interest payments between the County, the holders of the Certificates of Participation, and the Swap Counterparty can be made in net settlement form as part of this agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the County's obligation to pay floating payments to the Swap Counterparty in any calendar year may not exceed an amount equal to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index plus 5% to be determined on the first business day of December in the preceding year. This agreement matures on June 1, 2028, at the same time of the certificates of participation. This derivative qualifies as a fair market hedge.

In the unlikely event that the Swap Counterparty becomes insolvent, or fails to make payments as specified in the Swap Agreement, the County would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the Swap's fair value. To minimize this risk, the County executed this agreement with counterparties of appropriate credit strength, with the counterparty being rated Aa3 by Moody's. At December 31, 2019, the floating rate being paid by the County is 1.32% and the market value of this agreement is \$691,706, an increase of \$113,077 from the market value at the end of the previous fiscal year. The market value of the hedge was determined using settlement prices at the end of the day on December 31, 2019, based on the derivative contract. This market value is reported with other assets in the statement of net position. As this derivative is an effective hedge, qualifying for hedge accounting, the inflow from the hedge (any change in fair value from inception until fiscal year end) is deferred and reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-H. Long-term Debt (Continued)

		Outstanding 12/31/2018		Additions	Deductions	Outstanding 12/31/2019	nounts Due One Year
Governmental Activities:					 	 	
Certificates of Participation	\$	2,777,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,777,000	\$ -
Intergovernmental Agreement		4,490,000		-	(585,000)	3,905,000	600,000
Financed purchases		3,208,840		-	(288,840)	2,920,000	170,000
Total OPEB Liability		4,982,343		847,989	(788,126)	5,042,206	-
Net Pension Liability		10,681,968		14,179,713	(2,135,001)	22,726,680	-
Claims Payable		1,261,248		8,451,129	(7,441,615)	2,270,762	2,270,762
Compensated Absences		2,892,004		1,626,002	(1,577,218)	2,940,788	1,116,915
Total Governmental							
Activities	\$	30,293,403	\$	25,104,833	\$ (12,815,800)	\$ 42,582,436	\$ 4,157,677
Business-Type Activities:							
Water Revenue Bonds	\$	4,320,000	\$	2,630,000	\$ (4,375,000)	\$ 2,575,000	\$ 270,000
Premium		-		467,877	(19,779)	448,098	-
Notes Payable from direct borrowing		3,227,231		-	(561,832)	2,665,399	207,776
Capital Leases		605,072		106,500	(30,752)	680,820	34,312
Compensated Absences		193,108		103,515	(103,469)	193,154	71,536
Total Business-Type							
Activities	\$	8,345,411	\$	3,307,892	\$ (5,090,832)	\$ 6,562,471	\$ 583,624
Component Units:							
Health Department:							
Compensated Absences	\$	376,223	\$	67,358	\$ (58,799)	\$ 384,782	\$ 38,478
Development Authority:							
Revenue Bonds		2,245,000		-	(292,500)	1,952,500	300,000
Premium		20,062			(5,136)	 14,926	
Total Component Units	\$	2,641,285	\$	67,358	\$ (356,435)	\$ 2,352,208	\$ 338,478
F	<u> </u>	,- ,	$\dot{-}$	,	 ()	 , , , , ,	 ,

For governmental activities, the total OPEB liability, financed purchases, net pension liability, and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

For business-type activities, principal and interest payments related to the County's Water System Fund revenue bonds are financed from income derived from the operation of the Water System. Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. Capital leases are liquidated by the Recycling Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-H. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Revenue Bonds - Component Unit — On June 3, 2010, the Development Authority of Floyd County and the Rome-Floyd County Development Authority issued Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 and Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 in the amounts of \$3,245,000 and \$4,620,000, respectively, for the purposes of repaying the Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 and acquiring land for economic development. The total principal amount of \$7,865,000 is due in annual payments on June 1 beginning in 2011 and maturing on June 1, 2025. Interest is due and payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1. According to the intergovernmental agreement between the Authorities, each is responsible for an equal share of the revenue bonds. The Series 2010 bonds contain (1) a provision that in an event of default, the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due if pledged revenues during the year are less than 110 percent of debt service coverage due in the following year and (2) a provision that if the County is unable to make payment, outstanding amounts are due immediately. These bonds are also subject to an optional redemption. As of December 31, 2019, the outstanding principal amount is \$1,952,500.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on the Development Authority's revenue bonds are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 300,000	\$ 85,070	\$ 385,070
2021	310,000	71,250	381,250
2022	320,000	56,735	376,735
2023	330,000	41,040	371,040
2024	340,000	24,630	364,630
2025	352,500	8,123	360,623
Total	\$ 1,952,500	\$ 286,848	\$ 2,239,348

Additionally, related to this joint project, the County has agreed to make all necessary payments to the development authorities in amounts to pay principal and interest on the bonds as they become due until such time that the land acquired for economic development can be sold and the debt retired. Thus, while the Development Authority of Floyd County only reports its share of the project debt, the County reports an intergovernmental agreement payable in the full amount of the debt outstanding as of December 31, 2019. The total amount outstanding for the County as of December 31, 2019 was \$3,905,000.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's intergovernmental agreement are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 600,000	\$ 170,140	\$ 770,140
2021	620,000	142,500	762,500
2022	640,000	113,470	753,470
2023	660,000	82,080	742,080
2024	680,000	49,260	729,260
2025	705,000	16,245	721,245
Total	\$ 3,905,000	\$ 573,695	\$ 4,478,695

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-H. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Conduit Debt – Component Unit – The Development Authority of Floyd County has issued bonds for various projects throughout Floyd County. The proceeds of the bonds were passed along to the third party for the project at the time of issuance. As of December 31, 2019, the total amount outstanding related to these bonds was \$250,387,563, as summarized below. Each of the parties noted below is responsible for all payments related to the bonds and the Development Authority of Floyd County has no obligation to repay this debt. As a result, these bonds are considered conduit debt of the Development Authority of Floyd County and are not reported as liabilities.

	Total
Georgia Power Company	\$ 63,080,000
Berry College	91,666,200
The Darlington School	14,840,000
Lavender Mountain Senior Living	80,801,363
Total	\$ 250,387,563

#### 3-I. Pension

Plan Description - The County, as authorized by the Board of Commissioners, has established a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan, The Floyd County Defined Benefit Plan (the "Plan"), covering substantially all of the County's employees. The County's pension plan is administered through the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Third Restated Defined Benefit Plan (the ACCG Plan), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by GEBCorp and affiliated with the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG). The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Full-time employees with a date of hire prior to April 30, 2009 become participants on the January 1 following three (3) years of service (Group A). Group A is vested after five (5) years of service. Full-time employees with a date of hire on or after April 30, 2009 become participants on the January 1 following seven (7) years of service (Group B). Group B is vested after ten (10) years of service. Participants become eligible to retire with no reduction in benefit at age 65 with five (5) years of participation in the Plan. An employee may also apply for an unreduced early retirement benefit at the age of 62 provided they have at least 30 years of service. Employees may apply for early retirement at age 60 with a reduced benefit of 3% per year provided they have at least 10 years of service. Upon eligibility to retire, participants are entitled to 1.00% of average annual compensation up to \$6,600 plus 2.00% of average annual compensation in excess of \$6,600 plus \$36 plus (for each year of credited service prior to January 1, 1989) 1.35% of average annual compensation up to \$10,000 plus 2.00% of average annual compensation in excess of \$10,000 plus \$36 (for each year of credited service beginning on or after January 1, 1989) all payable as a life annuity. Compensation is averaged over a five-year period prior to retirement or termination. The Plan also provides benefits in the event of death or disability. The ACCG, in its role as the Plan sponsor, has the sole authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions and the contribution rates of the County related to the Plan, as provided in Section 19.03 of the ACCG Plan document.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-I. Pension (Continued)

*Plan Description (continued)* – The County has the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific benefit provisions of the Plan, as provided in Section 19.02 of the ACCG Plan document. The Board of Commissioners retains this authority. The ACCG Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the pension trust. That report may be obtained at www.accg.org or by writing to the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia, Retirement Services, 191 Peachtree Street, NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (800) 736-7166.

**Plan Membership** – As of January 1, 2019, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the Plan's membership consisted of the following:

Total number of Plan participants	994
Active employees participating in the Plan	304
receiving benefits	355
Terminated plan participants entitled to but not yet	
Retirees, Beneficiaries, and Disableds receiving benefits	335

Contributions – The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of the ACCG Plan has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the plan. The funding policy for the Plan, as adopted by the Board of Commissioners, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. No contributions are made by plan participants. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County's contribution rate was 18.2% of annual payroll. The State required a minimum contribution of \$2,186,516 (or 15.7%) which was paid during the year.

*Net Pension Liability of the County* – The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018, with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of December 31, 2018.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.50%
Salary increases	2.5% - 5.5%, including inflation
Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension	plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for the January 1, 2018, actuarial valuation were based on the RP-2000 projected with Scale AA to 2018 Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-I. Pension (Continued)

Net Pension Liability of the County (continued) – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined through a blend of using a building-block method based on 20-year benchmarks (25%) and 30-year benchmarks (25%), as well as forward-looking capital market assumptions for a moderate asset allocation (50%), as determined by UBS. Expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, are summarized below:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30%	6.56%
Large Cap equity	30%	10.20%
International equity	15%	5.73%
Other equity	20%	9.52%
Real estate	5%	9.33%
Total	100%	

<sup>\*</sup> Rates shown are net of the 3.50% assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. This was a decrease from the prior year rate of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made based on the average County contribution made to the Plan over the prior five years. Based on this assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-I. Pension (Continued)

*Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the County* – The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the County for the year ended December 31, 2019, were as follows:

	<b>Total Pension</b>		Pla	<b>Plan Fiduciary</b>		<b>Net Pension</b>	
		Liability		<b>Net Position</b>		Liability	
		(a)		<b>(b)</b>		(a) - (b)	
<b>Balances at 12/31/18</b>	\$	70,117,306	\$	59,435,338	\$	10,681,968	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		656,334		-		656,334	
Interest		4,944,201		-		4,944,201	
Differences between expected and							
actual experience		2,222,811		-		2,222,811	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		3,041,465		-		3,041,465	
Contributions—employer		-		2,135,001		(2,135,001)	
Net investment income		-		(2,836,832)		2,836,832	
Plan changes		4,352,202		4,352,202		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(3,842,873)		(3,842,873)		-	
Other changes		-		(406,160)		406,160	
Administrative expense				(71,910)		71,910	
Net changes		11,374,140		(670,572)		12,044,712	
Balances at 12/31/19	\$	81,491,446	\$	58,764,766	\$	22,726,680	

Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the County – The required schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>-</u>	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)		_	1% Increase (8.00%)
County's net pension						
liability	\$	32,795,469	\$	22,726,680	\$	14,288,933

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-I. Pension (Continued)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of December 31, 2017, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

**Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension** – For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$6,226,070. At December 31, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Differences resulting from changes in actuarial assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	1,862,446 2,763,974	\$ - -
pension plan investments		4,224,192 2,546,960	-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date			 
Total	\$	11,397,572	\$ -

County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$2,546,960 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31:	
2020	\$ 4,301,069
2021	2,446,414
2022	627,853
2023	 1,475,276
Total	\$ 8,850,612

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-J. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Administration and Benefits. The County, as authorized by the County Commission, administers a single-employer defined benefit Postemployment Healthcare Benefits Plan (the "PHCB Plan"). The PHCB Plan is administered by the County management, under the direction of the County's Board of Commissioners. The County pays a portion for all retirees that are eligible to enroll in the County's health plan. Eligible retirees are defined as meeting one of the following criteria: (1) employee's hire date was before April 30, 2009 and they are age 65 with at least five years of service; (2) the employee's hire date is on or after April 30, 2009 and they are age 65 with at least ten years of service; (3) the employee qualifies for early retirement with ten years of service at age 60; or (4) the employee has ten years of service and is deemed to be totally disabled by the Federal Social Security Administration. The County's Board of Commissioners established and may amend the benefit provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 and a separate report was not issued for the PHCB Plan.

*Plan Membership.* Membership of the PHCB Plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active participants	529
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	19
Total	548

Contributions. The Board of Commissioners has elected to fund the PHCB plan on a "pay as you go" basis. Plan members, once retired, contribute to the plan based on number of years of creditable service. Per a County resolution, the County is required to contribute the current year benefit costs of the Plan which are not paid by the retiree. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County contributed \$501,249 for the pay as you go benefits for the PHCB Plan.

**Total OPEB Liability of the County.** The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018 with the actuary using standard techniques to roll forward the liability to the measurement date.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-J. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

**Actuarial assumptions**. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount Rate: 4.10%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: 7.25% to 4.75% by 2028 for pre-Medicare

5.38% to 4.75% by 2022 for Medicare

Inflation Rate: 4.75%

Salary Increase: 2.00% - 4.50%

Participation Rate: 70%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

**Discount rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.10%. This rate was determined using an index rate of 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher – which was 4.10% as determined by the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index Rate as of December 31, 2019.

*Changes in the Total OPEB Liability of the County.* The changes in the total OPEB liability of the County for the year ended December 31, 2019, were as follows:

	<b>Total OPEB</b>				
	Liability				
<b>Balances at 12/31/18</b>	\$	4,982,343			
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		413,436			
Interest		162,545			
Differences between expected and actual		272,008			
experience		272,000			
Assumption changes		(269,366)			
Benefit payments		(518,760)			
Net changes		59,863			
<b>Balances at 12/31/19</b>	\$	5,042,206			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-J. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The required schedule of changes in the County's total OPEB liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.10 %) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.10%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.10%)	(4.10%)	(5.10%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 5,455,706	\$ 5,042,206	\$ 4,660,851

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.25% decreasing to 3.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	1% Decrease		lthcare Rate	19	% Increase
	(6.25	% decreasing	(7.25)	% decreasing	(8.25	% decreasing
	t	to 3.75%)		to 4.75%)		o 5.75%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	4.462.108	\$	5.042.206	\$	5,729,222

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of December 31, 2019 and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and inactive employees.

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$607,049.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-J. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At December 31, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	375,603 103,794 501,249	\$	241,452 -		
Total	\$	980,646	\$	241,452		

County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$501,249 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending December 31:	
2020	\$ 31,068
2021	31,068
2022	31,068
2023	31,068
2024	31,068
Thereafter	 82,605
Total	\$ 237,945

#### Note 4 - Other Notes

#### 4-A. Risk Management

The County maintains third party coverage for claims arising from property and casualty claims, general liability claims, and medical claims. Settlements have not exceeded coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The County participates in the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Group Self-Insurance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 4 - Other Notes (Continued)

#### **4-A. Risk Management** (Continued)

As part of these risk pools, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the pools, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in one of the pools being required to pay any claim of loss. The County is also to allow the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the pools.

The fund is to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The fund is to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation, or defense.

The County maintains a Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund, which is an internal service fund, to account for resources used in payment of workers' compensation claims. The County has entered into a contract with a third party to administer the Workers' Compensation Program. The County maintains third party insurance coverage from a private insurance carrier for claims that exceed \$250,000 per occurrence or a \$1,000,000 aggregate, stop loss limit. The County is a member of the State of Georgia Subsequent Injury Trust Fund, which provides reimbursement to individual participants, should a claim be filed by an employee who has suffered previous injury before employment with the County. During 2019, the County was reimbursed from the Subsequent Injury Trust Fund for claims above the stop loss limit. The County accrued a liability for workers' compensation claims that were incurred prior to yearend but were not paid until the following fiscal year. For purposes of estimating the unpaid claims liability as of December 31, 2019, the County's third party administrator computed the reserve liability based on the estimated cost of each outstanding claim from claims experience of similar claims. Changes in balance in claims liabilities can be summarized as follows:

	Be	ginning of	Cu	Current Year				End of
	Fis	scal Year	Claims	s and Changes		Claim	Fis	scal Year
Date	L	iability	in	in Estimates		ayments	L	iability
2018	\$	813,767	\$	157,980	\$	(475,504)	\$	496,243
2019		496,243		1,918,034	(	(1,114,070)	1	,300,207

The County maintains a Health Self-Insurance Fund, which is an internal service fund, to account for resources used in payment of health claims. Claims are administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Georgia and are paid by the County on a weekly basis. The County also maintains third party coverage for stop loss coverage for claims that exceed \$150,000 with a stop loss aggregate of 125%. The County accrued a liability for unpaid health insurance claims as of December 31, 2019. The unpaid claims liability is based on actual claims incurred during 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 4 - Other Notes (Continued)

#### 4-A. Risk Management (Continued)

		Beg	ginning of	Cı	ırrent Year			]	End of
		Fiscal Year		Claim	s and Changes	Claim		Fis	cal Year
_	Date	L	iability	in Estimates		Payments		L	iability
	2018	\$	612,575	\$	7,974,364	\$(7,821,9	934)	\$	765,005
	2019		765,005		6,533,095	(6,327,5	545)		970,555

#### 4-B. Contingent Liabilities

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for costs disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County believes such disallowance, if any, will be immaterial.

The County is involved in a number of legal matters at December 31, 2019. In the opinion of County management, the outcome of these contingencies will not have a material effect on the financial position of the County.

In June 2002, the Floyd County Hospital Authority issued \$35 million in bonded debt. The County has pledged limited taxing ability up to 7 mills, should the Hospital Authority be unable to service the debt. However, the Hospital Authority has complete responsibility for retiring the debt. Consequently, the County has not reported this debt in its financial statements due to the contingent nature of its responsibility.

In June 2003, the Floyd County Hospital Authority issued \$40 million in bonded debt. The County has pledged limited taxing ability up to 7 mills, should the Hospital Authority be unable to service the debt. However, the Hospital Authority has complete responsibility for retiring the debt. Consequently, the County has not reported this debt in its financial statements due to the contingent nature of its responsibility.

In June 2012, the Floyd County Hospital Authority issued \$51.885 million in bonded debt. The County has pledged limited taxing ability up to 7 mills, should the Hospital Authority be unable to service the debt. However, the Hospital Authority has complete responsibility for retiring the debt. Consequently, the County has not reported this debt in its financial statements due to the contingent nature of its responsibility.

In April 2016, the Floyd County Hospital Authority issued \$85.435 million in bonded debt. The County has pledged limited taxing ability up to 7 mills, should the Hospital Authority be unable to service the debt. However, the Hospital Authority has complete responsibility for retiring the debt. Consequently, the County has not reported this debt in its financial statements due to the contingent nature of its responsibility.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 4 - Other Notes (Continued)

#### 4-C. Jointly Governed Organizations

Together with the City of Rome and Floyd County, the State of Georgia has established the Sara Hightower Regional Library Board of Trustees to operate a jointly governed library system. The City and County have each appointed two representatives to the twelve-member Library Board of Trustees, and as such do not exercise any direct control over the operations or the financial management of the Library. The remainder of the Trustees is appointed in accordance with State guidelines. The State provides general oversight responsibility through its Department of Education.

Under Georgia law, the Library Board of Trustees has the authority to designate the management of the Library, to access unreserved fund balances, to control Library fiscal matters and budgets, and the ability to significantly influence operations. These duties and responsibilities along with other management functions are expressly reserved to the Board of Trustees of the Library. Based on the criteria noted, the Sara Hightower Regional Library is an independent reporting entity.

Floyd County, Georgia and Gordon County, Georgia established a Joint Development Authority for the development and management of a sixty-four acre industrial park centrally located between each county. The six person governing board of the Joint Development Authority is composed of three representatives from each county government. Neither county exercises direct control over the Joint Development Authority, as would be exhibited by a voting majority on the Board. Additionally, the Joint Development Authority operates without the imposition of either county's will on its operations. Due to the criteria noted above, the Gordon/Floyd County Development Authority is an independent reporting entity.

Floyd County, Georgia and the City of Rome, Georgia have formed a joint commission to provide landfill facilities for citizens of Rome and Floyd County. The joint commission which governs the actions of the solid waste facility is comprised of two members appointed by the Floyd County Commission and two members appointed by the Rome Commission. Additionally, the city manager and the county manager will serve on the Joint Commission as non-voting members. The County does not have an equity interest in the joint venture.

Floyd County, Georgia and the City of Rome, Georgia have responsibility for ensuring the financial viability of the solid waste facility should the obligations of the facility not be met internally. However, the facility should accumulate sufficient financial resources from services provided by the facility to function without placing a significant financial burden on either of the parties participating in the joint commission. The Solid Waste Commission reported net position of \$7,519,289 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The County does not have an equity interest in the joint venture.

A complete copy of these statements can be obtained from the City of Rome Finance Department, located at 601 S Broad Street, Rome, Ga, 30161.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 4 - Other Notes (Continued)

#### 4-D. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the Northwest area, is a member of the Northwest Georgia Regional Commission (NWGRC). Membership in NWGRC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the NWGRC. Membership in the NWGRC includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA Section 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for obligations of the NWGRC. During the year, the County paid \$60,226 in dues to the NWGRC. The financial requirements of the County related to the NWGRC are limited to the amount of its annual dues. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the NWGRC, Jackson Hill, Rome, GA 30161.

#### 4-E. Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax

The County imposes a 6% hotel/motel lodging tax for the purpose of promoting tourism as authorized in Georgia Law (O.C.G.A 48-13-51(a)(3.3). A summary of transactions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, is as follows:

Fund balance as of December 31, 2018	\$ -
Tax collections during fiscal year 2019	105,944
Disbursements during fiscal year 2019 for tourism and public affairs	(105,944)
Fund balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 

#### 4-F. Tax Abatements

For the year ended December 31, 2019, County property tax revenues were reduced by \$1,395,826 under agreements entered into by the Rome-Floyd County Development Authority. Under the agreements, taxes on both real and personal property are reduced based on incentives offered to the corporations so long as targets to create and/or retain certain numbers of jobs in the County are met.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### *Note 4 - Other Notes (Continued)*

#### 4-G. Restatements

The County has determined a restatement to beginning fund balance was required in the General Fund for a change in reporting entity. During 2019, the County decided to roll the Work Release Fund into the General Fund. The effect of the restatement resulted in a change to beginning fund balance of the General Fund as follows:

	General Fund		
Fund balance, General Fund, as previously reported	\$	18,470,708	
Restatement for change in reporting entity		89,099	
Fund balance, General Fund, as restated	\$	18,559,807	

The Health Department determined a restatement to beginning net position was required to properly restate revenues and accounts payables in the prior year. The effect of the restatement resulted in a change to beginning net position of the Health Department as follows:

	Health Department			
Net position, Health Department, as previously reported	\$	(9,549,319)		
Restatement to properly record prior year activity		90,902		
Net position, Health Department, as restated	\$	(9,458,417)		

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information is used to present required information for the County.

Floyd County, Georgia

Schedule of Changes in the County's Total OPEB Liability
Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (ACCG Plan)
Schedule of County Contributions (ACCG Plan)

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the County's Total OPEB Liability For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2019			2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$	413,436	\$	374,505
Interest on total OPEB liability		162,545		164,315
Differences between expected and actual experience		272,008		166,236
Changes in actuarial assumptions		(269,366)		130,930
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(518,760)		(397,534)
Net change in total OPEB liability		59,863		438,452
Total pension liability - beginning		4,982,343		4,543,891
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	5,042,206	\$	4,982,343
Covered-employee payroll	9	\$ 24,675,972		\$ 24,675,972
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		20.4%		20.2%

#### **Notes to the Schedule:**

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

The County is not accumulating assets in a trust fund that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 for payment of future OPEB benefits.

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA
Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability
And Related Ratios
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	 2019	 2018	2017	2016		2015
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Plan changes	\$ 656,334 4,944,201 2,222,811 3,041,465 4,352,202	\$ 619,156 4,749,024 877,418 143,554	\$ 618,750 4,609,610 222,494 1,962,607	\$ 935,476 4,279,070 357,250 2,176,120	\$	736,100 4,124,136 - -
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (3,842,873)	 (3,551,258)	 (3,191,017)	 (3,099,155)	-	(2,767,641)
Net change in total pension liability	11,374,140	2,837,894	4,222,444	4,648,761		2,092,595
Total pension liability - beginning	 70,117,306	 67,279,412	 63,056,968	 58,408,207		56,315,612
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 81,491,446	\$ 70,117,306	\$ 67,279,412	\$ 63,056,968	\$	58,408,207
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Plan changes Administrative expenses Other changes	\$ 2,135,001 (2,836,832) (3,842,873) 4,352,202 (71,910) (406,160)	\$ 2,451,009 7,987,948 (3,551,258) - (66,867) (98,442)	\$ 2,445,016 3,345,073 (3,191,017) - (70,020) (240,039)	\$ 2,438,356 119,306 (3,099,155) - (75,852) (148,766)	\$	2,348,320 3,207,107 (2,767,641) - (71,395)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(670,572)	6,722,390	2,289,013	(766,111)		2,716,391
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 59,435,338	 52,712,948	 50,423,935	 51,190,046		48,473,655
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 58,764,766	\$ 59,435,338	\$ 52,712,948	\$ 50,423,935	\$	51,190,046
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 22,726,680	\$ 10,681,968	\$ 14,566,464	\$ 12,633,033	\$	7,218,161
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.1%	84.8%	78.3%	80.0%		87.6%
Covered payroll	\$ 14,089,977	\$ 12,835,069	\$ 13,096,426	\$ 14,253,179	\$	15,458,164
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	161.3%	83.2%	111.2%	88.6%		46.7%

Notes to the Schedule
The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA
Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of County Contributions
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	 2019	2018		 2017	 2016	 2015	2014	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,186,516	\$	1,845,988	\$ 2,343,551	\$ 2,362,660	\$ 2,315,962	\$	2,348,320
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution  Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 2,546,960 (360,444)	\$	2,135,001 (289,013)	\$ 2,451,009 (107,458)	\$ 2,508,371 (145,711)	\$ 2,438,356 (122,394)	\$	2,348,320
Covered payroll	13,961,945		14,089,977	12,835,069	13,096,426	14,253,179		15,458,164
Contributions as a percentage of Covered payroll	18.2%		15.2%	19.1%	19.2%	17.1%		15.2%

#### Notes to the Schedule

January 1, 2019 Entry Age Normal Valuation Date Cost Method

Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Smoothed market value with a 5-year smoothing period.

7.00%

2.50% - 5.50% (including 3.50% for inflation)

Actuation Asset valuation investments
Projected Salary Increases
Cost-of-living Adjustment
Amortization Method
Remaining Amortization Period

N/A Closed level dollar for unfunded liability None remaining

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

#### MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

#### 2017 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund

The 2017 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and improvements funded by the 2017 SPLOST.

#### 2013 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund

The 2013 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and improvements funded by the 2013 SPLOST.

#### General Capital Projects Fund

The General Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and improvements funded by County operations.

# 2017 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

A Major Fund

The 2017 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and improvements funded by the 2017 SPLOST.

2017 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	_	ORIGINAL FINAL BUDGET BUDGET ACTUAL				VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	10,631,380	\$	11,690,280	\$	11,690,284	\$	4
Interest earned		50,000		30,000		29,580		(420)
TOTAL REVENUES		10,681,380		11,720,280		11,719,864		(416)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay:								
General government		630,000		630,000		172,795		457,205
Public safety		5,800,840		5,985,455		346,623		5,638,832
Public works		300,000		250,000		1,364		248,636
Culture and recreation		75,000		75,000		-		75,000
Intergovernmental		3,744,370		4,143,925		4,143,915		10
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		10,550,210		11,084,380		4,664,697		6,419,683
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		131,170		635,900		7,055,167		6,419,267
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR								
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	131,170	\$	635,900	\$	7,055,167	\$	6,419,267

# 2013 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

A Major Fund

The 2013 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and improvements funded by the 2013 SPLOST.

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

2013 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	 ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES Taxes Interest earned Miscellaneous	\$	3,543,795 50,000	\$ 3,594,950 309,720 8,005	\$ 3,594,948 309,718 8,005	\$	(2) (2) -	
TOTAL REVENUES		3,593,795	3,912,675	3,912,671		(4)	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay: General government Judicial Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Housing and development Intergovernmental		25,405 499,940 1,705,155 691,785 217,595 10,025,375 1,650,275	93,235 499,940 1,712,165 898,595 217,595 10,025,375 2,265,935	70,788 555,602 485,642 6,795 755,937 1,743,927		22,447 499,940 1,156,563 412,953 210,800 9,269,438 522,008	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		14,815,530	15,712,840	3,618,691		12,094,149	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(11,221,735)	(11,800,165)	293,980		12,094,145	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		13,638,105	 13,638,105	 13,638,105			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,416,370	\$ 1,837,940	\$ 13,932,085	\$	12,094,145	

# GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

A Major Fund

The General Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and improvements funded by County operations.

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA General Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	2,171,380	\$	2,606,245	\$	2,384,434	\$	(221,811)	
Interest earned		_		71,000		71,332		332	
TOTAL REVENUES		2,171,380		2,677,245		2,455,766		(221,479)	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital outlay:									
General government		293,000		908,740		773,332		135,408	
Judicial		13,000		13,000		-		13,000	
Public safety		382,370		908,175		442,754		465,421	
Public works		1,572,180		1,629,680		1,352,390		277,290	
Culture and recreation		-		750		750		-	
Housing and development		1,307,145		1,761,180		1,524,965		236,215	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,567,695		5,221,525		4,094,191		1,127,334	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(1,396,315)		(2,544,280)		(1,638,425)		905,855	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		1,142,490 (40,760)		1,528,180 (44,000)		1,321,788 (39,759)		(206,392) 4,241	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		1,101,730		1,484,180		1,282,029		(202,151)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(294,585)		(1,060,100)		(356,396)		703,704	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,447,503		3,447,503		3,447,503			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	3,152,918	\$	2,387,403	\$	3,091,107	\$	703,704	

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Funds generally used to account for tax supported activities which include the non-major special revenue funds and the non-major capital projects funds of the County.

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Combining Balance Sheet

Non-major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2019

	N	on-major Debt Service Fund	Non-major Special Revenue Funds	N	Non-major Capital Projects Funds	Total Jon-major vernmental Funds
ASSETS		<b></b>				
Cash	\$	503,820	\$ 3,231,295	\$	1,251,073	\$ 4,986,188
Receivables (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles): Taxes			123,998			123,998
Accounts		10,745	17,138		-	27,883
Due from other governments		1,702	363,401		-	365,103
Inventory items, at cost		_	5,706		-	5,706
Prepaid items		806	 44,658			45,464
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	517,073	\$ 3,786,196	\$	1,251,073	\$ 5,554,342
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accrued payables	\$	437,524	\$ 386,888	\$	-	\$ 824,412
Due to other governments		-	177,564		-	177,564
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes		-	157,030		-	157,030
Payroll withholdings payable		-	4,778		-	4,778
Unearned revenue		-	89,309		-	89,309
Due to other funds			 472,348			 472,348
TOTAL LIABILITIES		437,524	 1,287,917		_	 1,725,441
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes			 40,441			 40,441
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			 40,441			 40,441
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory		-	5,706		-	5,706
Prepaid items		806	44,658		-	45,464
Restricted:						
Debt service		78,743	-		-	78,743
Law enforcement activities		-	162,044		-	162,044
Emergency communication services  Law library operations		-	527,277 291,598		-	527,277 291,598
Capital construction		-	291,396		1,251,073	1,251,073
Committed:					1,231,073	1,231,073
Public works		-	1,234,612		-	1,234,612
Culture and recreation		-	97,371		-	97,371
Public safety activities			 94,572			94,572
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		79,549	 2,457,838		1,251,073	3,788,460
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND						
FUND BALANCES	\$	517,073	\$ 3,786,196	\$	1,251,073	\$ 5,554,342

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Non-major Debt Service Fund	Non-major Special Revenue Funds	Non-major Capital Projects Funds	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
REVENUES	Φ.	φ 1.400.0 <b>5</b> 1	Φ.	Φ 1.400.051
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 1,488,951	\$ -	\$ 1,488,951
Intergovernmental	95,198	42,495	30,620	168,313
Charges for services	020	3,902,325	- 25 420	3,902,325
Interest earned	939	32,508	25,430	58,877
Miscellaneous		77,337		77,337
TOTAL REVENUES	96,137	5,543,616	56,050	5,695,803
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	1,424	-	-	1,424
Judicial	-	18,150	-	18,150
Public safety	-	3,762,605	-	3,762,605
Public works	-	947,862	-	947,862
Culture and recreation	-	3,455,789	-	3,455,789
Housing and development	-	4,150	-	4,150
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	558,928	-	314,912	873,840
Interest	333,848			333,848
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	894,200	8,188,556	314,912	9,397,668
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(798,063)	(2,644,940)	(258,862)	(3,701,865)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	857,738	2,734,029	-	3,591,767
Transfers out	(45,877)	(698,847)	-	(744,724)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		6,847		6,847
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	811,861	2,042,029		2,853,890
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	13,798	(602,911)	(258,862)	(847,975)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	65,751	3,060,749	1,509,935	4,636,435
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 79,549	\$ 2,457,838	\$ 1,251,073	\$ 3,788,460

### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Debt Service Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest earned	\$ 338,065	\$ 433,275 -	\$ 95,198 939	\$ (338,077) 939
TOTAL REVENUES	338,065	433,275	96,137	(337,138)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Debt service:	3,250	3,250	1,424	1,826
Principal Interest	788,025 367,215	751,155 489,650	558,928 333,848	192,227 155,802
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,158,490	1,244,055	894,200	349,855
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(820,425)	(810,780)	(798,063)	12,717
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	820,680	857,740 (45,880)	857,738 (45,877)	(2)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	820,680	811,860	811,861	1
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	255	1,080	13,798	12,718
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	65,751	65,751	65,751	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 66,006	\$ 66,831	\$ 79,549	\$ 12,718

#### NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital projects funds) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for particular purposes.

The County's Non-major Special Revenue Funds are as follows:

Prison Inmate Benefit Fund
Jail Inmate Benefit Fund
911 Fund
Law Library Fund
Animal Control Fund
Hotel/Motel Fund
Solid Waste Fund
Emergency Management Fund
Stadium Maintenance Fund
Work Release Inmate Benefit Fund
800 MHz Communication Fund
Rome/Floyd County Parks and Recreation Authority Fund

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2019

Case service (rest of Taxes reconsistered or Taxes reconsistered o	Special Revenue	Rome / Floyd County Parks and Recreation Authority	800 MHz Communication	Work elease Inmate Benefit	R	Stadium Maintenance	nergency nagement		Solid Waste	Hotel/Motel	animal Control	Law brary		911		Jail Inmate Benefit	Prison Inmate Benefit		
Take conclude (text of allowance for unclecitables) Account receivable (text of allowance for unclecitables) Account receivable (text of allowance for unclecitables) Def from other personnences  Total Assertion  Total Assertion	42 \$ 3,231,295	\$ 539,342	252,607	271.944	\$	\$ 80.594	17.877	\$	\$ 1.192.132	\$ 100.229	118.003	293.332	\$	\$ 38.365	13	\$ 109.213	217.657	s	ASSETS Cash
Algorithm   Section   Se	- 123,998	-		-		-	-				-	-		-	-	-			Taxes receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)
Inventory items   1,500   1,		7,070		-		-			-	-	300	-			-	-	5,141		allowance for uncollectibles)
Perpang   1,149   1,259   1,	- 363,401 06 5,706	5,706	952	=		=	39,503		=	=	-	-		322,946	-	-	-		C
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED     NRI-LOWS OF RESOURCES, AADD FLVIN BALLANCES   S.   S.   S.   S.   S.   S.   S.		26,873	3,547	<u> </u>			1,829					1,149		6,633	<u> </u>				
NELONS OF RESOURCES	91 \$ 3,786,196	\$ 578,991	257,106	271,944	\$	\$ 80,594	59,209	\$	\$ 1,310,307	\$ 106,052	122,930	294,481	\$	\$ 372,571	13	\$ 109,213	222,798	\$	TOTAL ASSETS
Accomed payables \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$																			INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes	09 \$ 386,888	\$ 24,509	20,541	213,887	\$	\$ 36,278	28,516	\$	\$ 23,718	\$ 4,149	18,424	1,731	\$	\$ 15,135	- ;	\$ -	-	\$	
Payroll withholdings payable		592		-		=	-		-	=	-	-			-	-	176,972		
Une no other funds 1,056 52 3 15,436 101,903 229 160 49,996 126 303,33  TOTAL LIABILITIES 178,028 - 69,142 1,734 49,649 106,052 35,254 31,462 36,278 263,883 23,078 493,33  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues - property taxes 40,441		74,793 767		=		=	2,786			=	15,789				-	=	-		
Due to other funds		89,309	90	-		-	-		-	-	-	-		3,921	-	-	-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1		303,387	126	49,996			160		229	101,903	15,436	3		52		=	1,056		
OF RESOURCES           Unavailable revenues - property taxes         -         -         -         40,441         -<	57 1,287,917	493,357	23,078	263,883		36,278	31,462		35,254	106,052	49,649	1,734		69,142			178,028		TOTAL LIABILITIES
Unavailable revenues - property taxes																			
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable:  Inventory items	- 40,441		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>					40,441			<u> </u>				-			
Nonspendable: Inventory items	- 40,441		<del>-</del> _			<del>-</del> _	<u> </u>		40,441	<u> </u>	=_	<u> </u>		<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>			
Inventory items																			
Restricted:  Law enforcement activities		5,706	=	-		=	-		-	=	-				-	-	-		
Emergency communication services     296,796       Law library operations     291,598       Committed:       Public works     -       Culture and recreation     -       Public safety     -       68,654     25,918		26,873	3,547	-		-	1,829		-	-	4,627	1,149		6,633	-	-	-		Restricted:
Law library operations - 291,598	- 162,044	-	220.491	8,061		-	-		-	-	-	-			13	109,213	44,770		
Committed:  Public works 1,234,612	- 527,277 - 291,598		230,481	-		-	-		-	-	-				-	-	-		
Culture and recreation       -       -       -       -       44,316       -       -       53,00         Public safety       -       -       -       68,654       -       -       25,918       -       -       -       -	271,370											271,370							
Public safety 68,654 25,918	- 1,234,612		-	-		-	-		1,234,612	-	-			-	-	-	-		
	55 97,371 - 94,572	53,055	-	-		44,316	25,918		-	-	68,654	-		-	-	-	-		
		85,634	234.028	8.061		44,316			1.234.612			292.747		303.429	13	109.213	44.770		·
	2, 157,030	05,054	25 1,520	0,001		,310	21,1.1		1,25 1,012		. 5,201			505,127		107,213	,,,,,		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES  \$ 222,798 \$ 109,213 \$ 372,571 \$ 294,481 \$ 122,930 \$ 106,052 \$ 1,310,307 \$ 59,209 \$ 80,594 \$ 271,944 \$ 257,106 \$ 578,99	91 \$ 3,786,196	\$ 578,991	257.104	271.044	¢	¢ 90.504	50 200	¢	¢ 1210.207	¢ 106.053	122 020	204 491	¢	¢ 270 571	12	\$ 100.212	222 700	¢	INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Non-major Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Prison Inmate Benefit	Jail Inmate Benefit	911	Law Library	Animal Control	Hotel/Motel	Solid Waste	Emergency Management	Stadium Maintenance	Work Release Inmate Benefit	800 MHz Communications	Rome / Floyd County Parks and Recreation Authority	Total Non-major Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES													
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 105,944	\$ 1,383,007		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	+ -,,
Intergovernmental Charges for services	170,922	286,850	2,040 1,896,456	32,769	21,162	-	-	39,503	-	17,435	952 411,870	1,064,861	42,495 3,902,325
Interest earned	170,922	200,030	1,890,430	4,846	369	109	11,995	63	643	17,433	1,740	12,101	32,508
Miscellaneous			50		32,356				42,166			2,765	77,337
TOTAL REVENUES	171,006	286,850	1,899,104	37,615	53,887	106,053	1,395,002	39,566	42,809	17,435	414,562	1,079,727	5,543,616
EXPENDITURES Current:													
Judicial				18,150		-	-		-		-	-	18,150
Public safety	186,058	240,727	1,838,828	-	678,869	-	- 0.47 0.60	187,843	-	29,222	601,058	-	3,762,605
Public works Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	947,862	-	156,474	-	-	3,299,315	947,862 3,455,789
Housing and development	-	-	_	_	-	4,150	-	-	130,474	-	-	3,299,313	4,150
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	186,058	240,727	1,838,828	18,150	678,869	4,150	947,862	187,843	156,474	29,222	601,058	3,299,315	8,188,556
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(15,052)	46,123	60,276	19,465	(624,982)	101,903	447,140	(148,277)	(113,665)	(11,787)	(186,496)	(2,219,588)	(2,644,940)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Transfers in	-	-	_	_	559,720	-	-	140,000	100,000	-	-	1,934,309	2,734,029
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	(39,123)	(101,903)	(447,873)	(17,250)	-	-	(12,064)	(80,634)	(698,847)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets					525							6,322	6,847
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-	_	_	521,122	(101,903)	(447,873)	122,750	100,000	-	(12,064)	1,859,997	2,042,029
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(15,052)	46,123	60,276	19,465	(103,860)	-	(733)	(25,527)	(13,665)	(11,787)	(198,560)	(359,591)	(602,911)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	59,822	63,090	243,153	273,282	177,141		1,235,345	53,274	57,981	19,848	432,588	445,225	3,060,749
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 44,770	\$ 109,213	\$ 303,429	\$ 292,747	\$ 73,281	\$ -	\$ 1,234,612	\$ 27,747	\$ 44,316	\$ 8,061	\$ 234,028	\$ 85,634	\$ 2,457,838

Prison Inmate Benefit Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL FINAL BUDGET BUDGET			A	CTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES Charges for services	\$	125,000	\$	170,000	\$	170,922	\$	922
Interest earned		150		150		84		(66)
TOTAL REVENUES		125,150		170,150		171,006		856
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety		125,150		186,500		186,058		442
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		125,150		186,500		186,058		442
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(16,350)		(15,052)		1,298
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		59,822		59,822		59,822		-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	59,822	\$	43,472	\$	44,770	\$	1,298

Jail Inmate Benefit Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL FINAL BUDGET BUDGET			A	CTUAL	PO	RIANCE SITIVE GATIVE)	
REVENUES		•======================================		•0= 000		****		/4 <b>=</b> 0\
Charges for services	\$	250,000	\$	287,000	\$	286,850	\$	(150)
TOTAL REVENUES		250,000		287,000		286,850		(150)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		198,130		289,000		240,727		48,273
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		198,130		289,000		240,727		48,273
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		51,870		(2,000)		46,123		48,123
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out		(51,870)		-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(2,000)		46,123		48,123
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		63,090		63,090		63,090		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	63,090	\$	61,090	\$	109,213	\$	48,123

911 Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET			FINAL BUDGET ACTUAL			VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	2,040	\$	40	
Charges for services		1,807,000		1,899,500		1,896,456		(3,044)	
Interest earned		600		600		558		(42)	
Miscellaneous						50		50	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,809,600		1,902,100		1,899,104		(2,996)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public safety		1,821,515		1,849,680		1,838,828		10,852	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,821,515		1,849,680		1,838,828		10,852	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(11,915)		52,420		60,276		7,856	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		243,153		243,153		243,153			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	231,238	\$	295,573	\$	303,429	\$	7,856	

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Law Library Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	 RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL UDGET	A	CTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES Charges for services Interest earned	\$ 30,000 2,000	\$ 30,000 5,000	\$	32,769 4,846	\$	2,769 (154)	
TOTAL REVENUES	 32,000	 35,000		37,615		2,615	
EXPENDITURES Current: Judicial	35,700	20,000		18,150		1,850	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	35,700	20,000		18,150		1,850	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,700)	15,000		19,465		4,465	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 273,282	273,282		273,282			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 269,582	\$ 288,282	\$	292,747	\$	4,465	

Animal Control Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	RIGINAL SUDGET	FINAL UDGET	A	CTUAL	PO	RIANCE SITIVE GATIVE)
REVENUES		• • • • • •	Φ.	21.162	Φ.	(5.400)
Charges for services Interest earned	\$ 26,350 200	\$ 26,600 450	\$	21,162 369	\$	(5,438)
Miscellaneous	2.000	27,600		32,356		(81) 4,756
Miscendicous	 2,000	 27,000		32,330		4,730
TOTAL REVENUES	 28,550	 54,650		53,887		(763)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public safety	 738,270	 744,870		678,869		66,001
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 738,270	744,870		678,869		66,001
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(709,720)	(690,220)		(624,982)		65,238
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from sale of capital assets	559,720 - -	559,720 (39,125)		559,720 (39,123) 525		2 525
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	559,720	520,595		521,122		527
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(150,000)	(169,625)		(103,860)		65,765
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	177,141	 177,141		177,141		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 27,141	\$ 7,516	\$	73,281	\$	65,765

Hotel/Motel Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	_	GINAL DGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES				440.000				
Taxes	\$	95,000 150	\$	110,000 150	\$	105,944 109	\$	(4,056)
Interest earned		130		130		109		(41)
TOTAL REVENUES		95,150		110,150		106,053		(4,097)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Housing and development		5,000		5,000		4,150		850
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,000		5,000		4,150		850
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		90,150		105,150		101,903		(3,247)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out		(90,150)		(105,150)		(101,903)		3,247
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		(90,150)		(105,150)		(101,903)		3,247
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR								
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	_

Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES Taxes Interest earned	\$ 1,293,120 8,000	\$ 1,333,490 23,410	\$ 1,383,007 11,995	\$ 49,517 (11,415)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,301,120	1,356,900	1,395,002	38,102
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public works	991,220	991,035	947,862	43,173
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	991,220	991,035	947,862	43,173
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	309,900	365,865	447,140	81,275
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(450,000)	(450,185)	(447,873)	2,312
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(450,000)	(450,185)	(447,873)	2,312
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(140,100)	(84,320)	(733)	83,587
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,235,345	1,235,345	1,235,345	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,095,245	\$ 1,151,025	\$ 1,234,612	\$ 83,587

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Emergency Management Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 28,895	\$ 39,395	\$ 39,503	\$ 108	
Interest earned	60	60	63	3	
TOTAL REVENUES	28,955	39,455	39,566	111_	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public safety	184,575	198,105	187,843	10,262	
•					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	184,575	198,105	187,843	10,262	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(155,620)	(158,650)	(148,277)	10,373	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	140,000	140,000	140,000	-	
Transfers out	(17,250)	(17,250)	(17,250)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	122,750	122,750	122,750		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(32,870)	(35,900)	(25,527)	10,373	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	53,274	53,274	53,274		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 20,404	\$ 17,374	\$ 27,747	\$ 10,373	

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Stadium Maintenance Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Interest earned	\$ 800	\$ 600	\$ 643	\$ 43
Miscellaneous	42,150	42,150	42,166	16
TOTAL REVENUES	42,950	42,750	42,809	59
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Culture and recreation	199,285	156,500	156,474	26
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	199,285	156,500	156,474	26
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(156,335)	(113,750)	(113,665)	85
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	100,000	100,000	100,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	100,000	100,000	100,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(56,335)	(13,750)	(13,665)	85
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	57,981	57,981	57,981	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,646	\$ 44,231	\$ 44,316	\$ 85

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Work Release Inmate Benefit Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	_	IGINAL UDGET		FINAL SUDGET	A	CTUAL	PO	RIANCE SITIVE GATIVE)
REVENUES Charges for services	\$	15,000	\$	17,500	\$	17,435	\$	(65)
Charges for services	φ	13,000	φ	17,300	φ	17,433	φ	(03)
TOTAL REVENUES		15,000		17,500		17,435		(65)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety		15,000		31,200		29,222		1,978
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		15,000		31,200		29,222		1,978
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(13,700)		(11,787)		1,913
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		19,848		19,848		19,848		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	19,848	\$	6,148	\$	8,061	\$	1,913

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

800 MHz Communications Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET			VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES Change for a providence	¢ 400.225	¢ 400.225	¢ 411.070	e 2.625	
Charges for services Intergovernmental	\$ 409,235	\$ 409,235 1.000	\$ 411,870 952	\$ 2,635 (48)	
Interest earned	1.000	1,000	1,740	740	
interest curied	1,000	1,000	1,740	740	
TOTAL REVENUES	410,235	411,235	414,562	3,327	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety	589,170	809,170	601,058	208,112	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	589,170	809,170	601,058	208,112	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(178,935)	(397,935)	(186,496)	211,439	
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	(12,065)	(12,065)	(12,064)	1	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(12,065)	(12,065)	(12,064)	1	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(191,000)	(410,000)	(198,560)	211,440	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	432,588	432,588	432,588		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 241,588	\$ 22,588	\$ 234,028	\$ 211,440	

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Rome/Floyd County Parks and Recreation Authority Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 40,760	\$ 11,240	\$ -	\$ (11,240)
Charges for services Interest earned	1,210,900 5,000	1,287,090 5,000	1,064,861 12,101	(222,229) 7,101
Miscellaneous	6,000	6,710	2,765	(3,945)
Wiscertaneous	0,000	0,710	2,703	(3,743)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,262,660	1,310,040	1,079,727	(230,313)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Culture and recreation	3,662,470	3,612,290	3,299,315	312,975
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,662,470	3,612,290	3,299,315	312,975
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,399,810)	(2,302,250)	(2,219,588)	82,662
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,869,640	1,938,550	1,934,309	(4,241)
Transfers out	-	(80,635)	(80,634)	1
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		6,325	6,322	(3)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,869,640	1,864,240	1,859,997	(4,243)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(530,170)	(438,010)	(359,591)	78,419
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	445,225	445,225	445,225	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ (84,945)	\$ 7,215	\$ 85,634	\$ 78,419

#### NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

The County's Non-major Capital Projects Funds are as follows:

2009 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund 2003 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund 1996 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund

Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2019

	Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax 2009	Lo	cial Purpose cal Option Sales Tax 2003	Lo	cial Purpose cal Option Sales Tax 1996	Total Jon-major oital Projects Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and equivalents	\$ -	\$	470,850	\$	780,223	\$ 1,251,073
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ -	\$	470,850	\$	780,223	\$ 1,251,073
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted:						
Capital construction	\$ -	\$	470,850	\$	780,223	\$ 1,251,073
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ -	\$	470,850	\$	780,223	\$ 1,251,073

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Loc	ial Purpose al Option ales Tax 2009	Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax 2003		Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax 1996		Total Non-major Capital Projects Funds	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	30,620	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,620
Interest earned		2,250		5,733		17,447		25,430
TOTAL REVENUES		32,870		5,733		17,447		56,050
EXPENDITURES Debt service:								
Principal		314,912		_		-		314,912
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		314,912						314,912
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(282,042)		5,733		17,447		(258,862)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		282,042		465,117		762,776		1,509,935
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	470,850	\$	780,223	\$	1,251,073

2009 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	_	RIGINAL UDGET	<u>I</u>	FINAL BUDGET	A	CTUAL	POS	CIANCE SITIVE SATIVE)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Interest earned	\$	57,105 3,375	\$	30,650 2,250	\$	30,620 2,250	\$	(30)
TOTAL REVENUES		60,480		32,900		32,870		(30)
EXPENDITURES Current: Debt service: Principal		279,325		314,915		314,912		3
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		279,325		314,915		314,912		3
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(218,845)		(282,015)		(282,042)		(27)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		282,042		282,042		282,042		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	63,197	\$	27	\$	_	\$	(27)

2003 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL FINAL BUDGET BUDGET			ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES								
Interest earned	\$	3,500	\$	6,000	\$	5,733	\$	(267)
TOTAL REVENUES		3,500		6,000		5,733		(267)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay:								
Public works		468,360		470,860		-		470,860
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		468,360		470,860				470,860
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(464,860)		(464,860)		5,733		470,593
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		465,117		465,117		465,117		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	257	\$	257	\$	470,850	\$	470,593

1996 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET ACTUAL			CTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES		·		_				
Interest earned	\$	12,000	\$	18,000	\$	17,447	\$	(553)
TOTAL REVENUES		12,000		18,000		17,447		(553)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay:								
Public safety		770,000		776,000				776,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		770,000		776,000				776,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(758,000)		(758,000)		17,447		775,447
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		762,776		762,776		762,776		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	4,776	\$	4,776	\$	780,223	\$	775,447

### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

To account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursed basis.

The County's Internal Service Funds are as follows:

Health Insurance Fund Workers' Compensation Fund

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2019

		Health nsurance Fund		Workers' ompensation Fund		Total
ASSETS	_		_		_	
Cash	\$	489,145	\$	-	\$	489,145
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		77,702		-		77,702
Due from other funds		443,700		-		443,700
Due from other governments		6,482		-		6,482
Prepaid items				180,118		180,118
TOTAL ASSETS		1,017,029		180,118		1,197,147
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		44,386		-		44,386
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes		2,088		-		2,088
Claims payable		970,555		1,300,207		2,270,762
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,017,029		1,300,207		2,317,236
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Unrestricted				(1,120,089)		(1,120,089)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$	_	\$	(1,120,089)	\$	(1,120,089)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Health Insurance Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 7,527,139	\$ -	\$ 7,527,139
Other services	30,000	1,817	31,817
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	7,557,139	1,817	7,558,956
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personal services and employee benefits	59,823	-	59,823
Claims	7,550,691	1,232,393	8,783,084
Other	653,912	224,689	878,601
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	8,264,426	1,457,082	9,721,508
OPERATING LOSS	(707,287)	(1,455,265)	(2,162,552)
NON-OPERATING INCOME Interest earned	16,859		16,859
TOTAL NON-OPERATING INCOME	16,859		16,859
NET LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS	(690,428)	(1,455,265)	(2,145,693)
Transfers out	(422,972)	_	(422,972)
Transfers in	443,700	831,419	1,275,119
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(669,700)	(623,846)	(1,293,546)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR	669,700	(496,243)	173,457
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ (1,120,089)	\$ (1,120,089)

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Health Insurance Fund	(	Workers' Compensation Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢	7.511.050	ф	1 017	¢.	7.512.676
Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees	\$	7,511,859 (59,649)	\$	1,817	\$	7,513,676 (59,649)
Payments to suppliers for services provided		(7,984,213)		(833,236)		(8,817,449)
NET CASH USED IN						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(532,003)		(831,419)		(1,363,422)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers to other funds		(422,972)		-		(422,972)
Transfers from other funds			(	831,419		831,419
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(422,972)		831,419		408,447
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received		16,859				16,859
NET CASH PROVIDED BY						
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		16,859		-		16,859
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(938,116)		-		(938,116)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,427,261				1,427,261
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -						
END OF YEAR	\$	489,145	\$		\$	489,145
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: (Increase) decrease:	\$	(707,287)	\$	(1,455,265)	\$	(2,162,552)
Receivables		(38,174)		_		(38,174)
Due from other governments		(6,482)		-		(6,482)
Prepaid items		-		23,170		23,170
Increase (decrease): Claims payable		205,550		803,964		1,009,514
Accounts payable		14,840		605,704		1,009,314
Accrued salaries		174		-		174
Due to other funds		-		(203,288)		(203,288)
Unearned revenue		(624)				(624)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(532,003)	\$	(831,419)	\$	(1,363,422)

#### **FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a fiduciary capacity.

The County's Fiduciary-Agency Funds are as follows:

Tax Commissioner
Superior Court Office of Receiver
Sheriff
Clerk of Superior Court
Magistrate Court
Juvenile Court
Probate Court

# Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds December 31, 2019

	Со	Tax mmissioner	C	erior Court Office of Acceiver	Sheriff	Clerk of Superior Court	agistrate Court	ivenile Court	_	robate Court	Total
ASSETS											
Cash	\$	1,814,306	\$	50,268	\$ 363,522	\$ 1,044,943	\$ 23,053	\$ 2,520	\$	22,846	\$ 3,321,458
Taxes receivable		7,037,004		=	=	-	-	-		-	7,037,004
Accounts receivable		_		-	4,017	 26,321	-	-		-	30,338
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,851,310	\$	50,268	\$ 367,539	\$ 1,071,264	\$ 23,053	\$ 2,520	\$	22,846	\$ 10,388,800
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Due to other governments											
and individuals	\$	8,851,310	\$	50,268	\$ 367,539	\$ 1,071,264	\$ 23,053	\$ 2,520	\$	22,846	\$ 10,388,800
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	8,851,310	\$	50,268	\$ 367,539	\$ 1,071,264	\$ 23,053	\$ 2,520	\$	22,846	\$ 10,388,800

## Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

TAX COMMISSIONER	Balance January 1, 2019			Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2019			
ASSETS Cash Taxes receivable	\$	1,956,198 6,194,347	\$	119,250,940 64,014,883	\$ 119,392,832 63,172,226	\$	1,814,306 7,037,004		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,150,545	\$	183,265,823	\$ 182,565,058	\$	8,851,310		
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments and individuals	\$	8,150,545	\$	183,265,823	\$ 182,565,058	\$	8,851,310		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	8,150,545	\$	183,265,823	\$ 182,565,058	\$	8,851,310		
SUPERIOR COURT OFFICE OF RECEIVER		Balance January 1, 2019				Deductions	Balance December 31, 2019		
ASSETS Cash	\$	28,021	\$	537,686	\$ 515,439	\$	50,268		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	28,021	\$	537,686	\$ 515,439	\$	50,268		
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments and individuals	\$	28,021	\$	537,686	\$ 515,439	\$	50,268		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	28,021	\$	537,686	\$ 515,439	\$	50,268		
<u>SHERIFF</u>	Balance January 1, 2019			Additions	Deductions		Balance mber 31, 2019		
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable	\$	273,382 3,049	\$	2,098,373 4,017	\$ 2,008,233 3,049	\$	363,522 4,017		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	276,431		2,102,390	\$ 2,011,282	\$	367,539		
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments and individuals	\$	276,431	\$	2,102,390	\$ 2,011,282	\$	367,539		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	276,431		2,102,390	\$ 2,011,282	\$	367,539		

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT	Balance January 1, 2019			Additions	D	<b>Deductions</b>	Balance December 31, 2019		
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable	\$	1,032,059 23,442	\$	5,671,640 26,321	\$	5,658,756 23,442	\$	1,044,943 26,321	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,055,501	\$	5,697,961	\$	5,682,198	\$	1,071,264	
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments and individuals	\$	1,055,501	\$	5,697,961	\$	5,682,198	\$	1,071,264	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,055,501	\$	5,697,961	\$	5,682,198	\$	1,071,264	
MAGISTRATE COURT		Balance uary 1, 2019		Additions	D	Deductions	Dece	Balance mber 31, 2019	
ASSETS Cash	\$	22,878	\$	707,241	\$	707,066	\$	23,053	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	22,878	\$	707,241	\$	707,066	\$	23,053	
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments and individuals	\$	22,878	\$	707,241	\$	707,066	\$	23,053	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	22,878	\$	707,241	\$	707,066	\$	23,053	
JUVENILE COURT		Balance uary 1, 2019		Additions	D	<b>D</b> eductions	Dece	Balance mber 31, 2019	
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable	\$	277 1,957	\$	29,454	\$	27,211 1,957	\$	2,520	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,234	\$	29,454	\$	29,168	\$	2,520	
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments and individuals	\$	2,234	\$	29,454	\$	29,168	\$	2,520	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,234	\$	29,454	\$	29,168	\$	2,520	

(Continued)

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

PROBATE COURT	_	alance ary 1, 2019	A	dditions	D	eductions	Balance December 31, 2019		
ASSETS Cash	\$	25,099	\$	972,194	\$	974,447	\$	22,846	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	25,099	\$	972,194	\$	974,447	\$	22,846	
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments and individuals	\$	25,099	\$	972,194	\$	974,447	\$	22,846	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	25,099	\$	972,194	\$	974,447	\$	22,846	

TOTAL	Balance January 1, 2019			Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2019		
ASSETS Cash Taxes receivable Accounts receivable	\$	3,337,914 6,194,347 28,448	\$	129,267,528 64,014,883 30,338	\$ 129,283,984 63,172,226 28,448	\$	3,321,458 7,037,004 30,338	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	9,560,709	\$	193,312,749	\$ 192,484,658	\$	10,388,800	
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments and individuals	\$	9,560,709	\$	193,312,749	\$ 192,484,658	\$	10,388,800	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	9,560,709	\$	193,312,749	\$ 192,484,658	\$	10,388,800	

### **SPECIAL REPORT**

The Special Report is applicable to the 1996, 2003, 2009, 2013, and 2017 Special 1 Percent Sales and Use Tax required by the State of Georgia.

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED	REVISED ESTIMATED	PRIOR	CURRENT		ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE OF
PROJECTS	COST	COST	YEARS	YEAR	TOTAL	COMPLETION
1996:						
Jail Expansion	\$ 20,298,378	\$ 20,439,500	\$ 20,439,437	\$ -	\$ 20,439,437	100%
Fire Stations	2,000,000	3,280,340	2,517,568	-	2,517,568	77%
Law Enforcement Center	10,760,000	10,832,230	10,832,221	-	10,832,221	100%
General and Administrative	494,000	160,630	90,840		90,840	
TOTAL 1996	33,552,378	34,712,700	33,880,066		33,880,066	
2003:						
Blacks Bluff Road Sewer Treatment Plant	8,170,000	8,160,000	8,160,000	_	8,160,000	100%
Old Dalton Road Sewer	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	100%
Cave Spring Sewer Plant	900,000	900,000	900,000	-	900,000	100%
New Health Department	9,500,000	8,765,000	8,764,365	-	8,764,365	100%
4th Ave & New Courthouses	2,000,000	2,670,300	2,670,261	-	2,670,261	100%
Burnett Ferry Road ROW	300,000	80,000	79,840	-	79,840	100%
Old Dalton Road ROW Chulio Road ROW	350,000 300,000	750,000	748,500 954,209	-	748,500 954,209	100% 68%
Resurfacing Projects	190,000	1,411,315 680,000	679,099	-	679,099	100%
North Floyd Park	1,150,000	1,400,000	1,399,919	-	1,399,919	100%
Midway Park	250,000	404,000	403,944	-	403,944	100%
Shannon Park	80,000	83,000	82,879	_	82,879	100%
Crane Street Park	110.000	94,380	94,376	_	94,376	100%
Parks Hoke Park	70,000	59,000	58,948	_	58,948	100%
Cave Spring Park	30,000	31,370	31,369	-	31,369	100%
General and Administrative	27,194	19,115	14,655	-	14,655	
Transfer to General Fund	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	
Transfer to Capital Projects		193,000	193,000		193,000	
TOTAL 2003	26,427,194	30,700,480	30,235,364		30,235,364	
2009:						
Economic Development	5,983,500	10,273,810	9,958,895	314,912	10,273,807	100%
Communications System	26,696,250	25,070,855	25,070,852	-	25,070,852	100%
Barron Stadium	3,369,000	3,992,880	3,992,877	-	3,992,877	100%
Northwest Georgia RDC Renovations/Construction Fire and Emergency Management	1,899,630	1,302,405	1,302,404	-	1,302,404	100%
Cave Spring Water	4,000,000 350,000	4,093,860 350,000	4,093,857 350,000	-	4,093,857 350,000	100% 100%
General and Administrative	330,000	17,145	17,142	-	17,142	100%
Transfer to General Fund		1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000	
TOTAL 2009	42,298,380	46,100,955	45,786,027	314,912	46,100,939	
2013:						
Airport Runway Extension	5,761,000	5,761,000	964,523	22,925	987,448	17%
Animal Control Facility	5,700,000	5,722,370	5,674,424	47,944	5,722,368	100%
County Case Management Software	500,000	500,000	60		60	0%
Rome/Floyd Recycling Center (4)	1,379,000	1,712,940	1,712,940	(77)	1,712,863	100%
County Public Safety Range/Special Ops	900,000	900,000	860,603	19	860,622	96%
County Building Improvements (5)	1,700,000	1,762,640	1,691,848	70,788	1,762,636	100%
Jail Improvements	1,900,000	1,904,500	1,904,492	-	1,904,492	100%
Jail Medical/Mental Health Facility Expansion	2,200,000	2,200,000	710,301	400,644	1,110,945	50%
Facility Upgrade - Forum (3)	1,400,000	1,507,895	1,507,895	104.751	1,507,895	99%
Everett Springs Water Line Extension  Pood Improvements - Barron Pd & Calboun Pd	5,800,000	5,800,000	5,688,773	104,751	5,793,524	100%
Road Improvements - Barron Rd & Calhoun Rd County Infrastructure	130,000 1,400,000	141,800 1,372,495	141,775 815,738	164,160	141,775 979,898	100% 71%
County Intrastructure County Public Works & Public Safety	1,400,000	1,372,495	815,/38 1,145,431	323,804	1,469,235	100%
Industrial Property	8,000,000	7,993,800	2,792,845	733,012	3,525,857	44%
Playground Improvements	1,100,000	1,100,000	982,597	6,795	989,392	90%
USTA Tennis Center (1)	11,400,000	11,439,270	11,424,695	14,571	11,439,266	100%
Jackson Hill/Tourism Development	200,000	250,960	245,883	5,075	250,958	100%
Trail Connectivity Expansion	1,800,000	1,800,000	358,621	294,637	653,258	36%
City Hall/Auditorium Modernization	1,700,000	2,102,320	2,102,319	-	2,102,319	100%
Downtown Visitor Information Center	50,000	50,000	50,000	-	50,000	100%
Fire Tankers, Trucks & Facility Upgrade	750,000	750,000	345,887	-	345,887	46%
City Police Training Facility Upgrade	396,000	397,500	397,338	-	397,338	100%
Unity Point/South Broad Bridge	1,800,000	1,325,585	-	-	-	0%
Burnett Ferry Road Improvements	2,721,000	2,721,000	2,504,739	-	2,504,739	100%
Chulio Hills Bus Back Entrance	800,000	800,000	188,244	412,421	600,665	75%
Countywide Sewer Improvements	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	100%
City Street Milling & Paving	500,000	500,000	500,000	427 029	500,000 2,692,177	100%
Historic 1848 Fannin Hall Rehabilitation Intergovernmental - City of Rome (2)	2,591,000	2,692,200	2,264,249 9,164,121	427,928 589,294	2,692,177 9,753,415	100%
General and Administrative	<del>-</del>	8,905	9,989		9,989	
TOTAL 2013	64,978,000	65,686,430	57,150,331	3,618,691	60,769,022	

FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA
Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Purpose
Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

PROJECTS	ORIGINAL STIMATED COST	REVISED STIMATED COST	PRIOR YEARS	C	CURRENT YEAR		TOTAL	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE OF COMPLETION
2017:								
Ag Center	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 8,000,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	0%
E911 Update/Upgrade/Renovation	257,000	257,000	-		-		-	0%
Prison Security Upgrade	2,705,000	2,705,000	-		-		-	0%
Historic Courthouse Renovation/Judicial Improvements	5,000,000	5,000,000	-		58,973		58,973	1%
Paving, Infrastructure, and Bridges	4,500,000	4,500,000	-		-		-	0%
Texas Valley Infrastructure Expansion	2,500,000	2,500,000	-		-		-	0%
Jail Medical Phase II/Infrastructure Improvements	5,200,000	5,200,000	-		-		-	0%
Capital Equipment/Vehicle Fund	3,400,000	3,400,000	-		304,882		304,882	9%
Public Works Facilities Buildings	2,450,000	2,450,000	-		-		-	0%
Airport Corporate Hangar Construction	899,210	899,210	-		-		-	0%
Floyd County Baseball Stadium Improvements	2,000,000	2,000,000	-		113,822		113,822	6%
Public Safety Technology Upgrades	415,170	415,170	-		25,855		25,855	6%
Recreation	2,026,600	2,026,600	-		-		-	0%
Real Estate and Infrastructure for Economic Development	3,110,000	3,110,000	-		-		-	0%
Silver Creek Trail Extension to Lindale	1,180,000	1,180,000	-		-		-	0%
Special Operations Equipment	248,200	248,200	-		17,250		17,250	7%
Blueways	3,639,500	3,639,500	-		-		-	0%
East Central Secondary Access	395,000	395,000	-		-		-	0%
Public Works and Infrastructure Improvements	5,000,000	5,000,000	-		28,074		28,074	1%
Public Safety Facility and Equipment Improvements	4,400,000	4,400,000	-		1,259,648		1,259,648	29%
North Broad Youth Center Recreation Renovations	600,000	600,000	-		_		-	0%
5th Avenue River District/Arts District	2,000,000	2,000,000	-		-		_	0%
Barron Stadium Improvements	825,000	825,000	-		249,000		249,000	30%
Water and Sewer System Improvements	1,750,000	1,750,000	-					0%
Sewerage System Improvements and Upgrades	1,281,000	1,281,000	-		85,158		85,158	7%
Administrative Fees	100,000	100,000	-		-			
Intergovernmental-City of Rome (2)			-		2,372,302		2,372,302	
Intergovernmental-City of Cave Spring (2)	 -	 	 -		149,733	_	149,733	
TOTAL 2017	 63,881,680	 63,881,680	 		4,664,697	_	4,664,697	
TOTAL 1996, 2003, 2009, 2013, and 2017	\$ 231,137,632	\$ 241,082,245	\$ 167,051,788	\$	8,598,300	\$	175,650,088	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The total amount spent on this project consists of \$139,028 in SPLOST Funds and \$11,285,667 in non-SPLOST sources (bond proceeds).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Intergovernmental represents the amount of SPLOST proceeds allocated to the City of Rome or City of Cave Spring that have not yet been spent on a particular SPLOST project.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  The amount spent on this project consists of \$1,286,343 in SPLOST funds and \$221,552 in non-SPLOST sources.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  The total amount of this project consists of \$1,388,940 in SPLOST funds and \$324,000 in non-SPLOST sources.

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  The total amount of this project consists of \$1,679,592 in SPLOST funds and \$12,256 in non-SPLOST sources.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Other Supplemental Information is used to present additional information for the component units.

Governmental Fund Types

Development Authority of Floyd County

# FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

# Balance Sheet

# Component Unit - Development Authority of Floyd County For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 430,836 366
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 431,202
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Due to primary government  Unearned revenue	\$ 87,889 6,000 1,521
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 95,410
FUND BALANCES Assigned: Housing and development	 335,792
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	335,792
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 431,202

# FLOYD COUNTY, GEORGIA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Component Unit - Development Authority of Floyd County For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 22,643
Intergovernmental	391,345
TOTAL REVENUES	413,988
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Housing and development	58,289
Debt Service:	
Principal	292,500
Interest	98,691
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	449,480
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(35,492)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	371,284
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 335,792

## STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Floyd County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

## Contents

## **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

## Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

## **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

## Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

## **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fisca	l Year					
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 193,986,604	\$ 214,821,279	\$ 229,093,940	\$ 229,521,596	\$ 217,952,095	\$ 206,226,336	\$ 207,531,815	\$ 199,101,236	\$ 195,055,820	\$ 179,054,257
Restricted	45,228,105	31,552,507	18,505,062	10,592,524	14,691,305	18,039,341	15,260,309	19,056,253	18,486,494	25,399,403
Unrestricted	17,184,745	7,726,334	17,181,971	9,150,526	9,559,048	9,194,462	11,416,844	6,848,594	4,847,441	311,942
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 256,399,454	\$ 254,100,120	\$ 264,780,973	\$ 249,264,646	\$ 242,202,448	\$ 233,460,139	\$ 234,208,968	\$ 225,006,083	\$ 218,389,755	\$ 204,765,602
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 28,911,250 5,996,051 2,177,634 \$ 37,084,935	\$ 31,172,664 4,184,513 3,203,599 \$ 38,560,776	\$ 41,874,243 3,074,502 4,701,393 \$ 49,650,138	\$ 42,484,410 3,718,365 4,212,911 (1) \$ 50,415,686	\$ 40,700,510 4,027,756 5,092,266 \$ 49,820,532	\$ 40,145,974 6,000,240 4,587,582 \$ 50,733,796	\$ 40,773,186 6,218,314 4,110,681 \$ 51,102,181	\$ 41,416,374 7,578,427 3,271,309 \$ 52,266,110	\$ 42,708,318 8,823,015 3,302,291 \$ 54,833,624	\$ 50,559,435 6,439,798 5,952,971 \$ 62,952,204
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	\$ 222,897,854 51,224,156 19,362,379 \$ 293,484,389	\$ 245,993,943 35,737,020 10,929,933 \$ 292,660,896	\$ 270,968,183 21,579,564 21,883,364 \$ 314,431,111	\$ 272,006,006 14,310,889 13,363,437 \$ 299,680,332	\$ 258,652,605 18,719,061 14,651,314 \$ 292,022,980	\$ 246,372,310 24,039,581 13,782,044 \$ 284,193,935	\$ 248,305,001 21,478,623 15,527,525 \$ 285,311,149	\$ 240,517,610 26,634,680 10,119,903 \$ 277,272,193	\$ 237,764,138 27,309,509 8,149,732 \$ 273,223,379	\$ 229,613,692 31,839,201 6,264,913 \$ 267,717,806
Restatement	-	-	-	-	(4,714,099) (	2) -	-	(856,210)	(3) -	_
Total primary government net position, restated	\$ 293,484,389	292,660,896	314,431,111	299,680,332	\$ 287,308,881	\$ 284,193,935	\$ 285,311,149	\$ 276,415,983	\$ 273,223,379	\$ 267,717,806

Note: The county began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

<sup>(1) -</sup> The 2012 information for the Business-type activities is restated to reflect the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus and Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*. The Richard B. Russell Airport is now reported as a proprietary fund of the County as it no longer meets the criteria to be reported as a discretely presented component unit.

<sup>(2) -</sup> The 2014 total primary government net position is restated to reflect the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

<sup>(3) -</sup> The 2017 total primary government net position is restated to reflect the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
	2010	2011	2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 9,534,638 \$	7,339,228 \$	8,565,430		\$ 10,737,061 \$	12,230,750	\$ 12,730,257	\$ 15,644,061	17,400,198	\$ 17,166,157	\$ 17,447,377
Judicial	5,688,404	5,911,656	5,728,558		5,953,004	5,988,214	6,211,575	6,574,387	6,912,853	7,059,371	7,357,766
Public safety	29,220,951	31,429,776	33,211,555		35,075,713	34,413,161	34,574,716	34,749,646	35,709,321	37,556,308	39,334,721
Public works	16,169,450	15,198,489	10,752,690		13,755,186	14,583,282	12,764,594	13,411,188	14,400,213	13,646,822	13,788,401
Health and welfare	1,761,492	1,944,332	1,866,257		1,349,815	1,365,557	1,281,600	906,226	1,030,667	990,112	1,050,588
Culture and recreation	8,154,602	7,392,537	4,481,156		4,039,411	4,419,707	9,143,830	5,585,150	6,375,352	5,199,560	9,784,526
Housing and development	2,675,108	4,869,790	4,008,113		1,256,820	622,828	784,035	1,855,325	2,056,485	1,483,771	1,441,672
Interest on long-term debt	1,151,089	633,104	460,440	_	371,698	346,764	293,242	328,874	320,647	316,085	344,546
Total governmental activities expenses	74,355,734	74,718,912	69,074,199	- '' -	72,538,708	73,970,263	77,783,849	79,054,857	84,205,736	83,418,186	90,549,597
Business-type activities:											
Water	6,225,460	6,166,178	6,216,290		6,122,487	6,253,251	5,349,812	5,458,927	5,420,261	5,642,649	6,172,506
Forum	972,475	910,977	857,060		870,031	891,516	858,863	902,492	976,341	1,059,208	1,289,972
Airport	-	-	2,230,967	(1)	1,987,902	1,969,085	1,708,711	1,573,542	1,610,649	1,610,534	1,516,716
Recycling	471,827	632,436	638,480		753,354	738,650	711,933	716,680	597,419	604,506	784,414
Total business-type activities expenses	7,669,762	7,709,591	9,942,797		9,733,774	9,852,502	8,629,319	8,651,641	8,604,670	8,916,897	9,763,608
Total primary government expenses	\$ 82,025,496 \$	82,428,503 \$	79,016,996	•	\$ 82,272,482 \$	83,822,765	\$ 86,413,168	\$ 87,706,498	92,810,406	\$ 92,335,083	\$100,313,205
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for service:											
General government	\$ 1,460,874 \$	1,601,384 \$	2,883,612		\$ 1,636,300 \$	2,188,823	\$ 2,288,557	\$ 2,102,438 5	3,423,364	\$ 2,371,672	\$ 2,468,015
Judicial	1,992,720	2,179,364	2,208,817		2,322,911	1,973,328	2,006,385	2,027,440	2,076,911	2,089,758	1,984,855
Public safety	3,561,008	3,983,379	3,792,313		3,941,184	4,398,315	4,097,490	3,953,287	4,321,317	4,787,707	4,996,773
Public works	123,476	130,181	125,356		131,586	129,055	123,124	116,388	16,391	13,894	10,328
Culture and recreation	· -	· -	_		-		1,530,864	1,351,181	1,279,555	1,207,389	1,064,861
Operating grants and contributions	4,022,530	4,118,086	4,600,735		4,269,925	3,715,912	3,554,865	4,853,360	4,156,955	4,366,166	4,639,102
Capital grants and contributions	2,471,664	3,262,970	6,696,262		1,025,250	2,087,637	2,190,024	3,538,830	1,464,956	1,696,693	2,763,236
Total governmental activities program revenues	13,632,272	15,275,364	20,307,095		13,327,156	14,493,070	15,791,309	17,942,924	15,739,449	16,533,279	17,927,170
Business-type activities:											
Charges for services:											
Water	6,954,639	6,910,420	6,790,145		6,708,077	6,800,009	6,909,075	7,176,235	6,985,603	7,101,290	7,866,532
Forum	363,912	289,097	249,571		259,203	249,004	263,935	160,128	77,784	85,545	118,974
Airport			1,697,081	(1)	1,244,581	1,171,996	1,000,499	924,645	1,201,058	1,119,545	1,144,148
Recycling	698,847	862,254	700,452	(-)	787,805	593,803	490,450	513,464	517,323	563,795	341,424
Operating grants and contributions	107,191	186,271	185,753		188,529	196,892	181,257	158,649	166,293	167,606	119,397
Capital grants and contributions	29,740	399,201	1,924,896		1,086,827	131,885	927,308	143,838	830,983	81,800	
Total business-type activities program revenues	8,154,329	8,647,243	11,547,898		10,275,022	9,143,589	9,772,524	9,076,959	9,779,044	9,119,581	9,590,475
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 21,786,601 \$	3 23,922,607 \$	31 854 993		\$ 23,602,178 \$	23 636 659	\$ 25,563,833	\$ 27,019,883 \$	\$ 25,518,493	\$ 25,652,860	\$ 27,517,645
20mm primary government program revenues	φ 21,700,001 φ		31,05-1,773		Ψ 25,002,170 ψ	23,030,037	÷ 20,000,000	Ψ 21,012,003 C	20,010,773	÷ 23,032,000	Ψ 21,011,0TJ

<sup>(1) -</sup> The 2012 information for the Business-type activities is restated to reflect the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus and Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*. The Richard B. Russell Airport is now reported as a proprietary fund of the County as it no longer meets the criteria to be reported as a discretely presented component unit.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year											
	2010	2011	2012		2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Net (Expense)/Revenue												
Governmental activities	\$ (60,356,613)	\$ (59,443,548)	\$ (48,767,104)		\$ (59,211,552)	\$ (59,477,193)		\$ (61,992,540)	\$ (61,111,933)	\$ (68,466,287)	\$ (66,884,907)	\$ (72,622,427)
Business-type activities	484,567	937,652	2,189,541	(1)	541,248	(708,913)	-	1,143,205	425,318	1,174,374	202,684	(173,133)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (59,872,046)	\$ (58,505,896)	\$ (46,577,563)		\$ (58,670,304)	\$ (60,186,106)		\$ (60,849,335)	\$ (60,686,615)	\$ (67,291,913)	\$ (66,682,223)	\$ (72,795,560)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position												
Governmental activities: Taxes												
Property taxes	\$ 29,446,335	\$ 29,574,307	\$ 29,469,843		\$ 31,541,497	\$ 30,427,858		\$ 32,911,665	\$ 34,753,540	\$ 32,476,318	\$ 35,219,895	\$ 36,988,985
Sales taxes	23,110,883	23,151,931	23,371,579		14,380,581	18,124,095		19,986,329	21,360,595	21,283,220	22,380,385	23,929,104
Hotel/motel tax	80,419	80,111	92,504		95,872	92,915		95,130	98,917	102,117	101,429	105,944
Insurance premium tax	2,602,995	2,459,991	2,628,049		2,731,434	2,882,170		3,086,354	3,271,192	3,497,174	3,788,565	4,061,734
Other taxes	1,278,783	1,234,254	1,331,456		1,337,085	1,322,388		1,370,371	1,442,459	1,475,895	1,402,046	1,478,891
Interest earned	161,033	69,162	69,392		59,813	57,498		63,142	75,768	129,430	209,128	251,709
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	_		_	-		-	25,831	_	-	· -
Miscellaneous	716,665	1,089,008	2,265,060		930,443	683,546		199,702	736,508	211,995	204,955	181,505
Transfers	(438,500)	(514,550)	317,500		(196,500)	20,881		251,637	95,952	87,253	(2,181,614)	(7,999,598)
Total governmental activities	56,958,613	57,144,214	59,545,383		50,880,225	53,611,351	-	57,964,330	61,860,762	59,263,402	61,124,789	58,998,274
Business-type activities												
Property taxes	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Hotel/motel	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Interest earned	33,821	23,639	28,866	(1)	25,028	17,486		21,696	39,019	76,808	171,828	235,918
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	100		2,772	46,140		-	-	-	11,388	56,197
Miscellaneous	-	-	-		-	71,014		-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	438,500	514,550	(317,500)		196,500	(20,881)	-	(251,637)	(95,952)	(87,253)	2,181,614	7,999,598
Total business-type activities	472,321	538,189	(288,534)		224,300	113,759	-	(229,941)	(56,933)	(10,445)	2,364,830	8,291,713
Total primary government	\$ 57,430,934	\$ 57,682,403	\$ 59,256,849		\$ 51,104,525	\$ 53,725,110		\$ 57,734,389	\$ 61,803,829	\$ 59,252,957	\$ 63,489,619	\$ 67,289,987
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (3,764,849) 956,888	\$ (2,299,334) 1,475,841	\$ 10,778,279 1,901,007	(1)	\$ (8,331,327) 765,548	\$ (5,865,842) (595,154)	_	\$ (4,028,210) 913,264	\$ 748,829 368,385	\$ (9,202,885) 1,163,929	\$ (5,760,118) 2,567,514	\$ (13,624,153) 8,118,580
Restatement for implementation of GASB 68	-	-	-		-	(4,714,099)		-	-	-	-	-
Total primary government, restated	\$ (2,807,961)	\$ (823,493)	\$ 12,679,286		\$ (7,565,779)	\$ (11,175,095)	(2)	\$ (3,114,946)	\$ 1,117,214	\$ (8,038,956)	\$ (3,192,604)	\$ (5,505,573)

Note: The County began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

<sup>(1) -</sup> The 2012 information for the Business-type activities is restated to reflect the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus and Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*. The Richard B. Russell Airport is now reported as a proprietary fund of the County as it no longer meets the criteria to be reported as a discretely presented component unit.

<sup>(2) -</sup> The 2014 total primary government change in net position is restated to reflect the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Floyd County, Georgia
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	l Ye	ar					
	 2010	2011	2012	20	013		2014	2015	2016	 2017	 2018	2019
General fund												
Reserved	\$ 1,689,294	\$ -	\$ - \$	;	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	12,216,863	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Non Spendable	-	321,264	277,721		521,380		289,172	730,821	576,613	637,277	682,939	749,720
Restricted	-	795,526	565,442		680,512		964,903	789,257	1,529,798	1,815,156	1,383,568	1,296,217
Assigned	-	-	-	1,	329,835		1,272,925	898,015	1,239,065	2,532,335	3,221,100	3,588,150
Unassigned	 -	12,103,668	14,441,827	11,	734,581		12,177,028	14,065,371	15,431,941	 13,222,440	 13,183,101	12,160,384
Total general fund	\$ 13,906,157	\$ 13,220,458	\$ 15,284,990 \$	14,	266,308	\$	14,704,028	\$ 16,483,464	\$ 18,777,417	\$ 18,207,208	\$ 18,470,708	\$ 17,794,471
All other governmental funds												
Reserved	\$ 13,467	\$ -	\$ - \$	;	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:												
Debt service funds	991,167	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Special revenue funds	5,548,269	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	45,160,882	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Non spendable	-	11,021	11,251		15,187		17,009	54,298	63,383	66,326	54,556	51,170
Restricted	-	30,757,046	17,939,620	9,	912,012		13,726,402	17,250,084	16,328,584	19,921,063	19,827,031	26,389,094
Committed	-	3,881,722	3,702,280	3,	533,094		3,795,619	4,337,335	5,158,212	5,089,630	5,620,391	6,083,668
Unassigned	 -	-	(33,442)	(	133,580)		-	-	-	 -	 -	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 51,713,785	\$ 34,649,789	\$ 21,619,709 \$	13,	326,713	\$	17,539,030	\$ 21,641,717	\$ 21,550,179	\$ 25,077,019	\$ 25,501,978	\$ 32,523,932

Floyd County, Georgia
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 56,183,938	\$ 56,444,651	\$ 57,144,667	\$ 48,871,457	\$ 52,970,527	\$ 57,340,849	\$ 61,140,623	\$ 59,390,207	\$ 63,046,211	\$ 66,437,139
Licenses and permits	192,211	198,645	198,957	194,674	206,428	237,556	217,493	220,878	228,130	236,383
Intergovernmental	6,527,971	5,918,024	7,958,874	5,017,915	5,770,341	5,165,696	5,681,412	5,368,176	5,819,743	6,848,271
Charges for services	5,749,716	6,515,787	7,661,725	6,605,150	6,843,937	8,080,285	7,677,468	8,139,587	8,388,943	8,486,007
Fines and forfeitures	1,082,433	1,179,876	1,149,416	1,272,934	1,107,715	1,114,349	1,141,423	1,194,599	1,197,289	1,130,940
Interest Income	161,033	133,450	124,437	86,405	71,450	89,121	119,957	200,583	395,043	591,007
Other Revenues	830,383	966,867	2,025,582	691,957	1,367,942	860,924	2,035,642	1,067,657	1,100,095	1,067,775
Total Revenues	70,727,685	71,357,300	76,263,658	62,740,492	68,338,340	72,888,780	78,014,018	75,581,687	80,175,454	84,797,522
Expenditures										
General government	7,321,543	7,438,072	7,115,323	7,302,898	7,389,428	7,377,211	8,007,328	7,889,083	8,376,190	8,539,114
Judicial	5,677,904	5,804,900	5,713,876	5,942,118	5,965,768	6,199,987	6,535,963	6,830,342	7,052,794	7,338,773
Public safety	27,520,614	28,185,536	28,722,331	29,108,427	29,850,239	30,035,119	31,380,673	32,276,779	33,472,976	35,758,897
Public works	5,551,060	5,872,942	6,758,693	6,365,311	5,231,279	5,311,905	5,435,251	5,483,305	5,610,107	5,760,800
Health and welfare	1,175,159	1,439,758	1,875,928	838,140	640,606	589,616	612,412	623,333	622,667	627,382
Culture and recreation	4,064,765	4,028,550	3,654,532	3,691,622	3,179,893	4,606,904	4,584,658	4,650,143	4,726,790	4,715,059
Housing and development	596,810	719,771	792,870	637,945	576,791	580,152	567,755	591,008	677,649	702,436
Capital outlay (1)	6,052,498	11,403,555	18,081,779	8,412,785	4,940,278	4,317,448	11,467,949	7,618,039	12,101,317	6,489,737
Debt service										
Principal	6,677,519	13,397,117	6,981,446	7,391,013	351,439	466,740	427,256	447,996	462,524	873,840
Interest	1,566,300	1,418,598	942,428	604,494	412,820	237,266	318,358	308,631	305,713	333,848
Bond issuance cost	190,880	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	8,008,243	8,582,144	6,395,952	1,262,709	4,376,626	6,767,608	6,199,804	5,422,231	5,679,465	5,887,842
Total Expenditures	74,403,295	88,290,943	87,035,158	71,557,462	62,915,167	66,489,956	75,537,407	72,140,890	79,088,192	77,027,728
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenu	ies									
over (under) Expenditures	(3,675,610)	(16,933,643)	(10,771,500)	(8,816,970)	5,423,173	6,398,824	2,476,611	3,440,797	1,087,262	7,769,794
Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	5,907,658	3,897,627	4,548,068	3,641,518	4,953,607	5,536,853	6,192,930	6,776,633	7,115,647	6,320,025
Transfers out	(6,677,792)	(4,766,058)	(4,828,746)	(4,552,891)	(5,748,861)	(6,079,304)	(6,512,482)	(7,260,799)	(7,531,741)	(7,775,740)
Bonds issued	20,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	1,638,591	-	-	-	3,200,000	-	-	-	-	-
Capital leases	-	-	-	-	(3,200,000)	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	27,928	52,379	86,630	67,440	22,118	25,750	45,356	-	17,291	31,638
Total Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)	20,896,385	(816,052)	(194,048)	(843,933)	(773,136)	(516,701)	(274,196)	(484,166)	(398,803)	(1,424,077)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 17,220,775	\$ (17,749,695)	\$ (10,965,548)	\$ (9,660,903)	\$ 4,650,037	\$ 5,882,123	\$ 2,202,415	\$ 2,956,631	\$ 688,459	\$ 6,345,717
Debt service as a percentage	120/	100/	110/	120/	10/	10/	10/	10/	10/	20/
of noncapital expenditures	12%	19%	11%	13%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%

<sup>(1) -</sup> Increase in capital outlay due to SPLOST projects.

Tax Revenue by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Motor Vehicles & Mobile Homes Tax	 Local Option Sales Tax		Special Purpose ocal Option Sales Tax	Alcoholic Beverage Excise Tax		Insurance Premium Tax		Other Taxes	Total Taxes
2010	\$ 26,314,760	\$ 2,005,621	\$ 8,345,136	\$	14,765,747	\$	396,795	\$	2,602,995	\$ 1,752,884	\$ 56,183,938
2011	26,910,842	2,533,908	8,355,803		14,796,128		387,457		2,459,991	1,000,522	56,444,651
2012	27,055,198	2,566,642	8,443,300		14,928,279		371,554		2,628,049	1,151,645	57,144,667
2013	26,864,217	3,349,727	7,574,599		6,805,982		332,241		2,731,434	1,213,256	48,871,456
2014	26,424,066	3,406,636	7,806,634		10,317,462		365,249		2,882,170	1,768,310	52,970,527
2015	28,565,045	3,416,869	7,205,245		12,781,085		376,680		3,086,354	1,909,571	57,340,849
2016	31,182,615	3,016,451	7,700,590		13,660,005		380,234		3,271,192	1,929,536	61,140,623
2017	29,348,591	3,097,527	7,688,562		13,594,658		376,916		3,497,174	1,786,779	59,390,207
2018	31,460,579	3,313,587	8,079,661		14,300,724		384,119		3,788,565	1,718,976	63,046,211
2019	32,389,839	3,878,965	8,643,872		15,285,232		383,471		4,061,734	1,794,026	66,437,139

Floyd County, Georgia

## Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real and Personal	Public Utilities	Motor Vehicles/ Mobile Homes	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2010	\$ 2,573,668,364	\$364,629,124	\$ 220,011,639	\$ (334,256,797)	\$ 2,824,052,330	29.938	\$ 7,060,130,826	40%
2011	2,543,636,292	358,871,851	218,361,076	(320,299,000)	2,800,570,219	29.938	7,001,425,548	40%
2012	2,500,854,725	385,200,848	222,376,129	(309,723,544)	2,798,708,158	29.888	6,996,770,396	40%
2013	2,471,675,614	379,379,875	233,381,012	(300,871,383)	2,783,565,118	29.838	6,958,912,795	40%
2014	2,521,982,198	376,212,104	202,397,803	(312,768,235)	2,787,823,870	29.779	6,969,559,675	40%
2015	2,574,135,107	382,090,695	150,418,043	(326,437,128)	2,780,206,717	30.563	6,950,516,793	40%
2016	2,606,032,592	391,232,577	118,181,171	(335,903,096)	2,779,543,244	30.513	6,948,858,110	40%
2017	2,686,711,780	391,232,577	93,978,664	(280,324,333)	2,891,598,688	30.148	7,228,996,720	40%
2018	2,829,401,636	389,712,574	74,756,169	(362,962,048)	2,930,908,331	30.086	7,327,270,828	40%
2019	2,973,030,158	398,903,676	62,976,295	(429,594,338)	3,005,315,791	30.036	7,513,289,478	40%

Source: Tax Digest

Floyd County, Georgia
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments
Per \$1,000 Assessed Value
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			City of	Rome			
Fiscal	Cou General	nty Special Revenue	General	Debt Service			
Year	Fund	Funds	Fund	Fund	City	State	Total
2010	8.767	_		-	26.150	0.25	35.167
2011	8.767	_	_	-	26.150	0.25	35.167
2012	8.767	-	-	-	26.150	0.20	35.117
2013	8.767	-	-	-	26.150	0.15	35.067
2014	8.767	-	-	-	26.150	0.10	35.017
2015	9.600	-	-	-	26.136	0.05	35.786
2016	9.600	-	-	-	27.536	0.00	37.136
2017	9.487	-	-	-	27.536	0.00	37.023
2018	9.480	-	-	-	27.536	0.00	37.016
2019	9.480	-	-	-	27.536	0.00	37.016
			City of Ca	ve Spring			
	Cou	inty Special	<b>County Sch</b>	ool District Debt			
Fiscal	General	Revenue	General	Service			
Year	Fund	Funds	Fund	Fund	City	State	Total
2010	8.767	_	18.588	-	-	0.25	27.605
2011	8.767	-	18.588	-	-	0.25	27.605
2012	8.767	-	18.588	-	-	0.20	27.555
2013	8.767	-	18.588	-	-	0.15	27.505
2014	8.767	-	18.580	-	-	0.10	27.447
2015	9.600	-	18.580	-	-	0.05	28.230
2016	9.600	-	18.580	-	-	0.00	28.180
2017	9.487	-	18.355	-	-	0.00	27.842
2018	9.480	-	18.300	-	-	0.00	27.780
2019	9.480	-	18.250	- T•	- 1\	0.00	27.730
	Com		oyd County (U	-	eu)		
	Cou	Special	County Sch	Debt			
Fiscal	General	Revenue	General	Service			_
Year	Fund	Funds	Fund	Fund	City	State	Total
2010	8.767	2.333	18.588	-	-	0.25	29.938
2011	8.767	2.333	18.588	-	-	0.25	29.938
2012	8.767	2.333	18.588	-	-	0.20	29.888
2013	8.767	2.333	18.588	-	-	0.15	29.838
2014	8.767	2.332	18.580	-	-	0.10	29.779
2015	9.600	2.333	18.580	-	-	0.05	30.563
2016	9.600	2.333	18.580	-	-	0.00	30.513
2017	9.487	2.306	18.355	-	-	0.00	30.148
2018	9.480	2.306	18.300	-	-	0.00	30.086
2019	9.480	2.306	18.250	-	-	0.00	30.036

# Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

			2019				2010	
		Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total Assessed Value		Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total Assessed Value
Georgia Power	\$	247,731,833	1	8.24%	\$	174,146,683	1	6.17%
Oglethorpe Power	Ψ	107,461,672	2	3.58%	Ψ	115,792,499	2	4.10%
International Paper (Temple Inland)		59,569,239	3	1.98%		71,533,623	3	2.53%
Pirelli Tire LLC		34,225,632	4	1.14%		, 1,000,020		2.0070
Ball Container LLC (Metal Container)		27,726,803	5	0.92%		30,128,978	4	1.07%
Southeastern Mills Inc.		23,063,362	6	0.77%		17,009,144	8	0.60%
Norfolk Southern Corp.		19,841,368	7	0.66%		16,591,837	9	0.59%
Keebler Company		19,514,769	8	0.65%				
Berry Schools		19,236,511	9	0.64%		17,105,208	7	0.61%
Redmond Regional Medical Center		18,120,648	10	0.60%		29,497,917	5	1.04%
Larry C. Martin						20,827,044	6	0.74%
Bekaert Steel Wire Corporation					<u> </u>	16,261,342	10	0.58%
	\$	576,491,837		19.18%	\$	508,894,275		18.02%

# Property Tax Levies and Collections

## Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected v Fiscal Year		C	Collections	Total Collections to Date				
Ended Dec-31	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy			
2010	\$ 28,816,392	\$ 24,323,456	84.41%	\$	4,490,055	\$ 28,813,511	99.99%			
2011	26,362,044	24,607,695	93.35%		1,749,077	26,356,772	99.98%			
2012	26,414,350	24,663,134	93.37%		1,745,933	26,409,067	99.98%			
2013	25,989,578	24,713,222	95.09%		1,265,960	25,979,182	99.96%			
2014	26,343,618	24,900,593	94.52%		1,432,487	26,333,080	99.96%			
2015	29,964,361	26,805,681	89.46%		3,143,698	29,949,379	99.95%			
2016	35,291,916	28,383,243	80.42%		6,876,910	35,260,153	99.91%			
2017	29,920,667	27,859,994	93.11%		1,910,279	29,770,273	99.50%			
2018	30,830,222	28,723,547	93.17%		1,493,257	30,216,804	98.01%			
2019	31,932,636	29,358,093	91.94%		2,436,317	31,794,410	99.57%			

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Gove	ernm	ental Activities		Busin	ness-Type Activ	ities					
Fiscal Year	G.O. Bonds	COPS	In	tergovernmental Agreements	apital Leases/ nnced Purchases	Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Leases		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income <sup>1</sup>		Per pita¹
2010	\$ 26,800,000	\$ 2,777,000	\$	-	\$ 4,857,363	\$ 9,220,000	\$1,085,431	\$	-	\$ 44,739,794	1.44%		465
2011	13,715,000	2,777,000		-	4,661,481	8,110,000	1,009,025		-	30,272,506	0.94%		315
2012	7,055,000	2,777,000		-	4,461,712	6,975,000	929,350		-	22,198,062	0.67%		231
2013	-	2,777,000		6,835,000	4,248,972	5,761,248	846,261		-	20,468,481	0.66%		214
2014	-	2,777,000		6,480,000	4,296,232	5,421,995	2,475,975		-	21,451,202	0.66%		223
2015	-	2,777,000		6,115,000	4,019,270	5,193,772	3,515,995		-	21,621,037	0.64%		225
2016	-	2,777,000		5,590,000	3,760,391	4,961,334	3,249,964		-	20,338,689	0.58%		211
2017	-	2,777,000		5,050,000	3,489,484	4,634,963	3,186,121	(	532,275	19,769,843	0.55%		205
2018	-	2,777,000		4,490,000	3,208,840	4,298,423	3,227,231	(	605,072	18,606,566	0.49%		192
2019	-	2,777,000		3,905,000	2,920,000	3,023,098	2,665,399	(	580,820	15,971,317	0.41%	*	162 *

**Notes:** Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimate

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 G.O. Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Actual Value of Property	Per Capita¹	Population		Actual Property Value
2010	\$ 26,800,000	\$ 26,800,000	0.38%	278	96,317	\$	7,060,130,826
2011	13,715,000	13,715,000	0.20%	143	95,989		7,001,425,548
2012	7,055,000	7,055,000	0.10%	73	95,995		6,996,770,396
2013	-	-	0.00%	-	95,821		6,958,912,795
2014	-	-	0.00%	-	96,063		6,969,559,675
2015	-	-	0.00%	-	96,169		6,950,516,793
2016	-	-	0.00%	-	96,560		6,948,858,110
2017	-	-	0.00%	-	96,471		7,228,996,720
2018	-	-	0.00%	-	96,824		7,327,270,828
2019	-	-	0.00%	_ *	98,498	*	7,513,289,478

**Notes:** Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

<sup>\*</sup>Estimates

## Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

					TO						
					Fiscal Year	<u>r</u>					
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Debt limit	\$	315,881,109 \$	312,086,922 \$	310,843,170 \$	308,443,650 \$	310,059,211 \$	310,664,385 \$	311,544,634 \$	317,192,302 \$	329,387,038 \$	343,491,013
Total net debt applicable to limit		26,800,000	13,715,000	7,055,000	6,835,000	6,480,000	6,115,000	5,590,000	5,050,000	4,490,000	3,905,000
Legal debt margin	\$	289,081,109 \$	298,371,922 \$	303,788,170 \$	301,608,650 \$	303,579,211 \$	304,549,385 \$	305,954,634 \$	312,142,302 \$	324,897,038 \$	339,586,013
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a % of debt limit		8.48%	4.39%	2.27%	2.22%	2.09%	1.97%	1.79%	1.59%	1.36%	1.14%_
							As Ad	gal Debt Margin Cal sessed value d back exempt real pro tal assessed value			3,005,315,791 429,594,338 3,434,910,129
	Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:									343,491,013	
								General obligation bor Development Authori Less: Amount set asid	ty bonds le for repayment of		3,905,000
								general obligation d			_
								Total net debt applical	ble to limit	<del></del>	3,905,000
							Le	gal debt margin		_\$	339,586,013

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds December 31, 2019

Jurisdiction	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Government	Amount Applicable to Government
Direct:			
Certificates of Participation	\$ 2,777,000	100%	\$ 2,777,000
Financed Purchases	2,920,000	100%	2,920,000
Intergovernmental Contracts			
Economic Development	3,905,000	100%	3,905,000
Total Direct Debt	9,602,000		9,602,000
Overlapping:			
Floyd County School District:			
General Obligation Bonds	33,505,000	100%	33,505,000
City of Rome:			
Capital Leases	4,527,000	38%	1,720,260
City of Cave Spring:			
Capital Leases	5,705	1%	57
Total Overlapping Debt	38,037,705		35,225,317
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 47,639,705		\$ 44,827,317

Note: Percentage applicable to government is based upon population percentage for Overlapping Section. Percentage for Intergovernmental Contracts is computed based on the amount of debt directly payable by Floyd County vs. all intergovernmental debt.

Pledged Revenue Coverage Water System Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years

## **Water Revenue Bonds**

Fiscal	Operating	(1) Direct Operating	Net Revenue Available For Debt		Debt Se	rvice Requir	ements	Times
Year	Revenue	Expenses	Service		Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2010	\$ 6,954,639	\$ 4,363,193	\$	2,591,446	\$ 1,185,000	\$ 193,853	\$ 1,378,853	1.88
2011	6,910,420	4,251,064		2,659,356	1,110,000	268,167	1,378,167	1.93
2012	6,790,145	4,319,480		2,470,665	1,135,000	231,807	1,366,807	1.81
2013	6,708,077	4,273,583		2,434,494	1,180,000	193,007	1,373,007	1.77
2014	6,800,009	4,433,207		2,366,802	340,000	158,095	498,095	4.75
2015	6,909,075	3,572,562		3,336,513	230,000	151,080	381,080	8.76
2016	7,176,235	3,801,279		3,374,956	235,000	145,636	380,636	8.87
2017	6,985,603	3,703,773		3,281,830	330,000	138,694	468,694	7.00
2018	7,101,290	4,028,233		3,073,057	340,000	143,053	483,053	6.36
2019 (2)	7,815,589	4,378,225		3,437,364	55,000	138,916	193,916	17.73

## **NOTE:**

- (1) Direct operating expenses excludes depreciation
- (2) The 2010 Water Revenue bonds were refinanced in 2019 with a portion of the outstanding bonds being paid with cash on hand. This resulted in a smaller amount of principal being due during FY 2019 resulting in a significant change in bond coverage for FY 2019.

Top Ten Water Customers For Fiscal Year 2019

		% of		% of
	Gallons	Total		Total
	Used	Gallons	 Amount	Billed
International Paper	72,876,000	5.2%	\$ 227,306	3.3%
Marglen Industries	55,291,000	4.0%	172,507	2.5%
Ball Container LLC	52,739,000	3.8%	164,545	2.4%
Floyd County BOE	27,169,000	2.0%	87,005	1.3%
Stone Bridge Golf Course	26,810,000	1.9%	37,265	0.5%
US Biofuels	19,431,000	1.4%	60,624	0.9%
Georgia Pacific	18,489,000	1.3%	57,685	0.8%
Swan Lake Mobile Home	12,908,000	0.9%	40,272	0.6%
Pirelli Tire North America	11,601,000	0.8%	36,195	0.5%
F and P Georgia Manufacturing	11,065,000	0.8%	34,522	0.5%
	308,379,000	22.2%	\$ 917,926	13.5%

Water Demand Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Average	Maximum
<b>Fiscal</b>	Daily	Daily
Year	Demand	Demand
2010	4.946 MGD	5.648 MGD
2011	5.248 MGD	6.492 MGD
2012	4.056 MGD	5.601 MGD
2013	4.373 MGD	4.880 MGD
2014	4.635 MGD	5.273 MGD
2015	3.653 MGD	4.389 MGD
2016	3.858 MGD	4.706 MGD
2017	3.552 MGD	4.500 MGD
2018	5.010 MGD	5.612 MGD
2019	5.252 MGD	6.000 MGD

Water Customers Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Number	Number	%
<b>Fiscal</b>	of	Increase	Increase
Year	Customers	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
2010	15,840	(8)	-0.1%
2011	15,566	(274)	-1.7%
2012	15,627	61	0.4%
2013	15,608	(19)	-0.1%
2014	15,769	161	1.0%
2015	15,803	34	0.2%
2016	16,024	221	1.4%
2017	15,879	(145)	-0.9%
2018	16,573	694	4.4%
2019	16,677	104	0.6%

Water Rates and Fees Last Ten Fiscal Years

Size	1/1/10	6/1/11	1/1/12	1/1/13	1/1/14	1/1/15	1/1/16	1/1/17	1/1/18	1/1/19	1/1/10	6/1/11	1/1/12	4/1/13	1/1/14	1/1/15	1/1/16	1/1/17	1/1/18	1/1/19
5/8 inch	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,600	\$1,600	\$1,600	\$ 14.00	\$ 14.42	\$ 14.42	\$ 14.85	\$ 14.85	\$ 14.85	\$ 14.85	\$ 14.85	\$ 14.85	\$ 14.85
1 inch	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	18.06	18.06	18.06	18.60	18.60	18.60	18.60	18.60	18.60	18.60
1 1/2 inch	ACTUAL C	OST OF INS	STALLATIO	ON							26.50	32.59	32.59	33.56	33.56	33.56	33.56	33.56	33.56	33.56
2 inch	ACTUAL C	OST OF INS	STALLATIO	ON							42.97	52.85	52.85	54.43	54.43	54.43	54.43	54.43	54.43	54.43
3 inch	ACTUAL C	OST OF INS	STALLATIO	ON							77.88	95.79	95.79	98.66	98.66	98.66	98.66	98.66	98.66	98.66
4 inch	ACTUAL C	OST OF INS	STALLATIO	ON							128.97	158.63	158.63	163.38	163.38	163.38	163.38	163.38	163.38	163.38
6 inch	ACTUAL C	OST OF INS	STALLATIO	ON							249.75	307.19	307.19	316.40	316.40	316.40	316.40	316.40	316.40	316.40
8 inch	ACTUAL C	OST OF INS	STALLATIO	ON							444.96	547.30	547.30	563.71	563.71	563.71	563.71	563.71	563.71	563.71
10 inch	ACTUAL C	OST OF INS	STALLATIO	ON							640.28	787.53	787.53	811.15	811.15	811.15	811.15	811.15	811.15	811.15

### Deposit

Size	1/1/10	6/1	/11	1/1	/12	1/	1/13	1/	1/14	1/	/1/15	1/	1/16	1/1/2017		1/1/2018		1/1/2019	
5/8 inch	\$ 100	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100
3/4 inch																			
1 inch	100		100		100		100		100		100		100		100		100		100
1 1/2 inch	170		170		170		170		170		170		170		170		170		170
2 inch	275		275		275		275		275		275		275		275		275		275
3 inch	550		550		550		550		550		550		550		550		550		550
4 inch	825		825		825		825		825		825		825		825		825		825
6 inch	1,000	1	,000	1	,000		1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000
8 inch	1,175	1	,175	1	,175		1,175		1,175		1,175		1,175		1,175		1,175		1,175
10 inch	1,350	1	,350	1	,350		1,350		1,350		1,350		1,350		1,350		1,350		1,350

		Rate Structure ch	anged to promote wate	er conservation			
	Effective 1	1/1/2009		Effective 7/1/2009	Effective 04/01/13		
_	5/8" & 3/4"		5/8" & 3/4"	5/8" & 3/4"	5/8" & 3/4"	5/8" & 3/4"	
0 - 2,999 gallons	\$4.26	0 - 2,999 gallons	\$4.26	0 - 2,999 gallons	\$4.26	0 - 2,999 gallons	
3,000 - 25,999 gallons	3.49	3,000 gallons and above	3.55	3,000 gallons and above	3.75	3,000 gallons and above	
26,000 gallons and above	3.00						
	1" and Above		1" & 1 1/2"	1" & 1 1/2"	1" & 1 1/2"	1" & 1 1/2"	
0 - 2,999 gallons	\$4.26	flat per 1,000 gallons	\$3.55	flat per 1,000 gallons	\$3.75	flat per 1,000 gallons	
3,000 - 25,999 gallons	3.49						
26,000 - 99,000 gallons	2.75		2" and above	2" and above	2" and above	2" and above	
100,000 gallons and above	2.52	flat per 1,000 gallons	\$2.95	flat per 1,000 gallons	\$3.12	flat per 1,000 gallons	

	RATES											
•	06/01/11	01/01/12	04/01/13	01/01/14	01/01/15	01/01/16	01/01/17	1/1/2018	1/1/2019			
5/8" & 3/4"												
0 - 2,999 gallons	\$4.26	\$4.26	\$4.26	\$4.26	\$4.26	\$4.26	\$4.26	\$4.26	\$4.26			
3,000 gallons and above	\$3.65	\$3.65	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$3.75			
1" & 1 1/2"												
flat per 1,000 gallons	\$3.65	\$3.65	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$3.75			
2" and above												
flat per 1,000 gallons	\$3.03	\$3.03	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$3.12			

### Penalty and Enforcement Practices

After the due date, the County imposes a 10% penalty on all unpaid bills. Disconnection of service occurs with respect to any bill that is 30 days past due. A reconnection fee of \$50.00 is charged to resume service.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Per			
			Personal	(	Capita			
Fiscal Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	(in	Income thousands) <sup>2</sup>	Personal Income <sup>2</sup>		Median Age <sup>1</sup>	School Enrollment <sup>3</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>4</sup>
2010	96,317	\$	3,103,016	\$	32,195	38	10,059	11.0%
2011	95,989		3,204,150		33,322	38	10,392	10.4%
2012	95,995		3,292,123		34,230	37	10,392	8.9%
2013	95,821		3,115,810		32,448	38	10,392	7.7%
2014	96,063		3,237,764		33,705	38	10,292	6.9%
2015	96,169		3,382,875		35,054	38	9,954	5.9%
2016	96,560		3,521,545		36,470	38	9,578	5.6%
2017	96,471		3,609,243		37,413	38	9,391	4.5%
2018	96,824		3,772,493		38,524	38	9,333	4.4%
2019	98,498	*	3,856,118	*	39,149 *	38	9,216	3.7%

## **Data sources**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>US Bureau of Census

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Floyd County Board of Education

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Georgia Department of Labor

<sup>\*</sup>Estimates

Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2019			2010	
Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	% of Total County Employment
Floyd Medical Center	3,380	1	7.5%	2,324	1	5.3%
Redmond Regional Medical Center	1,375	2	3.1%	1,200	3	2.7%
Floyd County Schools	1,331	3	3.0%	1,600	2	3.6%
Harbin Clinic	1,300	4	2.9%	1,134	4	2.6%
Rome City Schools	852	5	1.9%	757	6	1.7%
Lowe's RDC	850	6	1.9%			
Floyd County Government	711	7	1.6%	700	7	1.6%
Georgia Northwestern Tech. College	692	8	1.5%			
City of Rome	650	9	1.4%	649	8	1.5%
Walmart	601	10	1.3%			
Kellogg				558	10	1.3%
Berry College				578	9	1.3%
Mohawk Industries				1,174	5	2.7%
Total	11,742	•	26.1%	10,674		24.3%

Sources: Chamber of Commerce and Georgia Department of Labor

Floyd County, Georgia
Full-time-Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

# Full-time Employees as of December 31

Function/Program				1	•					
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government:	172	173	166	168	171	186	203	204	206	289
Public Safety:										
Police & Sheriff										
Officers	214	212	201	200	201	218	215	237	229	201
Civilians	58	54	52	46	48	49	59	46	48	39
Corrections	68	73	74	72	74	79	80	75	84	69
Water	39	36	36	36	35	37	36	34	32	31
Engineering	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3
Maintenance	78	78	72	64	71	80	80	69	75	74
Airport	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Total	637	634	609	595	609	658	682	674	682	711

Source: Human Resources Department.

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

## Fiscal Year

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Police										
Citations	7,515	9,187	9,750	8,521	7,868	6,540	6,399	5,809	7,607	7,670
Parking violations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fire										
Calls answered	4,310	4,604	4,483	4,630	5,061	5,290	6,313	6,954	6,812	6,760
Emergency medical calls	1,253	1,181	1,178	1,362	1,499	1,766	2,469	2,761	2,292	2,925
Inspections	1,045	1,206	1,915	2,942	1,352	1,361	2,202	2,032	1,398	1,015
Highways and streets										
Street resurfacing (miles)	4	10	23	19	24	13	11	17	18	23

Sources: Various county and city departments.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

## Fiscal Year

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total vehicles	80	75	78	78	77	77	76	75	72	72
Patrol zones	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Fire Stations	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	733	735	738	741	742	743	741	741	741	741
Culture and Recreation										
Number of parks	29	29	29	29	29	21	21	21	21	21
Park acreage	871	871	871	871	871	782	782	782	782	782
Playgrounds	28	21	21	21	21	19	22	22	22	22
Recreation centers	16	17	17	17	17	10	10	6	6	6
Baseball/softball diamonds	41	41	41	41	41	41	43	43	43	40
Soccer/football fields	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	12
Tennis courts	49	49	47	47	47	31	32	31	32	32

Sources: Various county and city departments.

# Insurance in Force

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Property Coverage: Buildings, contents, EDP, mobile equipment, and other assets	\$ 259,323,037
Automobile Liability-All (General and Water System): Bodily injury per person per occurrence Bodily injury per occurrence	1,000,000 1,000,000
Property damage per occurrence	1,000,000
Airport Liability:	
Products-Completed operations aggregate limit	3,000,000
Hangar keepers liability (per aircraft/ per occurrence)	500,000/ 1,000,000
Comprehensive General Liability:	
Per occurrence limit	1,000,000
Law Enforcement Liability:	
Per occurrence limit	1,000,000
Public officials Errors and Omissions Liability: Per wrongful act/ aggregate	1,000,000/ 3,000,000
Crime coverage:  Blanket employee dishonesty and faithful performance (per employee)  Statutory bonds	50,000 As required/various limits

# Miscellaneous Statistical Information

Floyd County was created by Legislative Act in 1832.	
Form of Government-Board of Commissioners consisting of five members.	
Area-Square Miles	514
Building Permits:  Issued	288
Building Permits:  Issued	2

Registered Voters 55,845

\$70,765,500

**Estimated Cost**